Understanding the Difference

		Image: A state of the	
	Surgical Mask	N95 Respirator	Elastomeric Half Facepiece Respirator
Testing and Approval	Cleared by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)	Evaluated, tested, and approved by NIOSH as per the requirements in <i>42 CFR Part 84</i> *	Evaluated, tested, and approved by NIOSH as per the requirements in 42 CFR Part 84
Intended Use and Purpose	Fluid resistant and provides the wearer protection against large droplets, splashes, or sprays of bodily or other hazardous fluids. Protects the patient from the wearer's respiratory emissions.	Reduces wearer's exposure to particles including small particle aerosols and large droplets (only non-oil aerosols)	Reusable device made of synthetic or rubber material
Face Seal Fit	Loose-fitting	Tight-fitting	Tight-fitting
Fit Testing Requirement	No	Yes	Yes
Designed for Reuse	No	No	Yes
User Seal Check	No	Yes. Required each time the respirator is donned (put on)	Yes. Required each time the respirator is donned (put on)
Filtration	Does NOT provide the wearer with a reliable level of protection from inhaling smaller airborne particles and is not considered respiratory protection	Filters out at least 95% of airborne particles including large and small particles	May be equipped with filters that block 95%, 99%, or 100% of very small particulates. Also may be equipped to protect against vapors/gases.
Leakage	Leakage occurs around the edge of the mask when user inhales	When properly fitted and donned, minimal leakage occurs around edges of the respirator when user inhales	When properly fitted and donned, minimal leakage occurs around edges of the respirator when user inhales
Use Limitations	Disposable. Discard after each	Ideally should be discarded after	Reusable and must be cleaned/

patient encounter.each patient encounter and after
aerosol-generating procedures.disim
each
lt should also be discarded
when it becomes damaged
or deformed; no longer forms
an effective seal to the face;
becomes wet or visibly dirty;
breathing becomes difficult;
or if it becomes contaminated
with blood, respiratory or nasal
secretions, or other bodily fluids.

disinfected and stored between each patient interaction

*As of July 2, 2018, NIOSH evaluates N95 FFRs intended for use in healthcare for biocompatibility, flammability, and fluid resistance to ensure conformity to relevant standards during the approval process. These tasks were previously performed by the FDA.

Resources:

Hospital Respiratory Protection Program Toolkit, http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/docs/2015-117/pdfs/2015-117.pdf Implementing Hospital Respiratory Protection Programs: Strategies from the Field, https://www.jointcommission.org/assets/1/18/Implementing_Hospital_RPP_2-19-15.pdf



U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health This information provides clarification regarding respirator and mask use in workplaces in which employees are exposed to respiratory hazards, it is not specific for the COVID-19 pandemic.