

NCHS Response to Health Policy Data Requests 2016

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NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 1. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2010 full year	18.2 (0.30)	61.2 (0.50)	...	22.0 (0.38)
Quarter 1	17.5 (0.53)	62.6 (0.99)	...	21.2 (0.71)
Quarter 2	19.2 (0.74)	60.9 (0.92)	...	21.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.50)	60.6 (0.83)	...	22.0 (0.64)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.49)	60.6 (0.89)	...	23.5 (0.68)
2011 full year	17.3 (0.29)	61.2 (0.51)	...	23.0 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.4 (0.49)	61.3 (0.89)	...	22.7 (0.67)
Quarter 2	17.4 (0.48)	61.4 (0.83)	...	22.5 (0.59)
Quarter 3	17.3 (0.54)	60.8 (0.95)	...	23.3 (0.68)
Quarter 4	16.9 (0.51)	61.1 (0.86)	...	23.3 (0.63)
2012 full year	16.9 (0.27)	61.0 (0.47)	...	23.5 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.6 (0.56)	60.2 (0.93)	...	23.5 (0.64)
Quarter 2	16.0 (0.48)	63.0 (0.90)	...	22.6 (0.68)
Quarter 3	17.0 (0.50)	60.3 (0.84)	...	24.2 (0.67)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.47)	60.3 (0.80)	...	23.8 (0.59)
2013 full year	16.6 (0.30)	61.0 (0.52)	...	23.8 (0.35)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.54)	60.3 (0.91)	...	23.9 (0.65)
Quarter 2	16.4 (0.49)	62.1 (0.82)	...	22.9 (0.59)
Quarter 3	16.5 (0.48)	61.2 (0.85)	...	23.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	16.2 (0.53)	60.5 (0.93)	...	24.5 (0.68)
2014 full year	13.3 (0.26)	63.6 (0.46)	2.2 (0.10)	24.5 (0.36)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.47)	61.8 (0.85)	1.4 (0.11)	24.2 (0.68)
Quarter 2	12.9 (0.50)	63.8 (0.81)	2.4 (0.17)	24.7 (0.61)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.44)	64.0 (0.85)	2.5 (0.20)	24.0 (0.62)
Quarter 4	12.1 (0.42)	64.4 (0.90)	2.5 (0.18)	25.0 (0.74)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	10.6 (0.24)	65.9 (0.53)	3.9 (0.15)	25.0 (0.46)
Quarter 1	10.7 (0.40)	66.5 (0.88)	3.6 (0.22)	24.2 (0.74)
Quarter 2	10.3 (0.36)	66.7 (0.81)	4.0 (0.24)	24.6 (0.71)
Quarter 3	10.8 (0.43)	64.5 (0.93)	4.2 (0.29)	26.1 (0.77)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Robin A. Cohen and Emily P. Zammitti of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.

NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
0-17 years				
2010 full year	7.8 (0.32)	53.8 (0.75)	...	39.8 (0.73)
Quarter 1	7.4 (0.51)	55.4 (1.47)	...	38.5 (1.41)
Quarter 2	9.1 (0.79)	53.0 (1.30)	...	39.3 (1.19)
Quarter 3	8.2 (0.56)	53.7 (1.35)	...	39.7 (1.31)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.46)	53.0 (1.35)	...	41.6 (1.30)
2011 full year	7.0 (0.27)	53.3 (0.76)	...	41.0 (0.74)
Quarter 1	6.9 (0.50)	54.4 (1.40)	...	40.3 (1.35)
Quarter 2	7.7 (0.48)	53.7 (1.23)	...	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	7.1 (0.53)	52.3 (1.46)	...	42.1 (1.38)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.45)	53.0 (1.33)	...	41.5 (1.29)
2012 full year	6.6 (0.27)	52.8 (0.73)	...	42.1 (0.72)
Quarter 1	6.7 (0.55)	51.6 (1.35)	...	43.0 (1.24)
Quarter 2	6.4 (0.57)	55.3 (1.34)	...	39.9 (1.38)
Quarter 3	6.8 (0.50)	52.0 (1.30)	...	43.0 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.4 (0.44)	52.4 (1.33)	...	42.3 (1.25)
2013 full year	6.5 (0.26)	52.6 (0.76)	...	42.2 (0.70)
Quarter 1	7.1 (0.52)	51.5 (1.45)	...	42.5 (1.30)
Quarter 2	7.1 (0.51)	54.1 (1.31)	...	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	5.9 (0.49)	52.7 (1.39)	...	42.7 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.0 (0.47)	52.0 (1.34)	...	43.6 (1.24)
2014 full year	5.5 (0.27)	53.7 (0.68)	0.9 (0.11)	42.2 (0.65)
Quarter 1	6.6 (0.55)	51.7 (1.34)	0.5 (0.14)	43.0 (1.32)
Quarter 2	5.6 (0.59)	53.6 (1.28)	1.0 (0.17)	42.5 (1.24)
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.46)	54.6 (1.31)	1.0 (0.19)	40.9 (1.24)
Quarter 4	4.2 (0.40)	54.5 (1.38)	1.3 (0.28)	42.9 (1.39)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	4.5 (0.29)	55.1 (0.86)	2.0 (0.19)	41.8 (0.85)
Quarter 1	4.6 (0.50)	56.3 (1.44)	1.6 (0.23)	40.4 (1.38)
Quarter 2	4.5 (0.48)	55.7 (1.34)	1.9 (0.29)	41.1 (1.32)
Quarter 3	4.5 (0.46)	53.3 (1.49)	2.5 (0.39)	43.7 (1.45)
18-29 years				
2010 full year	30.9 (0.56)	53.4 (0.64)	...	16.2 (0.45)
Quarter 1	30.6 (1.13)	53.4 (1.34)	...	16.6 (0.92)
Quarter 2	31.9 (1.16)	54.0 (1.25)	...	14.4 (0.73)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.01)	52.2 (1.11)	...	16.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.08)	54.2 (1.31)	...	17.4 (0.86)
2011 full year	27.7 (0.57)	56.4 (0.69)	...	16.7 (0.48)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.01)	55.8 (1.34)	...	17.1 (0.92)
Quarter 2	27.6 (1.02)	57.4 (1.23)	...	16.0 (0.71)
Quarter 3	28.1 (1.10)	55.6 (1.28)	...	17.0 (0.87)
Quarter 4	27.2 (1.02)	56.9 (1.16)	...	16.8 (0.75)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015—Continued

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2012 full year	26.9 (0.54)	56.5 (0.64)	...	17.5 (0.47)
Quarter 1	28.2 (1.10)	54.7 (0.33)	...	17.9 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.09)	58.4 (1.42)	...	17.6 (0.85)
Quarter 3	27.4 (0.99)	55.3 (1.27)	...	18.0 (0.94)
Quarter 4	26.9 (1.12)	57.6 (1.30)	...	16.6 (0.77)
2013 full year	26.1 (0.59)	57.6 (0.68)	...	16.9 (0.46)
Quarter 1	26.5 (1.02)	56.0 (1.24)	...	18.1 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.06)	58.5 (1.21)	...	17.1 (0.87)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.06)	58.8 (1.23)	...	16.1 (0.90)
Quarter 4	26.8 (1.13)	57.2 (1.42)	...	16.5 (0.91)
2014 full year	20.6 (0.49)	61.4 (0.68)	2.1 (0.14)	19.0 (0.50)
Quarter 1	22.2 (0.91)	59.7 (1.36)	1.3 (0.21)	19.0 (0.97)
Quarter 2	19.8 (0.89)	62.2 (1.19)	2.4 (0.31)	18.8 (0.95)
Quarter 3	21.5 (0.99)	61.0 (1.34)	2.3 (0.28)	18.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	19.1 (0.86)	62.4 (1.25)	2.5 (0.30)	19.7 (0.97)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	16.5 (0.52)	64.5 (0.72)	3.6 (0.27)	19.9 (0.60)
Quarter 1	17.2 (0.87)	64.0 (1.16)	3.0 (0.42)	19.8 (0.99)
Quarter 2	15.2 (0.74)	65.4 (1.22)	4.0 (0.39)	20.3 (0.97)
Quarter 3	16.9 (0.84)	64.1 (1.18)	3.8 (0.49)	19.7 (0.93)
30-64 years				
2010 full year	19.1 (0.36)	67.9 (0.49)	...	14.5 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.2 (0.64)	69.8 (0.88)	...	13.6 (0.53)
Quarter 2	20.0 (0.83)	67.7 (0.95)	...	13.9 (0.48)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.64)	67.2 (0.79)	...	14.5 (0.54)
Quarter 4	18.6 (0.59)	67.0 (0.82)	...	16.0 (0.56)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.34)	67.0 (0.44)	...	15.6 (0.29)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.62)	67.0 (0.79)	...	15.4 (0.52)
Quarter 2	18.9 (0.60)	67.0 (0.80)	...	15.5 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.58)	67.3 (0.82)	...	15.5 (0.50)
Quarter 4	18.7 (0.59)	67.0 (0.84)	...	16.0 (0.58)
2012 full year	18.7 (0.31)	66.8 (0.43)	...	16.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	19.4 (0.65)	66.7 (0.85)	...	15.3 (0.52)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.54)	68.6 (0.78)	...	15.4 (0.51)
Quarter 3	18.6 (0.58)	66.4 (0.80)	...	16.6 (0.57)
Quarter 4	19.2 (0.53)	65.3 (0.72)	...	16.8 (0.53)
2013 full year	18.3 (0.36)	66.6 (0.47)	...	16.7 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.9 (0.68)	66.4 (0.84)	...	16.4 (0.56)
Quarter 2	18.1 (0.59)	67.5 (0.75)	...	16.1 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.7 (0.57)	66.5 (0.76)	...	16.6 (0.52)
Quarter 4	17.8 (0.63)	66.2 (0.88)	...	17.6 (0.59)
2014 full year	14.7 (0.30)	69.4 (0.43)	2.9 (0.13)	17.3 (0.33)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.58)	67.8 (0.74)	1.8 (0.16)	16.5 (0.54)
Quarter 2	14.1 (0.57)	69.6 (0.75)	3.1 (0.23)	17.7 (0.57)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.51)	69.9 (0.81)	3.4 (0.27)	17.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	13.7 (0.53)	70.2 (0.85)	3.1 (0.22)	17.7 (0.66)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015—Continued

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2015 (Jan–Sep)	11.6 (0.28)	71.9 (0.47)	5.1 (0.18)	18.2 (0.40)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.45)	72.7 (0.76)	4.9 (0.28)	17.5 (0.60)
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.45)	72.7 (0.72)	5.1 (0.30)	17.6 (0.61)
Quarter 3	11.9 (0.52)	70.4 (0.88)	5.2 (0.31)	19.3 (0.71)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.”

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

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NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 3. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2010 full year	22.3 (0.35)	64.1 (0.46)	...	15.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	21.5 (0.66)	65.5 (0.88)	...	14.4 (0.54)
Quarter 2	23.2 (0.80)	64.0 (0.89)	...	14.0 (0.44)
Quarter 3	23.0 (0.58)	63.2 (0.73)	...	15.0 (0.51)
Quarter 4	21.4 (0.60)	63.6 (0.81)	...	16.4 (0.53)
2011 full year	21.3 (0.34)	64.2 (0.45)	...	15.9 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.6 (0.59)	64.0 (0.79)	...	15.9 (0.50)
Quarter 2	21.2 (0.59)	64.5 (0.79)	...	15.6 (0.47)
Quarter 3	21.3 (0.62)	64.2 (0.84)	...	15.9 (0.52)
Quarter 4	21.0 (0.62)	64.3 (0.78)	...	16.2 (0.51)
2012 full year	20.9 (0.31)	64.1 (0.42)	...	16.4 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.7 (0.66)	63.6 (0.84)	...	16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 2	19.6 (0.59)	65.9 (0.83)	...	16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.9 (0.57)	63.5 (0.79)	...	17.0 (0.55)
Quarter 4	21.3 (0.58)	63.3 (0.73)	...	16.8 (0.50)
2013 full year	20.4 (0.37)	64.2 (0.47)	...	16.7 (0.30)
Quarter 1	20.9 (0.64)	63.6 (0.79)	...	16.9 (0.54)
Quarter 2	19.9 (0.58)	65.1 (0.74)	...	16.3 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.6 (0.59)	64.5 (0.74)	...	16.4 (0.48)
Quarter 4	20.1 (0.64)	63.8 (0.87)	...	17.3 (0.57)
2014 full year	16.3 (0.31)	67.3 (0.43)	2.7 (0.11)	17.7 (0.32)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.55)	65.6 (0.76)	1.7 (0.13)	17.1 (0.53)
Quarter 2	15.6 (0.57)	67.7 (0.73)	2.9 (0.21)	18.0 (0.53)
Quarter 3	16.2 (0.53)	67.6 (0.80)	3.1 (0.23)	17.6 (0.53)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.52)	68.1 (0.81)	2.9 (0.19)	18.2 (0.62)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	12.9 (0.29)	70.0 (0.46)	4.7 (0.17)	18.6 (0.40)
Quarter 1	13.0 (0.45)	70.4 (0.77)	4.4 (0.27)	18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	12.4 (0.43)	70.8 (0.71)	4.8 (0.27)	18.3 (0.60)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.51)	68.8 (0.83)	4.9 (0.29)	19.4 (0.66)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

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Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
Male				
2010 full year	25.3 (0.44)	63.4 (0.51)	...	12.5 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.7 (0.84)	64.7 (0.93)	...	12.0 (0.54)
Quarter 2	26.4 (0.93)	63.5 (0.99)	...	11.2 (0.49)
Quarter 3	26.3 (0.75)	62.2 (0.82)	...	12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 4	24.0 (0.74)	63.3 (0.87)	...	14.1 (0.55)
2011 full year	23.7 (0.40)	63.9 (0.49)	...	13.8 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.72)	63.7 (0.86)	...	13.6 (0.52)
Quarter 2	23.8 (0.72)	64.0 (0.92)	...	13.5 (0.51)
Quarter 3	23.4 (0.75)	64.2 (0.90)	...	14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	23.6 (0.69)	63.8 (0.82)	...	14.0 (0.53)
2012 full year	23.2 (0.38)	64.0 (0.46)	...	14.2 (0.31)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.78)	63.6 (0.92)	...	13.8 (0.54)
Quarter 2	21.6 (0.68)	66.1 (0.90)	...	13.9 (0.58)
Quarter 3	23.5 (0.71)	63.5 (0.82)	...	14.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	23.8 (0.71)	62.7 (0.84)	...	14.5 (0.54)
2013 full year	22.5 (0.42)	64.6 (0.49)	...	14.2 (0.32)
Quarter 1	23.3 (0.80)	63.9 (0.90)	...	14.3 (0.58)
Quarter 2	22.7 (0.72)	64.3 (0.84)	...	14.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	22.3 (0.70)	65.0 (0.80)	...	14.1 (0.54)
Quarter 4	21.9 (0.78)	65.0 (0.90)	...	14.3 (0.56)
2014 full year	18.3 (0.38)	67.7 (0.47)	2.4 (0.12)	15.2 (0.36)
Quarter 1	20.0 (0.66)	66.3 (0.84)	1.6 (0.14)	14.9 (0.59)
Quarter 2	17.8 (0.72)	67.8 (0.79)	2.7 (0.24)	15.7 (0.64)
Quarter 3	18.1 (0.66)	67.8 (0.85)	2.7 (0.24)	15.4 (0.58)
Quarter 4	17.3 (0.65)	68.7 (0.92)	2.8 (0.21)	15.1 (0.66)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	15.1 (0.34)	70.2 (0.51)	4.2 (0.20)	16.1 (0.41)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.55)	70.6 (0.88)	3.9 (0.31)	15.6 (0.69)
Quarter 2	14.3 (0.53)	71.6 (0.81)	4.7 (0.30)	15.4 (0.62)
Quarter 3	15.8 (0.65)	68.3 (0.88)	4.1 (0.32)	17.3 (0.66)
Female				
2010 full year	19.3 (0.32)	64.7 (0.47)	...	17.4 (0.38)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.65)	66.2 (0.95)	...	16.8 (0.68)
Quarter 2	20.1 (0.76)	64.5 (0.92)	...	16.8 (0.55)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.57)	64.2 (0.80)	...	17.3 (0.67)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.60)	64.0 (0.87)	...	18.6 (0.68)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.36)	64.5 (0.47)	...	18.0 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.59)	64.3 (0.86)	...	18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	18.6 (0.59)	64.9 (0.81)	...	17.8 (0.57)
Quarter 3	19.3 (0.64)	64.1 (0.89)	...	17.8 (0.65)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.71)	64.8 (0.93)	...	18.4 (0.66)
2012 full year	18.6 (0.33)	64.2 (0.44)	...	18.6 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.6 (0.66)	63.5 (0.90)	...	18.0 (0.61)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.60)	65.8 (0.86)	...	18.0 (0.57)
Quarter 3	18.5 (0.61)	63.5 (0.88)	...	19.5 (0.66)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.59)	63.9 (0.76)	...	18.9 (0.59)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015—Continued

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2013 full year	18.3 (0.37)	64.0 (0.51)	...	19.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	18.7 (0.62)	63.4 (0.85)	...	19.3 (0.65)
Quarter 2	17.3 (0.57)	65.9 (0.79)	...	18.4 (0.59)
Quarter 3	18.9 (0.60)	63.9 (0.81)	...	18.7 (0.57)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.67)	62.6 (0.96)	...	20.2 (0.73)
2014 full year	14.3 (0.30)	66.9 (0.46)	2.9 (0.13)	20.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	16.8 (0.59)	65.1 (0.86)	1.8 (0.18)	19.3 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.56)	67.6 (0.84)	3.1 (0.23)	20.2 (0.64)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.52)	67.4 (0.89)	3.5 (0.28)	19.7 (0.66)
Quarter 4	12.9 (0.54)	67.6 (0.85)	3.1 (0.23)	21.2 (0.73)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	10.8 (0.31)	69.8 (0.50)	5.1 (0.19)	21.0 (0.46)
Quarter 1	10.9 (0.46)	70.2 (0.80)	4.8 (0.30)	20.5 (0.69)
Quarter 2	10.6 (0.45)	70.0 (0.75)	4.8 (0.32)	21.1 (0.71)
Quarter 3	10.8 (0.53)	69.3 (0.95)	5.6 (0.35)	21.5 (0.81)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.”

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Robin A. Cohen and Emily P. Zammitti of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.

NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
Hispanic or Latino ⁵				
2010 full year	43.2 (0.91)	41.1 (0.85)	...	16.3 (0.64)
Quarter 1	42.4 (1.72)	42.9 (1.67)	...	15.4 (1.10)
Quarter 2	44.9 (1.39)	39.7 (1.37)	...	15.8 (0.92)
Quarter 3	44.1 (1.78)	40.5 (1.69)	...	15.8 (0.98)
Quarter 4	41.5 (1.38)	41.1 (1.45)	...	18.1 (1.00)
2011 full year	42.2 (0.89)	40.3 (0.82)	...	18.1 (0.63)
Quarter 1	42.0 (1.60)	41.2 (1.95)	...	17.1 (1.18)
Quarter 2	41.4 (1.46)	40.2 (1.31)	...	19.0 (0.86)
Quarter 3	42.6 (1.38)	39.5 (1.41)	...	18.6 (1.10)
Quarter 4	42.7 (1.57)	40.2 (1.39)	...	17.6 (1.00)
2012 full year	41.3 (0.89)	40.4 (0.73)	...	19.0 (0.64)
Quarter 1	42.6 (1.72)	41.0 (1.68)	...	17.1 (1.02)
Quarter 2	39.7 (1.29)	42.0 (1.49)	...	19.3 (1.04)
Quarter 3	40.5 (1.55)	39.8 (1.34)	...	20.1 (1.39)
Quarter 4	42.2 (1.58)	38.8 (1.42)	...	19.7 (1.03)
2013 full year	40.6 (0.88)	42.1 (0.70)	...	18.0 (0.62)
Quarter 1	41.4 (1.95)	40.7 (1.52)	...	18.6 (1.17)
Quarter 2	41.3 (1.51)	41.9 (1.24)	...	17.5 (0.94)
Quarter 3	39.5 (1.38)	43.0 (1.49)	...	18.1 (1.11)
Quarter 4	40.3 (1.47)	42.7 (1.40)	...	17.7 (0.95)
2014 full year	33.7 (0.76)	46.4 (0.86)	2.6 (0.30)	20.6 (0.73)
Quarter 1	35.7 (1.43)	44.8 (1.62)	1.4 (0.30)	20.1 (1.09)
Quarter 2	33.2 (1.42)	47.2 (1.55)	3.0 (0.61)	20.3 (1.16)
Quarter 3	34.0 (1.40)	46.8 (1.44)	3.4 (0.55)	19.8 (1.12)
Quarter 4	31.8 (1.47)	47.0 (1.54)	2.6 (0.37)	22.1 (1.22)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	27.9 (0.75)	50.4 (0.88)	5.0 (0.40)	22.4 (0.84)
Quarter 1	28.3 (1.24)	49.8 (1.42)	5.4 (0.55)	22.7 (1.26)
Quarter 2	26.1 (1.30)	53.2 (1.46)	4.2 (0.58)	21.4 (1.28)
Quarter 3	29.3 (1.33)	48.2 (1.40)	5.3 (0.65)	23.1 (1.25)
Non-Hispanic white, single race				
2010 full year	16.4 (0.35)	72.2 (0.52)	...	12.8 (0.34)
Quarter 1	15.6 (0.63)	73.4 (0.93)	...	12.5 (0.60)
Quarter 2	17.0 (0.65)	72.7 (0.83)	...	11.7 (0.49)
Quarter 3	16.7 (0.64)	71.5 (0.92)	...	13.0 (0.63)
Quarter 4	16.1 (0.66)	71.4 (0.89)	...	14.1 (0.61)
2011 full year	15.6 (0.35)	72.5 (0.48)	...	13.4 (0.31)
Quarter 1	16.1 (0.64)	71.8 (0.87)	...	13.6 (0.57)
Quarter 2	15.8 (0.60)	72.9 (0.85)	...	12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 3	15.7 (0.64)	72.6 (0.86)	...	13.3 (0.61)
Quarter 4	14.8 (0.59)	72.8 (0.94)	...	14.1 (0.62)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2012 full year	15.1 (0.31)	72.7 (0.46)	...	13.7 (0.33)
Quarter 1	16.0 (0.67)	72.3 (0.88)	...	13.1 (0.58)
Quarter 2	14.2 (0.62)	74.5 (0.83)	...	13.1 (0.51)
Quarter 3	15.1 (0.58)	71.9 (0.87)	...	14.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.59)	72.3 (0.85)	...	13.9 (0.57)
2013 full year	14.5 (0.34)	72.7 (0.49)	...	14.4 (0.32)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.62)	71.8 (0.91)	...	14.6 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.9 (0.54)	73.6 (0.82)	...	14.2 (0.61)
Quarter 3	14.7 (0.61)	72.8 (0.80)	...	14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	14.0 (0.61)	72.6 (0.96)	...	14.7 (0.67)
2014 full year	11.6 (0.29)	75.3 (0.47)	2.5 (0.13)	14.6 (0.36)
Quarter 1	13.5 (0.58)	73.7 (0.87)	1.6 (0.16)	14.1 (0.66)
Quarter 2	11.1 (0.58)	75.5 (0.81)	2.6 (0.23)	14.9 (0.61)
Quarter 3	11.4 (0.52)	75.6 (0.88)	2.9 (0.28)	14.6 (0.67)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.55)	76.2 (0.93)	2.8 (0.24)	14.8 (0.71)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	8.8 (0.27)	77.4 (0.48)	4.4 (0.19)	15.5 (0.44)
Quarter 1	8.7 (0.50)	78.6 (0.78)	4.0 (0.30)	14.4 (0.63)
Quarter 2	8.8 (0.47)	78.0 (0.78)	4.7 (0.33)	14.9 (0.68)
Quarter 3	8.9 (0.48)	75.7 (0.93)	4.6 (0.39)	17.0 (0.80)
Non-Hispanic black, single race				
2010 full year	27.2 (0.75)	49.3 (0.81)	...	25.3 (0.70)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.41)	49.5 (1.60)	...	24.3 (1.41)
Quarter 2	26.5 (1.33)	49.4 (1.72)	...	25.7 (1.32)
Quarter 3	28.6 (1.14)	48.6 (1.35)	...	24.8 (1.31)
Quarter 4	25.6 (1.33)	49.6 (1.80)	...	26.3 (1.46)
2011 full year	24.8 (0.65)	50.5 (0.79)	...	26.2 (0.75)
Quarter 1	23.9 (1.26)	52.2 (1.67)	...	25.8 (1.18)
Quarter 2	24.2 (1.24)	51.1 (1.55)	...	26.5 (1.44)
Quarter 3	25.0 (1.16)	50.1 (1.49)	...	25.9 (1.27)
Quarter 4	26.2 (1.44)	48.8 (1.57)	...	26.6 (1.49)
2012 full year	23.6 (0.61)	50.8 (0.75)	...	27.0 (0.68)
Quarter 1	26.0 (1.19)	46.3 (1.50)	...	29.1 (1.21)
Quarter 2	21.9 (1.34)	53.1 (1.93)	...	25.8 (1.40)
Quarter 3	24.1 (1.05)	51.7 (1.47)	...	25.7 (1.27)
Quarter 4	22.6 (1.25)	52.2 (1.52)	...	27.3 (1.34)
2013 full year	24.9 (0.62)	50.0 (0.91)	...	26.6 (0.80)
Quarter 1	25.5 (1.16)	50.6 (1.58)	...	25.0 (1.37)
Quarter 2	23.6 (1.23)	50.8 (1.68)	...	26.7 (1.32)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.23)	50.3 (1.45)	...	26.0 (1.25)
Quarter 4	24.6 (1.39)	48.3 (1.70)	...	28.7 (1.55)
2014 full year	17.7 (0.60)	53.4 (0.84)	2.9 (0.27)	30.5 (0.73)
Quarter 1	20.2 (1.16)	51.6 (1.67)	1.4 (0.38)	29.7 (1.30)
Quarter 2	15.9 (1.04)	54.4 (1.73)	3.7 (0.51)	31.1 (1.53)
Quarter 3	17.5 (1.00)	52.6 (1.81)	3.3 (0.48)	31.5 (1.54)
Quarter 4	17.2 (1.16)	55.0 (1.82)	3.3 (0.55)	29.8 (1.59)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2015 (Jan–Sep)	14.6 (0.62)	58.3 (0.91)	4.2 (0.39)	29.1 (0.83)
Quarter 1	15.6 (1.00)	56.7 (1.50)	4.1 (0.73)	29.7 (1.46)
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.97)	57.9 (1.72)	4.2 (0.61)	30.5 (1.37)
Quarter 3	14.7 (1.17)	60.3 (1.55)	4.4 (0.53)	27.2 (1.18)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.”

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁵Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

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Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage ⁵
Poor (<100% FPL)				
2010 full year	42.2 (0.99)	19.6 (0.89)	...	38.8 (0.97)
Quarter 1	44.0 (1.79)	17.6 (0.68)	...	39.1 (1.82)
Quarter 2	43.5 (1.87)	19.4 (1.67)	...	37.5 (1.83)
Quarter 3	43.7 (1.75)	17.0 (1.50)	...	40.0 (1.75)
Quarter 4	38.1 (1.58)	24.1 (1.61)	...	38.6 (1.74)
2011 full year	40.1 (0.91)	21.2 (1.02)	...	39.6 (0.93)
Quarter 1	39.8 (0.64)	21.6 (1.79)	...	39.3 (1.67)
Quarter 2	37.2 (1.83)	23.8 (2.48)	...	39.9 (1.87)
Quarter 3	42.2 (1.84)	17.1 (1.86)	...	41.7 (1.64)
Quarter 4	41.1 (1.84)	22.1 (1.98)	...	37.5 (1.83)
2012 full year	40.1 (0.90)	20.2 (1.09)	...	40.8 (0.94)
Quarter 1	42.7 (1.62)	19.6 (1.69)	...	38.6 (1.60)
Quarter 2	38.9 (2.03)	21.0 (3.13)	...	41.3 (1.71)
Quarter 3	41.0 (1.43)	17.2 (1.46)	...	42.3 (1.82)
Quarter 4	37.6 (1.58)	22.6 (1.96)	...	40.9 (1.62)
2013 full year	39.3 (1.00)	19.0 (0.97)	...	42.4 (0.95)
Quarter 1	39.1 (1.74)	19.5 (1.87)	...	42.4 (1.91)
Quarter 2	38.9 (1.79)	19.0 (2.22)	...	42.7 (1.76)
Quarter 3	40.2 (1.90)	18.1 (2.26)	...	42.3 (1.76)
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.77)	19.3 (1.70)	...	42.3 (1.77)
2014 full year	32.3 (0.93)	21.9 (0.92)	2.2 (0.20)	46.6 (0.95)
Quarter 1	34.9 (1.53)	20.5 (1.59)	1.0 (0.27)	45.4 (1.74)
Quarter 2	33.5 (2.03)	20.2 (1.61)	2.5 (0.49)	47.0 (2.11)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.78)	21.5 (2.06)	2.1 (0.37)	47.5 (1.70)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.72)	25.1 (2.00)	3.2 (0.50)	46.5 (1.88)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	26.1 (0.96)	23.7 (1.10)	4.1 (0.45)	51.5 (1.22)
Quarter 1	28.0 (1.57)	23.1 (1.50)	3.6 (0.65)	50.3 (2.06)
Quarter 2	25.0 (1.51)	24.6 (1.97)	4.3 (0.85)	51.6 (1.93)
Quarter 3	25.2 (1.70)	23.5 (2.67)	4.6 (0.82)	52.7 (2.55)
Near-poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)				
2010 full year	43.0 (0.74)	34.7 (0.74)	...	23.7 (0.55)
Quarter 1	43.8 (1.41)	34.8 (1.48)	...	22.8 (1.15)
Quarter 2	44.2 (1.52)	35.0 (1.44)	...	22.1 (1.17)
Quarter 3	43.9 (1.50)	34.3 (1.54)	...	23.5 (1.14)
Quarter 4	40.2 (1.51)	34.8 (1.59)	...	26.6 (1.35)
2011 full year	40.1 (0.72)	35.4 (0.75)	...	25.9 (0.69)
Quarter 1	40.3 (1.24)	36.1 (1.37)	...	25.4 (1.21)
Quarter 2	42.1 (1.41)	33.5 (1.32)	...	25.7 (1.14)
Quarter 3	39.0 (1.31)	36.0 (1.34)	...	26.0 (1.25)
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.49)	35.9 (1.40)	...	26.5 (1.27)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015—Continued

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage ⁵
2012 full year	39.2 (0.68)	37.2 (0.74)	...	25.2 (0.57)
Quarter 1	41.0 (1.28)	35.8 (1.44)	...	24.4 (1.13)
Quarter 2	37.8 (1.42)	38.4 (1.46)	...	25.7 (1.12)
Quarter 3	38.0 (1.51)	38.6 (1.62)	...	25.1 (1.16)
Quarter 4	40.0 (1.44)	35.9 (1.45)	...	25.4 (1.21)
2013 full year	38.5 (0.84)	36.4 (0.78)	...	26.6 (0.78)
Quarter 1	39.2 (1.42)	33.8 (1.38)	...	28.4 (1.42)
Quarter 2	38.4 (1.55)	37.9 (1.50)	...	25.4 (1.33)
Quarter 3	37.9 (1.34)	39.3 (1.39)	...	24.1 (1.19)
Quarter 4	38.6 (1.42)	34.6 (1.38)	...	28.5 (1.44)
2014 full year	30.9 (0.72)	41.2 (0.81)	4.5 (0.33)	29.6 (0.76)
Quarter 1	34.4 (1.58)	39.3 (1.53)	2.2 (0.40)	27.5 (1.24)
Quarter 2	28.5 (1.20)	43.5 (1.38)	5.1 (0.56)	29.6 (1.21)
Quarter 3	31.3 (1.32)	42.1 (1.43)	5.3 (0.70)	28.7 (1.27)
Quarter 4	29.2 (1.31)	40.0 (1.47)	5.2 (0.66)	32.6 (1.41)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	24.1 (0.69)	44.3 (0.90)	8.2 (0.54)	33.8 (0.94)
Quarter 1	23.8 (1.14)	45.9 (1.43)	8.6 (0.92)	32.8 (1.43)
Quarter 2	24.0 (1.17)	45.8 (1.47)	8.6 (0.88)	32.5 (1.42)
Quarter 3	24.4 (1.22)	41.3 (1.54)	7.3 (0.99)	36.1 (1.47)
Not-poor (≥200% FPL)				
2010 full year	12.6 (0.27)	80.8 (0.36)	...	8.1 (0.27)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.50)	82.2 (0.66)	...	7.8 (0.45)
Quarter 2	13.2 (0.57)	80.8 (0.66)	...	7.4 (0.36)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.57)	80.1 (0.65)	...	8.1 (0.51)
Quarter 4	12.4 (0.54)	80.1 (0.69)	...	9.0 (0.46)
2011 full year	12.0 (0.28)	81.1 (0.35)	...	8.3 (0.23)
Quarter 1	12.0 (0.55)	81.1 (0.64)	...	8.3 (0.40)
Quarter 2	12.5 (0.49)	80.5 (0.64)	...	8.4 (0.39)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.49)	81.5 (0.64)	...	8.0 (0.39)
Quarter 4	11.6 (0.50)	81.4 (0.66)	...	8.6 (0.43)
2012 full year	11.4 (0.26)	81.3 (0.38)	...	8.7 (0.29)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.52)	81.4 (0.68)	...	8.5 (0.52)
Quarter 2	11.3 (0.52)	81.7 (0.68)	...	8.5 (0.44)
Quarter 3	11.3 (0.44)	81.0 (0.64)	...	9.3 (0.51)
Quarter 4	11.7 (0.44)	80.9 (0.62)	...	8.7 (0.49)
2013 full year	11.4 (0.27)	81.2 (0.37)	...	8.9 (0.26)
Quarter 1	11.7 (0.56)	81.7 (0.74)	...	8.1 (0.47)
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.48)	81.0 (0.62)	...	9.0 (0.45)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.54)	80.0 (0.66)	...	9.6 (0.44)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.59)	82.0 (0.73)	...	8.8 (0.47)
2014 full year	8.9 (0.23)	83.9 (0.35)	2.3 (0.12)	8.5 (0.26)
Quarter 1	10.1 (0.48)	83.0 (0.62)	1.7 (0.18)	8.1 (0.44)
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.43)	83.0 (0.64)	2.5 (0.23)	9.7 (0.48)
Quarter 3	8.5 (0.40)	84.4 (0.57)	2.7 (0.27)	8.3 (0.42)
Quarter 4	8.3 (0.44)	85.1 (0.61)	2.4 (0.22)	8.0 (0.46)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2015—Continued

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage ⁵
2015 (Jan–Sep)	7.7 (0.24)	84.8 (0.36)	3.9 (0.18)	9.0 (0.29)
Quarter 1	7.5 (0.42)	85.3 (0.65)	3.5 (0.28)	8.6 (0.49)
Quarter 2	7.5 (0.36)	85.2 (0.56)	3.8 (0.28)	8.8 (0.46)
Quarter 3	8.1 (0.46)	83.8 (0.64)	4.3 (0.32)	9.6 (0.46)

... Category not applicable.

¹Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 12.2% in 2010, 11.5% in 2011, 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013, 8.8% in 2014, and 8.7% in the first three quarters of 2015. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

²A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

³Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁴Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁵Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Robin A. Cohen and Emily P. Zammitti of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.

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Table 7. Percentages and number in millions of persons under age 65 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–September 2015

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Age group		
Under age 65		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.10)	5.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.11)	3.7
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.17)	6.3
Quarter 3	2.5 (0.20)	6.8
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.18)	6.7
2015 (Jan–Sep)	3.9 (0.15)	10.6
Quarter 1	3.6 (0.22)	9.7
Quarter 2	4.0 (0.24)	10.7
Quarter 3	4.2 (0.29)	11.3
Age 0–17		
2014 full year	0.9 (0.11)	0.7
Quarter 1	0.5 (0.14)	0.4
Quarter 2	1.0 (0.17)	0.7
Quarter 3	1.0 (0.19)	0.8
Quarter 4	1.3 (0.28)	0.9
2015 (Jan–Sep)	2.0 (0.19)	1.5
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.23)	1.2
Quarter 2	1.9 (0.29)	1.4
Quarter 3	2.5 (0.39)	1.8
Age 18–64		
2014 full year	2.7 (0.11)	5.2
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.13)	3.3
Quarter 2	2.9 (0.21)	5.7
Quarter 3	3.1 (0.23)	6.1
Quarter 4	2.9 (0.19)	5.7
2015 (Jan–Sep)	4.7 (0.17)	9.1
Quarter 1	4.4 (0.27)	8.6
Quarter 2	4.8 (0.27)	9.3
Quarter 3	4.9 (0.29)	9.5
Age 18–29		
2014 full year	2.1 (0.14)	1.1
Quarter 1	1.3 (0.21)	0.6
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.31)	1.2
Quarter 3	2.3 (0.28)	1.2
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.30)	1.3
2015 (Jan–Sep)	3.6 (0.27)	1.9
Quarter 1	3.0 (0.42)	1.6
Quarter 2	4.0 (0.39)	2.1
Quarter 3	3.8 (0.49)	1.9

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 7. Percentages and number in millions of persons under age 65 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–September 2015—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Age 30–64		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	4.1
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.16)	2.6
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	4.4
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.27)	4.9
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.22)	4.4
2015 (Jan–Sep)	5.1 (0.18)	7.3
Quarter 1	4.9 (0.28)	7.0
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.30)	7.3
Quarter 3	5.2 (0.31)	7.6

¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.” These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014–2015, Family Core component.

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Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–September 2015

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Sex		
Male		
2014 full year	2.4 (0.12)	2.3
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.14)	1.5
Quarter 2	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.21)	2.7
2015 (Jan–Sep)	4.2 (0.20)	4.1
Quarter 1	3.9 (0.31)	3.7
Quarter 2	4.7 (0.30)	4.5
Quarter 3	4.1 (0.32)	4.1
Female		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	2.9
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.18)	1.8
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
Quarter 3	3.5 (0.28)	3.4
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
2015 (Jan–Sep)	5.1 (0.19)	5.1
Quarter 1	4.8 (0.30)	4.8
Quarter 2	4.8 (0.32)	4.8
Quarter 3	5.6 (0.35)	5.6
Race/ethnicity		
Hispanic or Latino ²		
2014 full year	2.6 (0.30)	0.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.30)	0.5
Quarter 2	3.0 (0.61)	1.0
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.55)	1.1
Quarter 4	2.6 (0.37)	0.9
2015 (Jan–Sep)	5.0 (0.40)	1.7
Quarter 1	5.4 (0.55)	1.8
Quarter 2	4.2 (0.58)	1.4
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.65)	1.8
Non-Hispanic white, single race		
2014 full year	2.5 (0.13)	3.0
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.16)	1.9
Quarter 2	2.6 (0.23)	3.2
Quarter 3	2.9 (0.28)	3.5
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.24)	3.4
2015 (Jan–Sep)	4.4 (0.19)	5.4
Quarter 1	4.0 (0.30)	4.9
Quarter 2	4.7 (0.33)	5.8
Quarter 3	4.6 (0.39)	5.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–September 2015—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Non-Hispanic black, single race		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.27)	0.7
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.38)	0.3
Quarter 2	3.7 (0.51)	0.9
Quarter 3	3.3 (0.48)	0.8
Quarter 4	3.3 (0.55)	0.8
2015 (Jan–Sep)	4.2 (0.39)	1.0
Quarter 1	4.1 (0.73)	1.0
Quarter 2	4.2 (0.61)	1.0
Quarter 3	4.4 (0.53)	1.1
Poverty status ³		
Poor (<100% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.20)	0.6
Quarter 1	1.0 (0.27)	0.3
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.49)	0.7
Quarter 3	2.1 (0.37)	0.6
Quarter 4	3.2 (0.50)	0.9
2015 (Jan–Sep)	4.1 (0.45)	1.0
Quarter 1	3.6 (0.65)	0.9
Quarter 2	4.3 (0.85)	1.0
Quarter 3	4.6 (0.82)	1.1
Near-poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)		
2014 full year	4.5 (0.33)	1.6
Quarter 1	2.2 (0.40)	0.8
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.56)	1.7
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.70)	1.9
Quarter 4	5.2 (0.66)	1.8
2015 (Jan–Sep)	8.2 (0.54)	2.8
Quarter 1	8.6 (0.92)	2.9
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.88)	2.9
Quarter 3	7.3 (0.99)	2.6
Not-poor (≥200% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.3 (0.12)	3.1
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.18)	2.2
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.23)	3.4
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.27)	3.6
Quarter 4	2.4 (0.22)	3.1
2015 (Jan–Sep)	3.9 (0.18)	5.3
Quarter 1	3.5 (0.28)	4.7
Quarter 2	3.8 (0.28)	5.2
Quarter 3	4.3 (0.32)	5.9

¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

²Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

³Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 8.8% in 2014 and 8.7% in the first three quarters of 2015. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

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Influenza and pneumonia deaths by influenza season and age: United States, 2008–2015

Provisional data for 2015 as of March 17, 2016

Influenza season	Total death count	Influenza deaths	Pneumonia deaths
2008–2009	1,585,938	473	129,880
Under 1 year	17,202	20	321
1–4 years	2,867	15	212
5–14 years	3,378	30	187
15–24 years	19,265	21	507
25–34 years	26,320	13	967
35–44 years	47,552	26	2,088
45–54 years	118,520	45	6,034
55–64 years	192,516	52	11,101
65–74 years	259,803	46	19,164
75–84 years	416,193	97	38,300
85–90 years	482,090	108	50,996
Unknown	232	0	3
2009–2010	1,595,870	2,691	130,451
Under 1 year	15,782	36	317
1–4 years	2,667	46	203
5–14 years	3,348	109	199
15–24 years	18,185	152	605
25–34 years	26,636	263	1,085
35–44 years	45,564	322	2,334
45–54 years	119,228	660	6,543
55–64 years	198,902	488	12,029
65–74 years	263,107	253	19,480
75–84 years	409,220	206	37,279
85–90 years	493,060	156	50,372
Unknown	171	0	5
2010–2011	1,645,865	1,894	136,161
Under 1 year	15,159	32	271
1–4 years	2,739	34	186
5–14 years	3,307	43	196
15–24 years	18,160	70	525
25–34 years	27,329	107	1,063
35–44 years	44,478	114	2,177
45–54 years	118,508	207	6,363
55–64 years	207,347	237	12,599
65–74 years	268,309	212	20,265
75–84 years	414,214	253	37,875
85–90 years	526,151	585	54,637
Unknown	164	0	4
2011–2012	1,618,051	665	126,177
Under 1 year	14,900	11	253
1–4 years	2,586	10	168
5–14 years	3,133	17	174
15–24 years	18,027	12	468
25–34 years	27,069	14	963
35–44 years	43,208	31	1,843
45–54 years	113,981	47	5,661
55–64 years	207,011	75	11,927
65–74 years	271,282	73	19,503
75–84 years	399,298	107	34,926
85–90 years	517,358	268	50,288
Unknown	198	0	3

Influenza and pneumonia deaths by influenza season and age: United States, 2008–2015

Provisional data for 2015 as of March 17, 2016

Influenza season	Total death count	Influenza deaths	Pneumonia deaths
2012–2013	1,718,093	4,541	138,092
Under 1 year	14,702	27	256
1–4 years	2,558	39	165
5–14 years	3,370	85	185
15–24 years	17,741	46	474
25–34 years	28,281	54	1,022
35–44 years	43,942	97	1,907
45–54 years	115,665	184	5,777
55–64 years	218,066	350	13,273
65–74 years	294,315	535	21,942
75–84 years	418,619	949	37,206
85–90 years	560,632	2,175	55,881
Unknown	202	0	4
2013–2014	1,686,211	4,366	126,212
Under 1 year	14,600	30	245
1–4 years	2,440	29	167
5–14 years	3,211	45	154
15–24 years	17,399	65	441
25–34 years	28,883	217	1,100
35–44 years	45,149	441	2,155
45–54 years	114,233	759	6,297
55–64 years	224,053	1,082	13,673
65–74 years	300,731	659	21,383
75–84 years	403,326	552	33,304
85–90 years	531,933	487	47,286
Unknown	253	0	7
2014–2015	1,769,940	7,961	131,858
Under 1 year	14,510	25	268
1–4 years	2,443	47	146
5–14 years	3,337	57	162
15–24 years	18,565	48	447
25–34 years	31,084	69	964
35–44 years	45,563	91	1,793
45–54 years	111,705	231	5,570
55–64 years	228,921	529	13,266
65–74 years	317,091	936	22,315
75–84 years	421,209	1,871	34,903
85–90 years	575,225	4,056	52,018
Unknown	287	1	6

NOTES: Data presented in this table are based on all complete death records received and processed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) as of March 17, 2016. Data for 2008 through 2014 are final data, while 2015 data are provisional. Due to the nature of provisional data, numbers are subject to change as additional death records are received. Influenza season is defined as early October through mid-May. Influenza and pneumonia deaths are defined as deaths with codes J09–J11 (any listed cause) and J12–18 (listed anywhere without influenza also listed), respectively, in the International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Vital Statistics System, 2008–2015.



National Center for Health Statistics

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Mortality Records with Mention of International Classification of Diseases-10 code P96.4 (Termination of Pregnancy): United States, 2003-2014

Background of Request

This document is in response to a Congressional inquiry to provide more detailed information about infant deaths where the death certificate mentions the International Classification of Diseases-10 (ICD-10) code P96.4—termination of pregnancy. Because this category includes spontaneous terminations of pregnancy and induced terminations of pregnancy, NCHS was asked to determine the number of infant deaths that are the result of a spontaneous termination vs. an induced termination. As a statistical agency NCHS publishes the results of analyses undertaken to respond to requests for information if that information is not otherwise available publicly.

General Background

The information presented below comes from the National Vital Statistics System (NVSS) Mortality Data. Data available for 2003 and subsequent years includes not only causes of death coded to ICD-10, but also the original text describing the causes of death as reported on the death certificate by the cause-of-death certifier (usually a physician, medical examiner or coroner). With regard to infant deaths, the NVSS Mortality Data only include deaths occurring to those infants born alive; fetal deaths (stillbirths) are not included. The legal definition of live birth includes any sign of life, e.g., breath, heartbeat, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles.

Results

Infant deaths for the 12 year period 2003 – 2014 assigned to code ICD-10 code P96.4 – Termination of pregnancy, affecting fetus and newborn were reviewed. During this period there were 315,392 infant deaths and 49,126,572 live births. The purpose of this analysis is to provide some additional information regarding infant deaths with this cause of death code. This category includes both spontaneous terminations of pregnancy and induced terminations of pregnancy. Analysis of the text as reported by the cause-of-death certifier show that of 588 deaths with mention of P96.4, 143 (24.3%) could definitively be classified as involving an induced termination. A list of the terms on which this number is based is shown below. Most of the remaining deaths are clearly spontaneous. However, it is possible that this number (143) underestimates the total number of deaths involving induced termination. In some cases, when a vague term such as “termination of pregnancy” was reported as due to a severe congenital anomaly or maternal complication, it was impossible to determine whether the pregnancy terminated spontaneously as the result of the anomaly or complication, or whether the mother elected to terminate because of the anomaly or complication. Because of the strong association between severe congenital anomalies or maternal complications and premature labor and birth, terminations were assumed to be spontaneous when reported as “due to” or “caused by” an anomaly/complication. However, if the language used was something like “termination of pregnancy for [congenital anomaly/maternal complication]” then the termination was assumed to be induced. In addition, of the 143 deaths involving induced terminations, 97 involved a maternal complication or, one or more congenital anomalies.

The distribution of age at death for deaths involving induced terminations are as follows:

Age at death	Frequency	Percent
<10 minutes	25	17.5
10-59 minutes	35	24.5
1-4 hours	68	47.6
5-23 hours	9	6.3
1 day or more	6	4.2

Terms reported on death certificates that indicate an induced termination of pregnancy

Note: This information was derived from deaths occurring from 2003 to 2014. The language is unedited and exactly that used by the cause-of-death certifier.

- Abortion for maternal medical reasons
- Abruptio placentae following insertion of laminaria for maternal elective abortion
- Attempted elective abortion (mother changed her mind)
- Attempted self-abortion
- Chemical abortion
- Cytotec termination
- Cytotec-induced abortion
- Desires second trimester abortion
- Elective abortion
- Elective induction
- Elective termination
- Elective termination by patient
- Elective termination of pregnancy
- Failed abortion
- Failed medical abortion
- Induced abortion
- Induced delivery
- Induced loss of pregnancy
- Induced termination
- Induced termination of pregnancy
- Induced termination of pregnancy by laminaria placement
- Induction of labor
- Induction of labor for pregnancy termination
- Induction of labor for termination of pregnancy
- Induction termination
- Induction termination of preivable infant
- Interrupted elected termination of pregnancy

- Labor induction for pregnancy termination
- Maternal use of abortant
- Medical abortion
- Medical termination
- Medical termination of pregnancy
- Medically indicated termination of pregnancy
- Medically induced termination
- Medication-induced abortion
- Misoprostol-induced abortion
- Patient initiated termination
- Prostaglandin termination
- Self-induced abortion
- Termination induction
- Termination of pregnancy by labor induction
- Termination of pregnancy by prostaglandin
- Termination, elective
- Therapeutic abortion
- Therapeutic termination
- Therapeutic termination of pregnancy
- Voluntary interruption of pregnancy
- Voluntary termination of pregnancy
- VTOP (voluntary termination of pregnancy)

Last Reviewed: April 11, 2016



NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Access to Care Among Adults Aged 18–64 With Serious Psychological Distress: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey, 2012–September 2015

by Robin A. Cohen, Ph.D., and Emily P. Zammitti M.P.H.
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Highlights

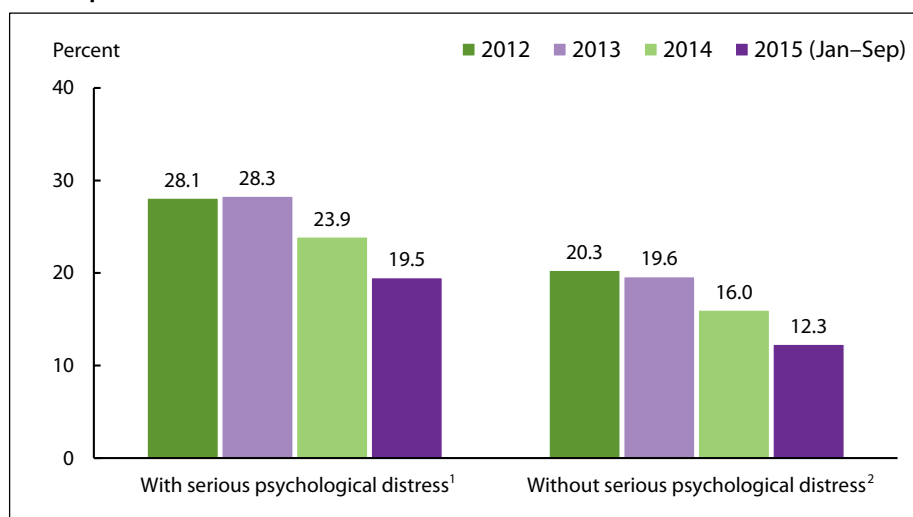
- Among adults aged 18–64 with serious psychological distress, the percentage who were uninsured decreased from 28.1% in 2012 to 19.5% in the first 9 months of 2015. Adults without serious psychological distress saw a decrease in the percentage of uninsured from 20.3% in 2012 to 12.3% in the first 9 months of 2015.
- Although more adults with serious psychological distress have public rather than private coverage, the percentage with public coverage has remained relatively stable from 2012 through the first 9 months of 2015 while the percentage with private coverage has increased over the same time period.
- The percentage of adults with serious psychological distress who have seen a mental health care professional in the past 12 months has declined from 2012 to the first 9 months of 2015.
- In the first 9 months of 2015, 24.4% of adults with serious psychological distress and 6.1% of those without serious psychological distress had not received needed medical care due to cost.
- The percentage of adults with serious psychological distress who needed mental health care but could not afford it declined from 2012 to the first 9 months of 2015.

Introduction

Between 2013 and the first 9 months of 2015 almost 15 million adults aged 18–64 gained health insurance coverage in the United States (1). In monitoring the effects of this shift in coverage, one population of special interest is those with mental health conditions. Previous studies have shown adults with mental health conditions have greater health care needs and are at higher risk for poor health outcomes, but may have reduced access to services (2,3). This report provides estimates of health care access and utilization for adults aged 18–64 with and without serious psychological distress (SPD) in the past 30 days, an indicator of mental health problems severe enough to cause moderate-to-serious impairment in social, occupational, or school functioning and to require treatment. Estimates were based on data from the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) for January 2012 through September 2015.

The Kessler 6 (K6) nonspecific distress scale was used to determine SPD. The K6 asks about the frequency of each of six symptoms, such as nervousness and hopelessness in the past 30 days (4). In the first 9 months of 2015, 3.8% of adults aged 18–64 experienced SPD in the past 30 days. The percentage of adults with SPD in the past 30 days was 3.2% in 2012, 4.0% in 2013, and 3.4% in 2014. It is important to note that there may have been survey respondents who had experienced SPD in the past but were no longer exhibiting the symptoms associated with SPD at the time of the NHIS interview. In this report these survey respondents were not classified as having SPD.

Figure 1. Percentage of adults aged 18–64 with and without serious psychological distress during the past 30 days who were uninsured at the time of interview, by year: United States, 2012–September 2015



¹Significant decreasing linear trend from 2012–September 2015 ($p < 0.05$).

²Significant quadratic trend from 2012–September 2015 ($p < 0.05$).

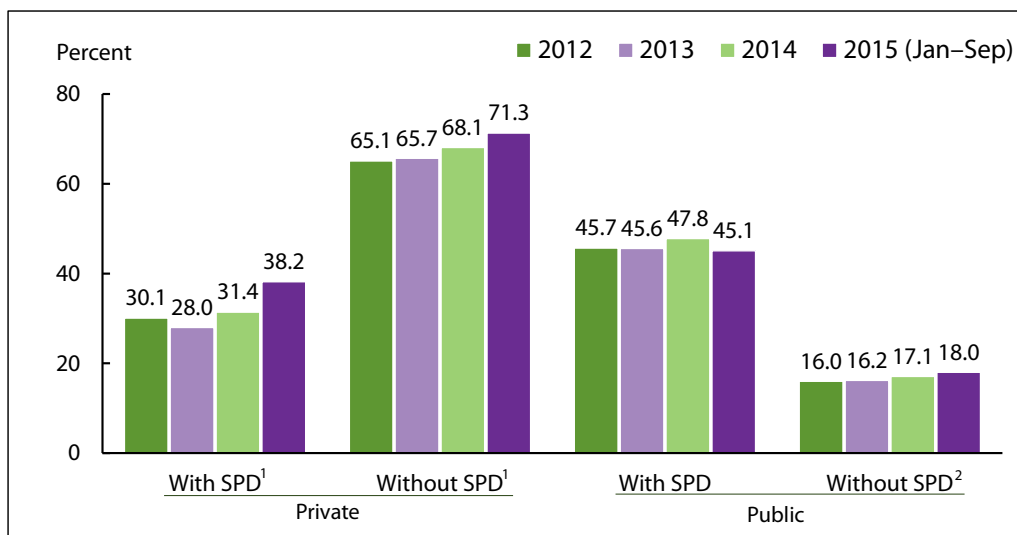
NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012–2015, Family and Sample Adult Core components.

This report is produced by the NHIS Early Release (ER) Program, which releases selected preliminary estimates prior to final microdata release. These estimates are available from the NHIS website at <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm>. For more information about NHIS and the ER Program, see the [Technical Notes](#) and [Additional Early Release Program Products](#) sections at the end of this report.

- Among adults aged 18–64 with SPD in the past 30 days, the percentage who were uninsured at the time of interview decreased from 28.1% in 2012 to 19.5% in the first 9 months of 2015 ([Figure 1](#)).
- Among adults aged 18–64 without SPD, the percentage who were uninsured at the time of interview decreased from 20.3% in 2012 to 12.3% in the first 9 months of 2015. The decline in the percentage who were uninsured occurred after 2013, where a 7.3 percentage point decrease was observed from 19.6% in 2013 to 12.3% in the first 9 months of 2015.
- Within each year, adults aged 18–64 with SPD were more likely to be uninsured compared with those without SPD.

Figure 2. Percentage of adults aged 18–64 with and without serious psychological distress during the past 30 days who had private and public coverage at the time of interview, by year: United States, 2012–September 2015



¹Significant quadratic trend from 2012–September 2015 ($p < 0.05$).

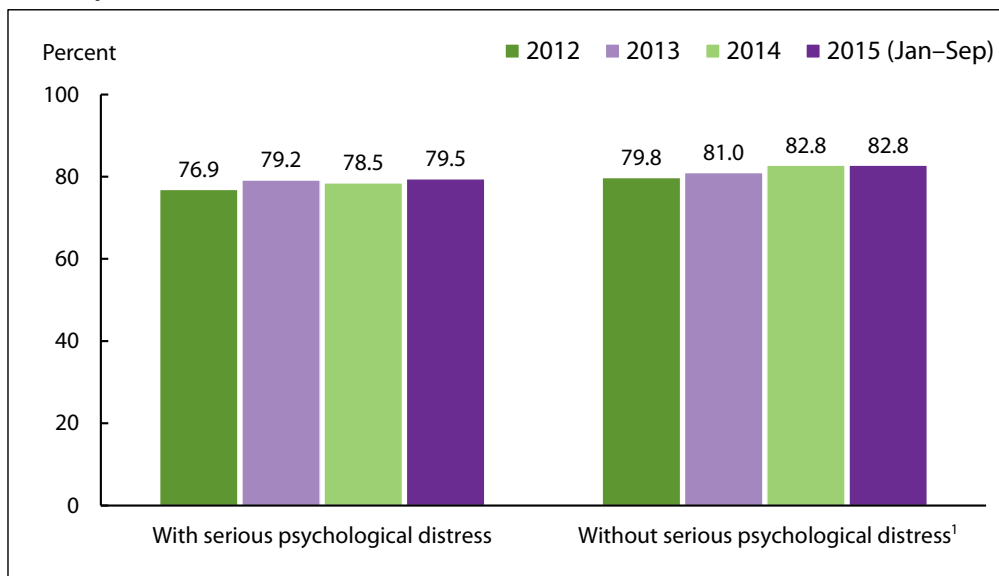
²Significant increasing linear trend from 2012–September 2015 ($p < 0.05$).

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Estimates for adults who experienced serious psychological distress during the past 30 days are denoted with “With SPD” and estimates for adults who did not experience serious psychological distress during the past 30 days are denoted with “Without SPD.”

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012–2015, Family and Sample Adult Core components.

- Among adults aged 18–64 with SPD, the percentage with private coverage increased from 30.1% in 2012 to 38.2% in the first 9 months of 2015 with a 10.2 percentage point increase from 2013 (28.0%) to the first 9 months of 2015 (38.2%). In contrast, the percentage with public coverage remained relatively stable over this time period ([Figure 2](#)).
- Among adults aged 18–64 without SPD, the percentages with private coverage and public coverage increased significantly between 2012 and the first 9 months of 2015. The percentage of those with private coverage increased 5.6 percentage points from 65.7% in 2013 to 71.3% in the first 9 months of 2015.
- Within each year, adults aged 18–64 with SPD were more likely to have public coverage and less likely to have private coverage compared with those without SPD.

Figure 3. Percentage of adults aged 18–64 with and without serious psychological distress during the past 30 days who had a usual place to go for medical care, by year: United States, 2012–September 2015



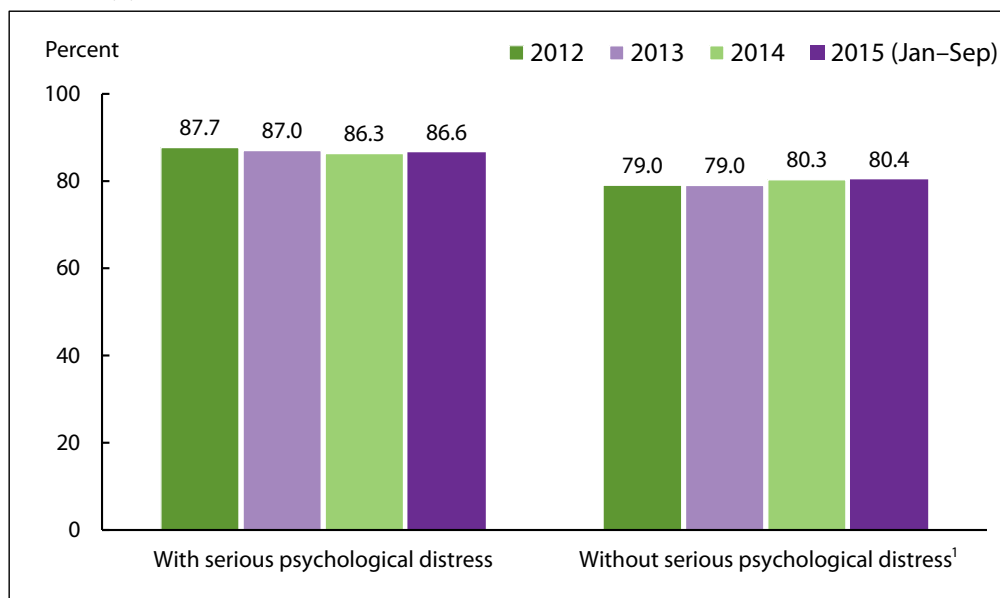
¹Significant increasing linear trend from 2012–September 2015 ($p < 0.05$).

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Usual place to go for medical care does not include a hospital emergency room.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012–2015, Sample Adult Core component.

- Among adults aged 18–64 with SPD in the past 30 days, there was no significant change in the percentage who had a usual place to go for medical care between 2012 and the first 9 months of 2015 (Figure 3). The percentage with a usual place for medical care ranged from 76.9% in 2012 to 79.5% in the first 9 months of 2015.
- Among adults aged 18–64 without SPD, the percentage of those who had a usual place to go for medical care increased from 79.8% in 2012 to 82.8% in the first 9 months of 2015.
- In 2014, adults aged 18–64 with SPD were less likely than those without SPD to have a usual place for medical care. Although the percentages with a usual place for medical care were lower for those with SPD than those without SPD for each of the time periods (2012, 2013, and the first 9 months of 2015), the differences were not significant.

Figure 4. Percentage of adults aged 18–64 with and without serious psychological distress during the past 30 days who had seen or talked to any health care professional in the past 12 months, by year: United States, 2012–September 2015



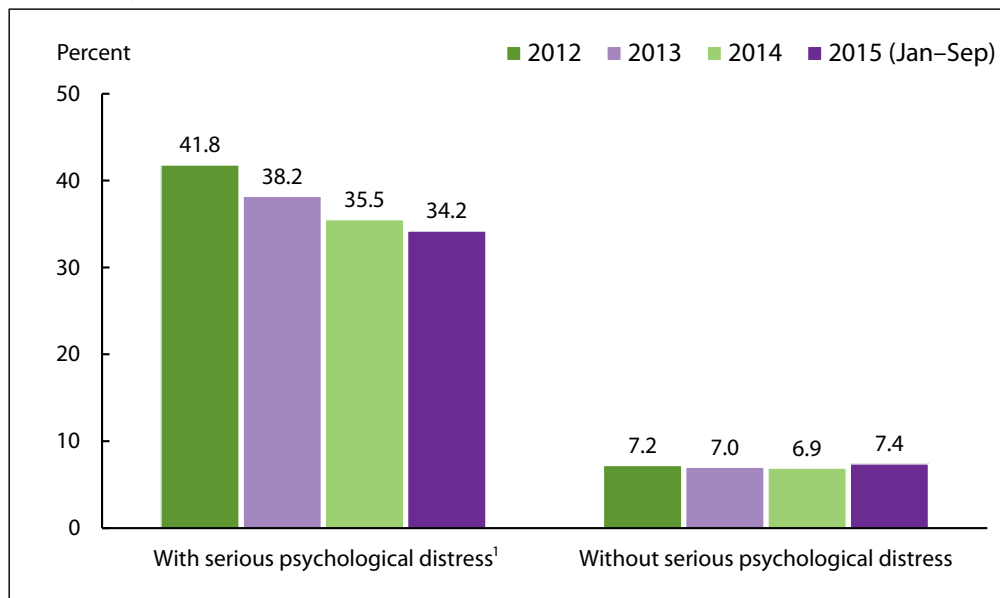
¹Significant increasing linear trend from 2012–September 2015 ($p < 0.05$).

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012–2015, Sample Adult Core component.

- Among adults aged 18–64 with SPD in the past 30 days, the percentage who had seen or talked to any health care professional in the past 12 months remained relatively stable from 2012 (87.7%) to the first 9 months of 2015 (86.6%) (Figure 4).
- Among adults aged 18–64 without SPD, the percentage who had seen or talked to any health care professional in the past 12 months increased from 79.0% in 2012 to 80.4% in the first 9 months of 2015.
- Within each year, adults aged 18–64 with SPD were more likely to have seen or talked to any health care professional in the past 12 months, compared with those without SPD.

Figure 5. Percentage of adults aged 18–64 with and without serious psychological distress during the past 30 days who had seen or talked to a mental health professional in the past 12 months, by year: United States, 2012–September 2015



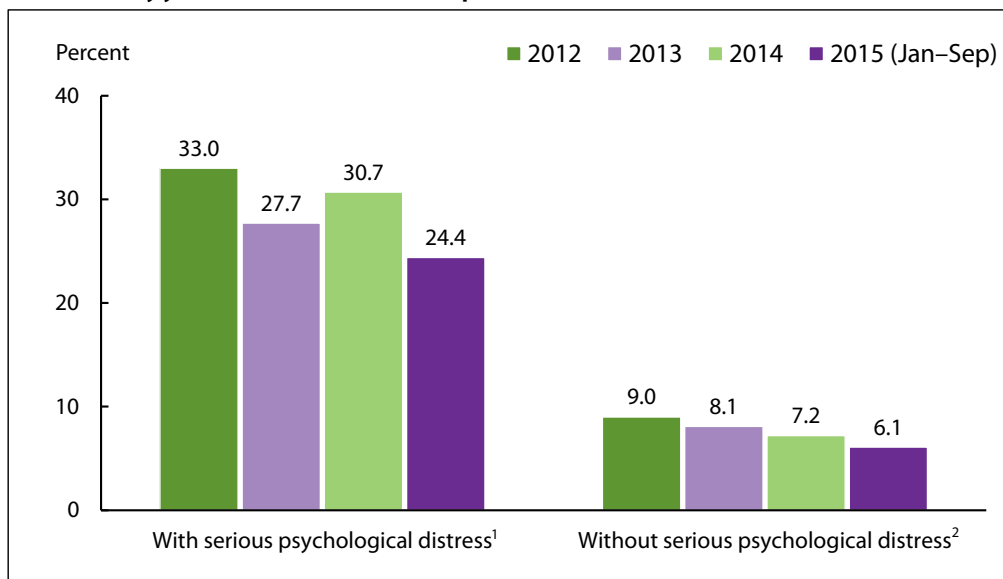
¹Significant decreasing linear trend from 2012–September 2015 ($p < 0.05$).

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012–2015, Sample Adult Core component.

- Among adults aged 18–64 with SPD in the past 30 days, the percentage who had seen or talked to a mental health professional in the past 12 months decreased from 41.8% in 2012 to 34.2% in the first 9 months of 2015 (Figure 5).
- Among adults aged 18–64 without SPD, the percentage of those who had seen or talked to a mental health professional in the past 12 months remained relatively stable between 2012 and the first 9 months of 2015, ranging from 6.9% to 7.4%.
- For all years examined, the percentage who had seen or talked to a mental health professional in the past 12 months was higher among adults aged 18–64 with SPD than among those without SPD.

Figure 6. Percentage of adults aged 18–64 with and without serious psychological distress during the past 30 days who needed medical care in the past 12 months but did not receive it due to cost, by year: United States, 2012–September 2015



¹Significant cubic trend from 2012–September 2015 ($p < 0.05$).

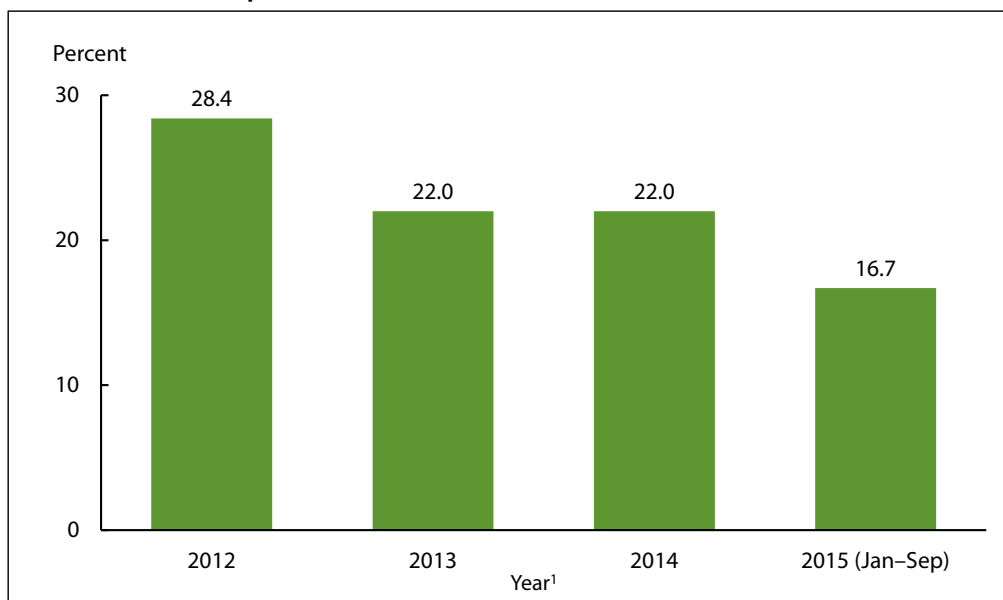
²Significant decreasing linear trend from 2012–September 2015 ($p < 0.05$).

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012–2015, Family and Sample Adult Core components.

- Among adults aged 18–64 with SPD in the past 30 days, the percentage who needed medical care in the past 12 months but did not receive it due to cost decreased from 33.0% in 2012 to 27.7% in 2013. From 2013 to 2014, the increase from 27.7% to 30.7% in the percentage who needed medical care but did not receive it due to cost was not significant. This was followed by a decrease in the percentage who needed medical care but did not get it due to cost from 30.7% in 2014 to 24.4% in the first 9 months of 2015 (Figure 6).
- Among adults aged 18–64 without SPD, the percentage who needed medical care in the past 12 months but did not receive it due to cost decreased from 9.0% in 2012 to 6.1% in the first 9 months of 2015.
- For all years examined, the percentage who needed medical care in the past 12 months but did not receive it due to cost was higher among adults aged 18–64 with SPD than among those without SPD.
- In 2014 and the first 9 months of 2015, adults aged 18–64 with SPD were 4 times as likely to have not received needed medical care in the past 12 months due to cost as those without SPD.

Figure 7. Percentage of adults aged 18–64 with serious psychological distress during the past 30 days who needed mental health care in the past 12 months but could not afford it, by year: United States, 2012–September 2015



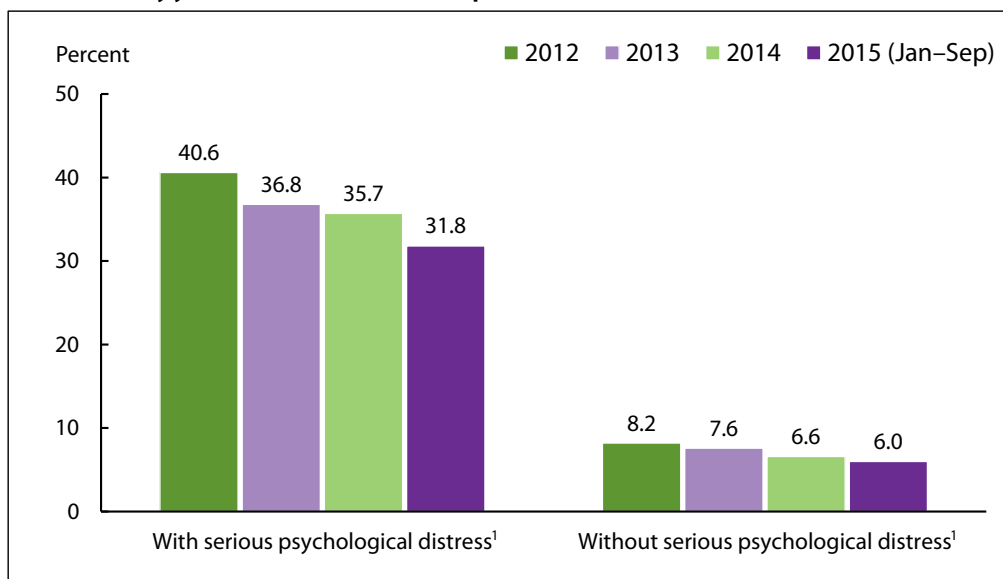
¹Significant decreasing linear trend from 2012–September 2015.

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012–2015, Sample Adult Core component.

- Among adults aged 18–64 with SPD in the past 30 days, the percentage who needed mental health care in the past 12 months but could not afford it decreased from 28.4% in 2012 to 16.7% in the first 9 months of 2015 (Figure 7).

Figure 8. Percentage of adults aged 18–64 with and without serious psychological distress during the past 30 days who needed prescription medication in the past 12 months but could not afford it, by year: United States, 2012–September 2015



¹Significant decreasing linear trend from 2012–September 2015 ($p < 0.05$).

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Prescription medication is not limited to those which may be used to treat mental health conditions.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012–2015, Sample Adult Core component.

- Among adults aged 18–64 with SPD in the past 30 days, the percentage who needed prescription medication in the past 12 months but could not afford it decreased from 40.6% in 2012 to 31.8% in the first 9 months of 2015 (Figure 8).
- Among adults aged 18–64 without SPD, the percentage who needed prescription medication in the past 12 months but could not afford it decreased from 8.2% in 2012 to 6.0% in the first 9 months of 2015.
- Within each year, adults aged 18–64 with SPD were around 5 times as likely as adults without SPD to need prescription medication in the past 12 months but not be able to afford it.

Summary

From 2012 to September 2015, estimates of access to and utilization of health care services have changed among adults aged 18–64, including those with SPD. One of these changes was a significant shift in coverage (1). The percentage of adults with SPD who were uninsured at the time of interview decreased from 2012 to the first 9 months of 2015, with a corresponding increase in private coverage. For those with SPD, the percentage with public coverage remained relatively constant over this time period. Adults without SPD also saw a decrease in the percentage uninsured, with corresponding increases in percentages with private and public coverage. This gain of health insurance may be important, for it can facilitate the use of health services by improving a patient’s ability to afford care (9).

Although adults with SPD had an increase in coverage, there was no significant change in the percentage who had a usual place to go for medical care at the time of interview, or who had seen or talked to a health care professional in the past 12 months. There was a decrease in the percentage of adults with SPD who had seen or talked to a mental health professional in the past 12 months. This may be due to a number of factors, such as an increasing trend in obtaining mental health care from primary care providers (10) or an increasing shortage of mental health professionals (11). Exploring these hypotheses requires further analysis, using more detail than NHIS provides. Many measures associated with not receiving or delaying services due to cost declined for those with and without SPD between 2012 and the first 9 months of 2015. In the first 9 months of 2015, adults with SPD were significantly less likely to have needed mental health care in the past 12 months but not receive it due to cost compared with 2012. In addition, the ability to afford necessary medical care significantly improved over this time period, for both those with and without SPD. Ability to afford prescription drugs also improved over this time period for both groups.

Despite these improvements, disparities still remain. In the first 9 months of 2015, 12.3% of adults without SPD were uninsured compared with 19.5% of those with SPD. At the same time, 6.1% of adults without SPD reported being unable to pay for needed medical care in the past 12 months, while the percentage was 4 times higher (24.4%) among adults with SPD.

Limitations

The SPD measure is based on the six-question K6 and is associated with a high likelihood of having a diagnosable mental illness and associated functional limitations (4). The SPD measure is based on a person's status in the past 30 days. Most access and utilization measures are based on the 12 months prior to interview, with the exception of having a usual place of care, which is a person's status at the time of interview. Health insurance coverage is a person's status at the time of interview. Therefore, an individual's SPD status and health insurance coverage status may have been different at the time of service use. Individuals may move in and out of SPD status. It is possible that a person who exhibited SPD in the past may have been successfully treated and no longer exhibits symptoms associated with SPD. Estimates of health care access and use in the past year for adults with SPD may be underestimated because this report focuses only on those who still have SPD.

Health insurance coverage for those with SPD improved over time and this may lead to improved access for those with SPD. As a result one might expect to see a decline in the prevalence of SPD as those with improved access may be treated and no longer exhibit the symptoms associated with the SPD measure. However, from 2012 through the first 9 months of 2015, the percentage of adults aged 18–64 with SPD remained relatively constant, ranging from 3.2% in 2012 to 4.0% in 2013. It is possible that improved access does not necessarily lead to a successful treatment for SPD. It is also possible that those who still have SPD are increasingly those with poor access. However, increasing problems with access were not observed.

Technical Notes

The National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) is releasing selected estimates of access and utilization for adults with and without serious psychological distress (SPD) for the civilian noninstitutionalized U.S. population based on data from the January 2012–September 2015 National Health Interview Survey (NHIS).

All estimates in this report are based on preliminary data files. The 2015 estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from NHIS. Differences between estimates calculated using preliminary data files and final data files are typically less than 0.1 percentage point. Estimates of adults aged 18–64 with SPD for 2012 through September 2015 are stratified by year, sex, age group, race and ethnicity, poverty status, employment status, and education and are shown in Table 1. Additionally, estimates for adults aged 18–64 with or without SPD for 2012 through September 2015 are stratified by health insurance coverage status and other selected measures of access to and utilization of health care in Table 2.

Data source

Data used to produce this Early Release (ER) report are derived from the Family and Sample Adult components from the January 2012 through September 2015 NHIS. The Family Core component collects information on all family members, and the Sample Adult component collects additional data from one randomly selected adult (the sample adult). Questions about health insurance coverage, and not obtaining or delaying needed medical care due to cost are from the Family Core component. Questions used in the measurement of SPD and all other selected measures of access and utilization of health care are from the Sample Adult component. Data analysis was based on information collected on 27,300, 26,866, 28,095, and 19,706 sample adults for 2012, 2013, 2014, and the first three quarters of 2015, respectively. Visit the NHIS website at: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm> for more information about the design, content, and use of NHIS.

Estimation procedures

NCHS creates survey weights for each calendar quarter of the NHIS sample. The NHIS data weighting procedure is described in more detail at: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_165.pdf. Estimates were calculated using the NHIS survey weights, which are calibrated to census totals for sex, age, and race and ethnicity of the U.S. civilian noninstitutionalized population. Weights for the 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015 NHIS data were derived from 2010 census-based population estimates.

Point estimates, and estimates of their variances, were calculated using SUDAAN software to account for the complex sample design of NHIS. The Taylor series linearization method was used for variance estimation.

Unless otherwise noted, all estimates shown meet the NCHS standard of having less than or equal to 30% relative standard error. Differences between percentages or rates were evaluated using two-sided significance tests at the 0.05 level. Terms such as “more likely” and “less likely” indicate a statistically significant difference. Terms such as “similar” indicate that the estimates being compared were not significantly different. Lack of comment regarding the difference between any two estimates does not necessarily mean that the difference was tested and found to be not significant.

Definitions of selected terms

Serious psychological distress—Defined as having a score greater than or equal to 13 on the Kessler 6 (K6) nonspecific distress scale (4). The six-question K6 was developed to identify persons with a high likelihood of having a diagnosable mental illness and associated functional limitations, using as few questions as possible. The K6 asks about the frequency in the past 30 days of each of six symptoms of mental illness or nonspecific psychological distress:

“During the PAST 30 DAYS, how often did you feel...

1. So sad that nothing could cheer you up;
2. Nervous;
3. Restless or fidgety;
4. Hopeless;
5. That everything was an effort;
6. Worthless.”

These questions are included in the Sample Adult Core component of NHIS. The response codes (0–4) of the six items for each person are summed to yield a scale with a 0–24 range. A value of 13 or more for this scale is used here to define serious psychological distress (4). For all years examined, adults with missing data for any of the six psychological distress questions are excluded from the calculation of the serious psychological distress indicator.

From 1997 through 2012, the six questions on psychological distress were located in the Adult Conditions (ACN) section of the Sample Adult Core questionnaire. The ACN section was preceded by the Adult Socio-Demographic (ASD) section. In 2013, the six psychological distress questions were moved from the ACN section and added to the Adult Selected Items (ASI) section, where they were preceded by questions on sexual orientation, worries related to financial matters, and sleep. Beginning in 2013, the ASI section is the last section fielded in the Sample Adult Core questionnaire. Differences observed in estimates based on the 2012 and earlier NHIS and the 2013 and later NHIS may be partially or fully attributable to this change in placement of the six psychological distress questions on the NHIS questionnaire.

Health insurance coverage at interview—The “private health insurance coverage” category includes persons who had any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. The “public health plan coverage” category includes Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plans, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories. A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have, at the time of the interview, any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, CHIP, state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. The analyses excluded persons with unknown health insurance status (about 1% of respondents each year). Data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for all years were created using these same procedures. Health insurance information is collected for all persons in a family and is reported on an individual basis.

Poverty status—Based on the ratio of the family’s income in the previous calendar year to the appropriate poverty threshold (given the family’s size and number of children) defined by the U.S. Census Bureau for that year (5–8). Persons categorized as “poor” have a poverty ratio less than 100% (i.e., their family income was below the poverty threshold); “near-poor” persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and “not-poor” persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013, 8.8% in 2014, and 8.7% in the first three quarters of 2015. For more information on unknown income and unknown poverty status, see the NHIS Survey Description Document for 2014, available from: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm>.

NCHS provides imputed income files, which are released a few months after the annual release of NHIS microdata and are not available for inclusion in the ER reports. Therefore, estimates stratified by poverty status in this ER report are based on reported income only and may differ from similar estimates produced later that are based on both reported and imputed income.

Additional Early Release Program Products

Additional reports are published through the ER Program. *Early Release of Selected Estimates Based on Data From the National Health Interview Survey* is published quarterly and provides estimates of 15 selected measures of health. Measures of health include estimates of health insurance coverage, having a usual place to go for medical care, obtaining needed medical care, influenza vaccination, pneumococcal vaccination, obesity, leisure-time physical activity, current smoking, alcohol consumption, HIV testing, general health status, personal care needs, serious psychological distress, diagnosed diabetes, and asthma episodes and current asthma.

Health Insurance Coverage: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey is published quarterly and provides detailed estimates of health insurance coverage.

Wireless Substitution: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey is published biannually and provides selected estimates of telephone coverage in the United States.

In addition to these reports, preliminary microdata files containing selected NHIS variables are produced as part of the ER Program. For the 2015 NHIS, these files are made available four times: in August 2015, November 2015, February 2016, and May 2016. NHIS data users can analyze these files through the National Center for Health Statistics Research Data Center without having to wait for the final annual NHIS microdata files to be released.

New measures may be added as work continues and in response to changing data needs. Feedback on these releases is welcome (nhislist@cdc.gov).

Announcements about Early Releases, other new data releases, publications, or corrections related to NHIS will be sent to members of the HISUSERS e-mail list. To join, visit the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at: <http://www.cdc.gov/subscribe.html>.

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Table I. Percentage (and standard error) of adults aged 18–64 with serious psychological distress during the past 30 days, by selected demographic characteristics and year: United States, 2012–September 2015

Selected characteristic	2012	2013 ¹	2014	2015 (Jan–Sep)
Total	3.2 (0.14)	4.0 (0.17)	3.4 (0.14)	3.8 (0.20)
Sex				
Male	2.5 (0.19)	3.3 (0.23)	2.9 (0.20)	3.0 (0.26)
Female	3.9 (0.21)	4.7 (0.24)	3.9 (0.18)	4.5 (0.27)
Age group				
18–44 years	2.8 (0.18)	3.4 (0.22)	2.9 (0.15)	3.6 (0.25)
45–64 years	3.9 (0.22)	5.0 (0.26)	4.1 (0.25)	4.1 (0.28)
Race and ethnicity				
Hispanic	3.1 (0.29)	3.9 (0.35)	4.4 (0.35)	4.1 (0.44)
Non-Hispanic, white only	3.3 (0.19)	4.1 (0.23)	3.1 (0.17)	3.9 (0.26)
Non-Hispanic, black only	3.4 (0.33)	3.8 (0.39)	3.7 (0.42)	3.5 (0.45)
Non-Hispanic, Asian only	*1.5 (0.47)	2.2 (0.48)	1.5 (0.33)	*0.6 (0.22)
Non-Hispanic, other races	6.7 (1.18)	7.4 (1.37)	8.3 (1.69)	*7.3 (2.27)
Poverty status ²				
Poor	8.4 (0.58)	10.7 (0.69)	8.5 (0.50)	9.0 (0.74)
Near-poor	5.0 (0.43)	6.4 (0.48)	5.4 (0.42)	6.2 (0.56)
Not-poor	1.6 (0.13)	2.0 (0.17)	1.8 (0.14)	2.2 (0.20)
Employment status				
Employed	1.4 (0.12)	1.8 (0.15)	1.7 (0.12)	1.9 (0.15)
Not employed	5.4 (0.60)	8.5 (0.99)	7.8 (0.91)	8.7 (1.38)
Not part of the workforce	8.4 (0.50)	9.7 (0.53)	7.5 (0.41)	8.6 (0.57)
Education				
Less than high school diploma	6.5 (0.46)	7.9 (0.58)	6.7 (0.45)	8.9 (0.88)
High school diploma or GED ³	4.3 (0.32)	5.2 (0.37)	4.1 (0.31)	4.6 (0.42)
More than high school diploma	2.1 (0.15)	2.7 (0.17)	2.5 (0.16)	2.5 (0.21)

*Estimate has a relative standard error greater than 30% and therefore should be used with caution, as it does not meet NCHS standards of reliability or precision.

¹In 2013, the six psychological distress questions were moved to the Adult Selected Items section of the Sample Adult questionnaire. Differences observed in estimates based on the 2012 and earlier National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) and the 2013 and later NHIS may be partially or fully attributable to this change in placement of the six psychological distress questions on the NHIS questionnaire. Adults with missing data for any of the six psychological distress questions are excluded from the calculation of the serious psychological distress indicator.

²Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold, "near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold, and "not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. The percentages of respondents with unknown poverty status were 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013, 8.8% in 2014 and 8.7% in the first three quarters of 2015. Estimates for persons with unknown poverty status are not shown separately. For more information on the unknown income and poverty status categories, see the Survey Description Document for the 2014 National Health Interview Survey, available from: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm>. The estimates shown in this report may differ from estimates based on both reported and imputed income.

³GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Six psychological distress questions are included in the Sample Adult Core component of the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS). These six questions ask how often a respondent experienced certain symptoms of psychological distress during the past 30 days. The response codes (0–4) of the six items for each person are summed to yield a scale with a 0–24 range. A value of 13 or more for this scale is used here to define serious psychological distress (3).

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012–2015, Family Core and Sample Adult Core components.

Table II. Percentage (and standard error) of adults aged 18–64 with and without serious psychological distress during the past 30 days, by selected characteristics and year: United States, 2012–September 2015

Selected characteristic	With serious psychological distress	Without serious psychological distress
Health insurance coverage		
Uninsured ¹		
2012	28.1 (1.99)	20.3 (0.38)
2013 ²	28.3 (1.66)	19.6 (0.47)
2014	23.9 (1.80)	16.0 (0.40)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	19.5 (1.97)	12.3 (0.40)
Private ³		
2012	30.1 (2.07)	65.1 (0.47)
2013 ²	28.0 (2.24)	65.7 (0.55)
2014	31.4 (2.12)	68.1 (0.53)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	38.2 (2.47)	71.3 (0.59)
Public ⁴		
2012	45.7 (2.25)	16.0 (0.37)
2013 ²	45.6 (2.18)	16.2 (0.37)
2014	47.8 (2.02)	17.1 (0.42)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	45.1 (2.53)	18.0 (0.51)
Has a usual place to go for medical care ⁵		
2012	76.9 (1.80)	79.8 (0.37)
2013 ²	79.2 (1.64)	81.0 (0.41)
2014	78.5 (1.78)	82.8 (0.35)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	79.5 (1.95)	82.8 (0.41)
Has seen or talked to a health care professional in the past 12 months		
2012	87.7 (1.35)	79.0 (0.39)
2013 ²	87.0 (1.28)	79.0 (0.40)
2014	86.3 (1.45)	80.3 (0.41)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	86.6 (1.79)	80.4 (0.46)
Has seen or talked to a mental health professional in the past 12 months		
2012	41.8 (2.02)	7.2 (0.22)
2013 ²	38.2 (2.06)	7.0 (0.21)
2014	35.5 (2.17)	6.9 (0.30)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	34.2 (2.54)	7.4 (0.30)
Delayed seeking or receiving medical care in past 12 months due to cost		
2012	35.7 (2.02)	12.0 (0.28)
2013 ²	28.8 (1.59)	10.6 (0.27)
2014	33.3 (1.87)	9.8 (0.27)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	26.8 (1.93)	8.5 (0.30)
Needed medical care in past 12 months but did not receive it due to cost		
2012	33.0 (1.79)	9.0 (0.24)
2013 ²	27.7 (1.68)	8.1 (0.24)
2014	30.7 (1.82)	7.2 (0.24)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	24.4 (1.82)	6.1 (0.22)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table II. Percentage (and standard error) of adults aged 18–64 with and without serious psychological distress during the past 30 days, by selected characteristics and year: United States, 2012–September 2015—Continued

Selected characteristic	Experienced serious psychological distress	Did not experience serious psychological distress
Needed prescription medication in past 12 months but did not receive it due to cost ⁶		
2012	40.6 (2.10)	8.2 (0.25)
2013 ²	36.8 (1.76)	7.6 (0.25)
2014	35.7 (1.83)	6.6 (0.25)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	31.8 (2.40)	6.0 (0.25)
Needed mental health care in past 12 months but did not receive it due to cost		
2012	28.4 (1.87)	2.1 (0.10)
2013 ²	22.0 (1.67)	1.6 (0.10)
2014	22.0 (1.82)	1.6 (0.10)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	16.7 (1.84)	1.7 (0.13)
Needed, but did not receive due to cost:		
Medical care only		
2012	16.1 (1.39)	7.9 (0.22)
2013 ²	15.3 (1.30)	7.4 (0.23)
2014	18.1 (1.43)	6.5 (0.23)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	15.1 (1.54)	5.5 (0.21)
Mental health care only		
2012	11.6 (1.53)	1.1 (0.08)
2013 ²	9.6 (1.24)	0.9 (0.07)
2014	9.3 (1.43)	0.9 (0.08)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	7.4 (1.41)	1.0 (0.11)
Both medical and mental health care		
2012	16.8 (1.41)	1.0 (0.07)
2013 ²	12.4 (1.26)	0.8 (0.06)
2014	12.6 (1.39)	0.7 (0.07)
2015 (Jan–Sep)	9.3 (1.29)	0.7 (0.07)

¹Includes persons without private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or a military health plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²In 2013, the six psychological distress questions were moved to the Adult Selected Items section of the Sample Adult questionnaire. Differences observed in estimates based on the 2012 and earlier National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) and the 2013 and later NHIS may be partially or fully attributable to this change in placement of the six psychological distress questions on the NHIS questionnaire. Adults with missing data for any of the six psychological distress questions are excluded from the calculation of the serious psychological distress indicator.

³Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁴Includes Medicaid, CHIP, state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare (disability), and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories

⁵Persons who report the hospital emergency department as their usual place for medical care are defined as not having a usual place of care

⁶In this question, "prescription medications" were not limited to only those used to treat mental health conditions.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Six psychological distress questions are included in the Sample Adult Core component of the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS). These questions ask how often a respondent experienced certain symptoms of psychological distress during the past 30 days. The response codes (0–4) of the six items for each person are summed to yield a scale with a 0–24 range. A value of 13 or more for this scale is used here to define serious psychological distress (3).

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012–2015, Family Core and Sample Adult Core components.

NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 1. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2010 full year	18.2 (0.30)	61.2 (0.50)	...	22.0 (0.38)
Quarter 1	17.5 (0.53)	62.6 (0.99)	...	21.2 (0.71)
Quarter 2	19.2 (0.74)	60.9 (0.92)	...	21.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.50)	60.6 (0.83)	...	22.0 (0.64)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.49)	60.6 (0.89)	...	23.5 (0.68)
2011 full year	17.3 (0.29)	61.2 (0.51)	...	23.0 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.4 (0.49)	61.3 (0.89)	...	22.7 (0.67)
Quarter 2	17.4 (0.48)	61.4 (0.83)	...	22.5 (0.59)
Quarter 3	17.3 (0.54)	60.8 (0.95)	...	23.3 (0.68)
Quarter 4	16.9 (0.51)	61.1 (0.86)	...	23.3 (0.63)
2012 full year	16.9 (0.27)	61.0 (0.47)	...	23.5 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.6 (0.56)	60.2 (0.93)	...	23.5 (0.64)
Quarter 2	16.0 (0.48)	63.0 (0.90)	...	22.6 (0.68)
Quarter 3	17.0 (0.50)	60.3 (0.84)	...	24.2 (0.67)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.47)	60.3 (0.80)	...	23.8 (0.59)
2013 full year	16.6 (0.30)	61.0 (0.52)	...	23.8 (0.35)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.54)	60.3 (0.91)	...	23.9 (0.65)
Quarter 2	16.4 (0.49)	62.1 (0.82)	...	22.9 (0.59)
Quarter 3	16.5 (0.48)	61.2 (0.85)	...	23.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	16.2 (0.53)	60.5 (0.93)	...	24.5 (0.68)
2014 full year	13.3 (0.26)	63.6 (0.46)	2.2 (0.10)	24.5 (0.36)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.47)	61.8 (0.85)	1.4 (0.11)	24.2 (0.68)
Quarter 2	12.9 (0.50)	63.8 (0.81)	2.4 (0.17)	24.7 (0.61)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.44)	64.0 (0.85)	2.5 (0.20)	24.0 (0.62)
Quarter 4	12.1 (0.42)	64.4 (0.90)	2.5 (0.18)	25.0 (0.74)
2015 full year	10.5 (0.22)	65.6 (0.50)	3.8 (0.14)	25.3 (0.43)
Quarter 1	10.7 (0.40)	66.5 (0.88)	3.6 (0.22)	24.2 (0.74)
Quarter 2	10.3 (0.36)	66.7 (0.81)	4.0 (0.24)	24.6 (0.71)
Quarter 3	10.8 (0.43)	64.5 (0.93)	4.2 (0.29)	26.1 (0.77)
Quarter 4	10.3 (0.41)	64.7 (0.95)	3.4 (0.24)	26.3 (0.81)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

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NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
0-17 years				
2010 full year	7.8 (0.32)	53.8 (0.75)	...	39.8 (0.73)
Quarter 1	7.4 (0.51)	55.4 (1.47)	...	38.5 (1.41)
Quarter 2	9.1 (0.79)	53.0 (1.30)	...	39.3 (1.19)
Quarter 3	8.2 (0.56)	53.7 (1.35)	...	39.7 (1.31)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.46)	53.0 (1.35)	...	41.6 (1.30)
2011 full year	7.0 (0.27)	53.3 (0.76)	...	41.0 (0.74)
Quarter 1	6.9 (0.50)	54.4 (1.40)	...	40.3 (1.35)
Quarter 2	7.7 (0.48)	53.7 (1.23)	...	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	7.1 (0.53)	52.3 (1.46)	...	42.1 (1.38)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.45)	53.0 (1.33)	...	41.5 (1.29)
2012 full year	6.6 (0.27)	52.8 (0.73)	...	42.1 (0.72)
Quarter 1	6.7 (0.55)	51.6 (1.35)	...	43.0 (1.24)
Quarter 2	6.4 (0.57)	55.3 (1.34)	...	39.9 (1.38)
Quarter 3	6.8 (0.50)	52.0 (1.30)	...	43.0 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.4 (0.44)	52.4 (1.33)	...	42.3 (1.25)
2013 full year	6.5 (0.26)	52.6 (0.76)	...	42.2 (0.70)
Quarter 1	7.1 (0.52)	51.5 (1.45)	...	42.5 (1.30)
Quarter 2	7.1 (0.51)	54.1 (1.31)	...	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	5.9 (0.49)	52.7 (1.39)	...	42.7 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.0 (0.47)	52.0 (1.34)	...	43.6 (1.24)
2014 full year	5.5 (0.27)	53.7 (0.68)	0.9 (0.11)	42.2 (0.65)
Quarter 1	6.6 (0.55)	51.7 (1.34)	0.5 (0.14)	43.0 (1.32)
Quarter 2	5.6 (0.59)	53.6 (1.28)	1.0 (0.17)	42.5 (1.24)
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.46)	54.6 (1.31)	1.0 (0.19)	40.9 (1.24)
Quarter 4	4.2 (0.40)	54.5 (1.38)	1.3 (0.28)	42.9 (1.39)
2015 full year	4.5 (0.24)	54.7 (0.78)	2.0 (0.18)	42.2 (0.79)
Quarter 1	4.6 (0.50)	56.3 (1.44)	1.6 (0.23)	40.4 (1.38)
Quarter 2	4.5 (0.48)	55.7 (1.34)	1.9 (0.29)	41.1 (1.32)
Quarter 3	4.5 (0.46)	53.3 (1.49)	2.5 (0.39)	43.7 (1.45)
Quarter 4	4.3 (0.43)	53.6 (1.53)	1.9 (0.32)	43.5 (1.54)
18-29 years				
2010 full year	30.9 (0.56)	53.4 (0.64)	...	16.2 (0.45)
Quarter 1	30.6 (1.13)	53.4 (1.34)	...	16.6 (0.92)
Quarter 2	31.9 (1.16)	54.0 (1.25)	...	14.4 (0.73)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.01)	52.2 (1.11)	...	16.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.08)	54.2 (1.31)	...	17.4 (0.86)
2011 full year	27.7 (0.57)	56.4 (0.69)	...	16.7 (0.48)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.01)	55.8 (1.34)	...	17.1 (0.92)
Quarter 2	27.6 (1.02)	57.4 (1.23)	...	16.0 (0.71)
Quarter 3	28.1 (1.10)	55.6 (1.28)	...	17.0 (0.87)
Quarter 4	27.2 (1.02)	56.9 (1.16)	...	16.8 (0.75)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015—Continued

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2012 full year	26.9 (0.54)	56.5 (0.64)	...	17.5 (0.47)
Quarter 1	28.2 (1.10)	54.7 (0.33)	...	17.9 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.09)	58.4 (1.42)	...	17.6 (0.85)
Quarter 3	27.4 (0.99)	55.3 (1.27)	...	18.0 (0.94)
Quarter 4	26.9 (1.12)	57.6 (1.30)	...	16.6 (0.77)
2013 full year	26.1 (0.59)	57.6 (0.68)	...	16.9 (0.46)
Quarter 1	26.5 (1.02)	56.0 (1.24)	...	18.1 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.06)	58.5 (1.21)	...	17.1 (0.87)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.06)	58.8 (1.23)	...	16.1 (0.90)
Quarter 4	26.8 (1.13)	57.2 (1.42)	...	16.5 (0.91)
2014 full year	20.6 (0.49)	61.4 (0.68)	2.1 (0.14)	19.0 (0.50)
Quarter 1	22.2 (0.91)	59.7 (1.36)	1.3 (0.21)	19.0 (0.97)
Quarter 2	19.8 (0.89)	62.2 (1.19)	2.4 (0.31)	18.8 (0.95)
Quarter 3	21.5 (0.99)	61.0 (1.34)	2.3 (0.28)	18.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	19.1 (0.86)	62.4 (1.25)	2.5 (0.30)	19.7 (0.97)
2015 full year	16.5 (0.50)	64.2 (0.68)	3.4 (0.23)	20.2 (0.54)
Quarter 1	17.2 (0.87)	64.0 (1.16)	3.0 (0.42)	19.8 (0.99)
Quarter 2	15.2 (0.74)	65.4 (1.22)	4.0 (0.39)	20.3 (0.97)
Quarter 3	16.9 (0.84)	64.1 (1.18)	3.8 (0.49)	19.7 (0.93)
Quarter 4	16.5 (0.97)	63.4 (1.33)	2.8 (0.36)	21.1 (0.98)
30-64 years				
2010 full year	19.1 (0.36)	67.9 (0.49)	...	14.5 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.2 (0.64)	69.8 (0.88)	...	13.6 (0.53)
Quarter 2	20.0 (0.83)	67.7 (0.95)	...	13.9 (0.48)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.64)	67.2 (0.79)	...	14.5 (0.54)
Quarter 4	18.6 (0.59)	67.0 (0.82)	...	16.0 (0.56)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.34)	67.0 (0.44)	...	15.6 (0.29)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.62)	67.0 (0.79)	...	15.4 (0.52)
Quarter 2	18.9 (0.60)	67.0 (0.80)	...	15.5 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.58)	67.3 (0.82)	...	15.5 (0.50)
Quarter 4	18.7 (0.59)	67.0 (0.84)	...	16.0 (0.58)
2012 full year	18.7 (0.31)	66.8 (0.43)	...	16.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	19.4 (0.65)	66.7 (0.85)	...	15.3 (0.52)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.54)	68.6 (0.78)	...	15.4 (0.51)
Quarter 3	18.6 (0.58)	66.4 (0.80)	...	16.6 (0.57)
Quarter 4	19.2 (0.53)	65.3 (0.72)	...	16.8 (0.53)
2013 full year	18.3 (0.36)	66.6 (0.47)	...	16.7 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.9 (0.68)	66.4 (0.84)	...	16.4 (0.56)
Quarter 2	18.1 (0.59)	67.5 (0.75)	...	16.1 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.7 (0.57)	66.5 (0.76)	...	16.6 (0.52)
Quarter 4	17.8 (0.63)	66.2 (0.88)	...	17.6 (0.59)
2014 full year	14.7 (0.30)	69.4 (0.43)	2.9 (0.13)	17.3 (0.33)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.58)	67.8 (0.74)	1.8 (0.16)	16.5 (0.54)
Quarter 2	14.1 (0.57)	69.6 (0.75)	3.1 (0.23)	17.7 (0.57)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.51)	69.9 (0.81)	3.4 (0.27)	17.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	13.7 (0.53)	70.2 (0.85)	3.1 (0.22)	17.7 (0.66)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015—Continued

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2015 full year	11.5 (0.25)	71.7 (0.43)	4.9 (0.17)	18.5 (0.36)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.45)	72.7 (0.76)	4.9 (0.28)	17.5 (0.60)
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.45)	72.7 (0.72)	5.1 (0.30)	17.6 (0.61)
Quarter 3	11.9 (0.52)	70.4 (0.88)	5.2 (0.31)	19.3 (0.71)
Quarter 4	11.2 (0.48)	70.9 (0.86)	4.3 (0.32)	19.4 (0.74)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.”

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Emily P. Zammiti and Robin A. Cohen of the National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.

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Table 3. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2010 full year	22.3 (0.35)	64.1 (0.46)	...	15.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	21.5 (0.66)	65.5 (0.88)	...	14.4 (0.54)
Quarter 2	23.2 (0.80)	64.0 (0.89)	...	14.0 (0.44)
Quarter 3	23.0 (0.58)	63.2 (0.73)	...	15.0 (0.51)
Quarter 4	21.4 (0.60)	63.6 (0.81)	...	16.4 (0.53)
2011 full year	21.3 (0.34)	64.2 (0.45)	...	15.9 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.6 (0.59)	64.0 (0.79)	...	15.9 (0.50)
Quarter 2	21.2 (0.59)	64.5 (0.79)	...	15.6 (0.47)
Quarter 3	21.3 (0.62)	64.2 (0.84)	...	15.9 (0.52)
Quarter 4	21.0 (0.62)	64.3 (0.78)	...	16.2 (0.51)
2012 full year	20.9 (0.31)	64.1 (0.42)	...	16.4 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.7 (0.66)	63.6 (0.84)	...	16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 2	19.6 (0.59)	65.9 (0.83)	...	16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.9 (0.57)	63.5 (0.79)	...	17.0 (0.55)
Quarter 4	21.3 (0.58)	63.3 (0.73)	...	16.8 (0.50)
2013 full year	20.4 (0.37)	64.2 (0.47)	...	16.7 (0.30)
Quarter 1	20.9 (0.64)	63.6 (0.79)	...	16.9 (0.54)
Quarter 2	19.9 (0.58)	65.1 (0.74)	...	16.3 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.6 (0.59)	64.5 (0.74)	...	16.4 (0.48)
Quarter 4	20.1 (0.64)	63.8 (0.87)	...	17.3 (0.57)
2014 full year	16.3 (0.31)	67.3 (0.43)	2.7 (0.11)	17.7 (0.32)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.55)	65.6 (0.76)	1.7 (0.13)	17.1 (0.53)
Quarter 2	15.6 (0.57)	67.7 (0.73)	2.9 (0.21)	18.0 (0.53)
Quarter 3	16.2 (0.53)	67.6 (0.80)	3.1 (0.23)	17.6 (0.53)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.52)	68.1 (0.81)	2.9 (0.19)	18.2 (0.62)
2015 full year	12.8 (0.27)	69.7 (0.43)	4.5 (0.16)	18.9 (0.36)
Quarter 1	13.0 (0.45)	70.4 (0.77)	4.4 (0.27)	18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	12.4 (0.43)	70.8 (0.71)	4.8 (0.27)	18.3 (0.60)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.51)	68.8 (0.83)	4.9 (0.29)	19.4 (0.66)
Quarter 4	12.6 (0.52)	69.0 (0.84)	3.9 (0.27)	19.9 (0.66)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

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NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
Male				
2010 full year	25.3 (0.44)	63.4 (0.51)	...	12.5 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.7 (0.84)	64.7 (0.93)	...	12.0 (0.54)
Quarter 2	26.4 (0.93)	63.5 (0.99)	...	11.2 (0.49)
Quarter 3	26.3 (0.75)	62.2 (0.82)	...	12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 4	24.0 (0.74)	63.3 (0.87)	...	14.1 (0.55)
2011 full year	23.7 (0.40)	63.9 (0.49)	...	13.8 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.72)	63.7 (0.86)	...	13.6 (0.52)
Quarter 2	23.8 (0.72)	64.0 (0.92)	...	13.5 (0.51)
Quarter 3	23.4 (0.75)	64.2 (0.90)	...	14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	23.6 (0.69)	63.8 (0.82)	...	14.0 (0.53)
2012 full year	23.2 (0.38)	64.0 (0.46)	...	14.2 (0.31)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.78)	63.6 (0.92)	...	13.8 (0.54)
Quarter 2	21.6 (0.68)	66.1 (0.90)	...	13.9 (0.58)
Quarter 3	23.5 (0.71)	63.5 (0.82)	...	14.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	23.8 (0.71)	62.7 (0.84)	...	14.5 (0.54)
2013 full year	22.5 (0.42)	64.6 (0.49)	...	14.2 (0.32)
Quarter 1	23.3 (0.80)	63.9 (0.90)	...	14.3 (0.58)
Quarter 2	22.7 (0.72)	64.3 (0.84)	...	14.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	22.3 (0.70)	65.0 (0.80)	...	14.1 (0.54)
Quarter 4	21.9 (0.78)	65.0 (0.90)	...	14.3 (0.56)
2014 full year	18.3 (0.38)	67.7 (0.47)	2.4 (0.12)	15.2 (0.36)
Quarter 1	20.0 (0.66)	66.3 (0.84)	1.6 (0.14)	14.9 (0.59)
Quarter 2	17.8 (0.72)	67.8 (0.79)	2.7 (0.24)	15.7 (0.64)
Quarter 3	18.1 (0.66)	67.8 (0.85)	2.7 (0.24)	15.4 (0.58)
Quarter 4	17.3 (0.65)	68.7 (0.92)	2.8 (0.21)	15.1 (0.66)
2015 full year	14.9 (0.31)	69.9 (0.47)	4.1 (0.18)	16.6 (0.37)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.55)	70.6 (0.88)	3.9 (0.31)	15.6 (0.69)
Quarter 2	14.3 (0.53)	71.6 (0.81)	4.7 (0.30)	15.4 (0.62)
Quarter 3	15.8 (0.65)	68.3 (0.88)	4.1 (0.32)	17.3 (0.66)
Quarter 4	14.3 (0.67)	69.1 (0.96)	3.7 (0.32)	18.2 (0.74)
Female				
2010 full year	19.3 (0.32)	64.7 (0.47)	...	17.4 (0.38)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.65)	66.2 (0.95)	...	16.8 (0.68)
Quarter 2	20.1 (0.76)	64.5 (0.92)	...	16.8 (0.55)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.57)	64.2 (0.80)	...	17.3 (0.67)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.60)	64.0 (0.87)	...	18.6 (0.68)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.36)	64.5 (0.47)	...	18.0 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.59)	64.3 (0.86)	...	18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	18.6 (0.59)	64.9 (0.81)	...	17.8 (0.57)
Quarter 3	19.3 (0.64)	64.1 (0.89)	...	17.8 (0.65)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.71)	64.8 (0.93)	...	18.4 (0.66)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015—*Continued*

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2012 full year	18.6 (0.33)	64.2 (0.44)	...	18.6 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.6 (0.66)	63.5 (0.90)	...	18.0 (0.61)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.60)	65.8 (0.86)	...	18.0 (0.57)
Quarter 3	18.5 (0.61)	63.5 (0.88)	...	19.5 (0.66)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.59)	63.9 (0.76)	...	18.9 (0.59)
2013 full year	18.3 (0.37)	64.0 (0.51)	...	19.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	18.7 (0.62)	63.4 (0.85)	...	19.3 (0.65)
Quarter 2	17.3 (0.57)	65.9 (0.79)	...	18.4 (0.59)
Quarter 3	18.9 (0.60)	63.9 (0.81)	...	18.7 (0.57)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.67)	62.6 (0.96)	...	20.2 (0.73)
2014 full year	14.3 (0.30)	66.9 (0.46)	2.9 (0.13)	20.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	16.8 (0.59)	65.1 (0.86)	1.8 (0.18)	19.3 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.56)	67.6 (0.84)	3.1 (0.23)	20.2 (0.64)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.52)	67.4 (0.89)	3.5 (0.28)	19.7 (0.66)
Quarter 4	12.9 (0.54)	67.6 (0.85)	3.1 (0.23)	21.2 (0.73)
2015 full year	10.8 (0.29)	69.6 (0.47)	4.8 (0.17)	21.2 (0.42)
Quarter 1	10.9 (0.46)	70.2 (0.80)	4.8 (0.30)	20.5 (0.69)
Quarter 2	10.6 (0.45)	70.0 (0.75)	4.8 (0.32)	21.1 (0.71)
Quarter 3	10.8 (0.53)	69.3 (0.95)	5.6 (0.35)	21.5 (0.81)
Quarter 4	10.9 (0.53)	68.8 (0.89)	4.2 (0.31)	21.5 (0.76)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.”

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

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Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
Hispanic or Latino ⁵				
2010 full year	43.2 (0.91)	41.1 (0.85)	...	16.3 (0.64)
Quarter 1	42.4 (1.72)	42.9 (1.67)	...	15.4 (1.10)
Quarter 2	44.9 (1.39)	39.7 (1.37)	...	15.8 (0.92)
Quarter 3	44.1 (1.78)	40.5 (1.69)	...	15.8 (0.98)
Quarter 4	41.5 (1.38)	41.1 (1.45)	...	18.1 (1.00)
2011 full year	42.2 (0.89)	40.3 (0.82)	...	18.1 (0.63)
Quarter 1	42.0 (1.60)	41.2 (1.95)	...	17.1 (1.18)
Quarter 2	41.4 (1.46)	40.2 (1.31)	...	19.0 (0.86)
Quarter 3	42.6 (1.38)	39.5 (1.41)	...	18.6 (1.10)
Quarter 4	42.7 (1.57)	40.2 (1.39)	...	17.6 (1.00)
2012 full year	41.3 (0.89)	40.4 (0.73)	...	19.0 (0.64)
Quarter 1	42.6 (1.72)	41.0 (1.68)	...	17.1 (1.02)
Quarter 2	39.7 (1.29)	42.0 (1.49)	...	19.3 (1.04)
Quarter 3	40.5 (1.55)	39.8 (1.34)	...	20.1 (1.39)
Quarter 4	42.2 (1.58)	38.8 (1.42)	...	19.7 (1.03)
2013 full year	40.6 (0.88)	42.1 (0.70)	...	18.0 (0.62)
Quarter 1	41.4 (1.95)	40.7 (1.52)	...	18.6 (1.17)
Quarter 2	41.3 (1.51)	41.9 (1.24)	...	17.5 (0.94)
Quarter 3	39.5 (1.38)	43.0 (1.49)	...	18.1 (1.11)
Quarter 4	40.3 (1.47)	42.7 (1.40)	...	17.7 (0.95)
2014 full year	33.7 (0.76)	46.4 (0.86)	2.6 (0.30)	20.6 (0.73)
Quarter 1	35.7 (1.43)	44.8 (1.62)	1.4 (0.30)	20.1 (1.09)
Quarter 2	33.2 (1.42)	47.2 (1.55)	3.0 (0.61)	20.3 (1.16)
Quarter 3	34.0 (1.40)	46.8 (1.44)	3.4 (0.55)	19.8 (1.12)
Quarter 4	31.8 (1.47)	47.0 (1.54)	2.6 (0.37)	22.1 (1.22)
2015 full year	27.7 (0.72)	50.0 (0.85)	5.1 (0.40)	23.0 (0.84)
Quarter 1	28.3 (1.24)	49.8 (1.42)	5.4 (0.55)	22.7 (1.26)
Quarter 2	26.1 (1.30)	53.2 (1.46)	4.2 (0.58)	21.4 (1.28)
Quarter 3	29.3 (1.33)	48.2 (1.40)	5.3 (0.65)	23.1 (1.25)
Quarter 4	27.2 (1.36)	48.8 (1.56)	5.4 (0.66)	24.7 (1.41)
Non-Hispanic white, single race				
2010 full year	16.4 (0.35)	72.2 (0.52)	...	12.8 (0.34)
Quarter 1	15.6 (0.63)	73.4 (0.93)	...	12.5 (0.60)
Quarter 2	17.0 (0.65)	72.7 (0.83)	...	11.7 (0.49)
Quarter 3	16.7 (0.64)	71.5 (0.92)	...	13.0 (0.63)
Quarter 4	16.1 (0.66)	71.4 (0.89)	...	14.1 (0.61)
2011 full year	15.6 (0.35)	72.5 (0.48)	...	13.4 (0.31)
Quarter 1	16.1 (0.64)	71.8 (0.87)	...	13.6 (0.57)
Quarter 2	15.8 (0.60)	72.9 (0.85)	...	12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 3	15.7 (0.64)	72.6 (0.86)	...	13.3 (0.61)
Quarter 4	14.8 (0.59)	72.8 (0.94)	...	14.1 (0.62)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2012 full year	15.1 (0.31)	72.7 (0.46)	...	13.7 (0.33)
Quarter 1	16.0 (0.67)	72.3 (0.88)	...	13.1 (0.58)
Quarter 2	14.2 (0.62)	74.5 (0.83)	...	13.1 (0.51)
Quarter 3	15.1 (0.58)	71.9 (0.87)	...	14.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.59)	72.3 (0.85)	...	13.9 (0.57)
2013 full year	14.5 (0.34)	72.7 (0.49)	...	14.4 (0.32)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.62)	71.8 (0.91)	...	14.6 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.9 (0.54)	73.6 (0.82)	...	14.2 (0.61)
Quarter 3	14.7 (0.61)	72.8 (0.80)	...	14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	14.0 (0.61)	72.6 (0.96)	...	14.7 (0.67)
2014 full year	11.6 (0.29)	75.3 (0.47)	2.5 (0.13)	14.6 (0.36)
Quarter 1	13.5 (0.58)	73.7 (0.87)	1.6 (0.16)	14.1 (0.66)
Quarter 2	11.1 (0.58)	75.5 (0.81)	2.6 (0.23)	14.9 (0.61)
Quarter 3	11.4 (0.52)	75.6 (0.88)	2.9 (0.28)	14.6 (0.67)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.55)	76.2 (0.93)	2.8 (0.24)	14.8 (0.71)
2015 full year	8.7 (0.25)	77.3 (0.47)	4.3 (0.18)	15.7 (0.42)
Quarter 1	8.7 (0.50)	78.6 (0.78)	4.0 (0.30)	14.4 (0.63)
Quarter 2	8.8 (0.47)	78.0 (0.78)	4.7 (0.33)	14.9 (0.68)
Quarter 3	8.9 (0.48)	75.7 (0.93)	4.6 (0.39)	17.0 (0.80)
Quarter 4	8.3 (0.55)	77.0 (0.96)	3.7 (0.36)	16.2 (0.81)
Non-Hispanic black, single race				
2010 full year	27.2 (0.75)	49.3 (0.81)	...	25.3 (0.70)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.41)	49.5 (1.60)	...	24.3 (1.41)
Quarter 2	26.5 (1.33)	49.4 (1.72)	...	25.7 (1.32)
Quarter 3	28.6 (1.14)	48.6 (1.35)	...	24.8 (1.31)
Quarter 4	25.6 (1.33)	49.6 (1.80)	...	26.3 (1.46)
2011 full year	24.8 (0.65)	50.5 (0.79)	...	26.2 (0.75)
Quarter 1	23.9 (1.26)	52.2 (1.67)	...	25.8 (1.18)
Quarter 2	24.2 (1.24)	51.1 (1.55)	...	26.5 (1.44)
Quarter 3	25.0 (1.16)	50.1 (1.49)	...	25.9 (1.27)
Quarter 4	26.2 (1.44)	48.8 (1.57)	...	26.6 (1.49)
2012 full year	23.6 (0.61)	50.8 (0.75)	...	27.0 (0.68)
Quarter 1	26.0 (1.19)	46.3 (1.50)	...	29.1 (1.21)
Quarter 2	21.9 (1.34)	53.1 (1.93)	...	25.8 (1.40)
Quarter 3	24.1 (1.05)	51.7 (1.47)	...	25.7 (1.27)
Quarter 4	22.6 (1.25)	52.2 (1.52)	...	27.3 (1.34)
2013 full year	24.9 (0.62)	50.0 (0.91)	...	26.6 (0.80)
Quarter 1	25.5 (1.16)	50.6 (1.58)	...	25.0 (1.37)
Quarter 2	23.6 (1.23)	50.8 (1.68)	...	26.7 (1.32)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.23)	50.3 (1.45)	...	26.0 (1.25)
Quarter 4	24.6 (1.39)	48.3 (1.70)	...	28.7 (1.55)
2014 full year	17.7 (0.60)	53.4 (0.84)	2.9 (0.27)	30.5 (0.73)
Quarter 1	20.2 (1.16)	51.6 (1.67)	1.4 (0.38)	29.7 (1.30)
Quarter 2	15.9 (1.04)	54.4 (1.73)	3.7 (0.51)	31.1 (1.53)
Quarter 3	17.5 (1.00)	52.6 (1.81)	3.3 (0.48)	31.5 (1.54)
Quarter 4	17.2 (1.16)	55.0 (1.82)	3.3 (0.55)	29.8 (1.59)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2015 full year	14.4 (0.57)	57.8 (0.90)	4.0 (0.34)	29.7 (0.84)
Quarter 1	15.6 (1.00)	56.7 (1.50)	4.1 (0.73)	29.7 (1.46)
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.97)	57.9 (1.72)	4.2 (0.61)	30.5 (1.37)
Quarter 3	14.7 (1.17)	60.3 (1.55)	4.4 (0.53)	27.2 (1.18)
Quarter 4	14.0 (1.14)	56.5 (1.99)	3.2 (0.48)	31.4 (1.89)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.”

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁵Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Emily P. Zammiti and Robin A. Cohen of the National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.

NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage ⁵
Poor (<100% FPL)				
2010 full year	42.2 (0.99)	19.6 (0.89)	...	38.8 (0.97)
Quarter 1	44.0 (1.79)	17.6 (0.68)	...	39.1 (1.82)
Quarter 2	43.5 (1.87)	19.4 (1.67)	...	37.5 (1.83)
Quarter 3	43.7 (1.75)	17.0 (1.50)	...	40.0 (1.75)
Quarter 4	38.1 (1.58)	24.1 (1.61)	...	38.6 (1.74)
2011 full year	40.1 (0.91)	21.2 (1.02)	...	39.6 (0.93)
Quarter 1	39.8 (0.64)	21.6 (1.79)	...	39.3 (1.67)
Quarter 2	37.2 (1.83)	23.8 (2.48)	...	39.9 (1.87)
Quarter 3	42.2 (1.84)	17.1 (1.86)	...	41.7 (1.64)
Quarter 4	41.1 (1.84)	22.1 (1.98)	...	37.5 (1.83)
2012 full year	40.1 (0.90)	20.2 (1.09)	...	40.8 (0.94)
Quarter 1	42.7 (1.62)	19.6 (1.69)	...	38.6 (1.60)
Quarter 2	38.9 (2.03)	21.0 (3.13)	...	41.3 (1.71)
Quarter 3	41.0 (1.43)	17.2 (1.46)	...	42.3 (1.82)
Quarter 4	37.6 (1.58)	22.6 (1.96)	...	40.9 (1.62)
2013 full year	39.3 (1.00)	19.0 (0.97)	...	42.4 (0.95)
Quarter 1	39.1 (1.74)	19.5 (1.87)	...	42.4 (1.91)
Quarter 2	38.9 (1.79)	19.0 (2.22)	...	42.7 (1.76)
Quarter 3	40.2 (1.90)	18.1 (2.26)	...	42.3 (1.76)
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.77)	19.3 (1.70)	...	42.3 (1.77)
2014 full year	32.3 (0.93)	21.9 (0.92)	2.2 (0.20)	46.6 (0.95)
Quarter 1	34.9 (1.53)	20.5 (1.59)	1.0 (0.27)	45.4 (1.74)
Quarter 2	33.5 (2.03)	20.2 (1.61)	2.5 (0.49)	47.0 (2.11)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.78)	21.5 (2.06)	2.1 (0.37)	47.5 (1.70)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.72)	25.1 (2.00)	3.2 (0.50)	46.5 (1.88)
2015 full year	25.2 (0.90)	24.3 (1.04)	3.8 (0.39)	51.7 (1.08)
Quarter 1	28.0 (1.57)	23.1 (1.50)	3.6 (0.65)	50.3 (2.06)
Quarter 2	25.0 (1.51)	24.6 (1.97)	4.3 (0.85)	51.6 (1.93)
Quarter 3	25.2 (1.70)	23.5 (2.67)	4.6 (0.82)	52.7 (2.55)
Quarter 4	22.4 (1.63)	25.9 (2.20)	2.7 (0.53)	52.4 (1.95)
Near-poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)				
2010 full year	43.0 (0.74)	34.7 (0.74)	...	23.7 (0.55)
Quarter 1	43.8 (1.41)	34.8 (1.48)	...	22.8 (1.15)
Quarter 2	44.2 (1.52)	35.0 (1.44)	...	22.1 (1.17)
Quarter 3	43.9 (1.50)	34.3 (1.54)	...	23.5 (1.14)
Quarter 4	40.2 (1.51)	34.8 (1.59)	...	26.6 (1.35)
2011 full year	40.1 (0.72)	35.4 (0.75)	...	25.9 (0.69)
Quarter 1	40.3 (1.24)	36.1 (1.37)	...	25.4 (1.21)
Quarter 2	42.1 (1.41)	33.5 (1.32)	...	25.7 (1.14)
Quarter 3	39.0 (1.31)	36.0 (1.34)	...	26.0 (1.25)
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.49)	35.9 (1.40)	...	26.5 (1.27)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015—Continued

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage ⁵
2012 full year	39.2 (0.68)	37.2 (0.74)	...	25.2 (0.57)
Quarter 1	41.0 (1.28)	35.8 (1.44)	...	24.4 (1.13)
Quarter 2	37.8 (1.42)	38.4 (1.46)	...	25.7 (1.12)
Quarter 3	38.0 (1.51)	38.6 (1.62)	...	25.1 (1.16)
Quarter 4	40.0 (1.44)	35.9 (1.45)	...	25.4 (1.21)
2013 full year	38.5 (0.84)	36.4 (0.78)	...	26.6 (0.78)
Quarter 1	39.2 (1.42)	33.8 (1.38)	...	28.4 (1.42)
Quarter 2	38.4 (1.55)	37.9 (1.50)	...	25.4 (1.33)
Quarter 3	37.9 (1.34)	39.3 (1.39)	...	24.1 (1.19)
Quarter 4	38.6 (1.42)	34.6 (1.38)	...	28.5 (1.44)
2014 full year	30.9 (0.72)	41.2 (0.81)	4.5 (0.33)	29.6 (0.76)
Quarter 1	34.4 (1.58)	39.3 (1.53)	2.2 (0.40)	27.5 (1.24)
Quarter 2	28.5 (1.20)	43.5 (1.38)	5.1 (0.56)	29.6 (1.21)
Quarter 3	31.3 (1.32)	42.1 (1.43)	5.3 (0.70)	28.7 (1.27)
Quarter 4	29.2 (1.31)	40.0 (1.47)	5.2 (0.66)	32.6 (1.41)
2015 full year	24.1 (0.62)	43.8 (0.79)	7.9 (0.48)	34.2 (0.80)
Quarter 1	23.8 (1.14)	45.9 (1.43)	8.6 (0.92)	32.8 (1.43)
Quarter 2	24.0 (1.17)	45.8 (1.47)	8.6 (0.88)	32.5 (1.42)
Quarter 3	24.4 (1.22)	41.3 (1.54)	7.3 (0.99)	36.1 (1.47)
Quarter 4	24.2 (1.35)	42.4 (1.68)	7.0 (0.82)	35.5 (1.69)
Not-poor (≥200% FPL)				
2010 full year	12.6 (0.27)	80.8 (0.36)	...	8.1 (0.27)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.50)	82.2 (0.66)	...	7.8 (0.45)
Quarter 2	13.2 (0.57)	80.8 (0.66)	...	7.4 (0.36)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.57)	80.1 (0.65)	...	8.1 (0.51)
Quarter 4	12.4 (0.54)	80.1 (0.69)	...	9.0 (0.46)
2011 full year	12.0 (0.28)	81.1 (0.35)	...	8.3 (0.23)
Quarter 1	12.0 (0.55)	81.1 (0.64)	...	8.3 (0.40)
Quarter 2	12.5 (0.49)	80.5 (0.64)	...	8.4 (0.39)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.49)	81.5 (0.64)	...	8.0 (0.39)
Quarter 4	11.6 (0.50)	81.4 (0.66)	...	8.6 (0.43)
2012 full year	11.4 (0.26)	81.3 (0.38)	...	8.7 (0.29)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.52)	81.4 (0.68)	...	8.5 (0.52)
Quarter 2	11.3 (0.52)	81.7 (0.68)	...	8.5 (0.44)
Quarter 3	11.3 (0.44)	81.0 (0.64)	...	9.3 (0.51)
Quarter 4	11.7 (0.44)	80.9 (0.62)	...	8.7 (0.49)
2013 full year	11.4 (0.27)	81.2 (0.37)	...	8.9 (0.26)
Quarter 1	11.7 (0.56)	81.7 (0.74)	...	8.1 (0.47)
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.48)	81.0 (0.62)	...	9.0 (0.45)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.54)	80.0 (0.66)	...	9.6 (0.44)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.59)	82.0 (0.73)	...	8.8 (0.47)
2014 full year	8.9 (0.23)	83.9 (0.35)	2.3 (0.12)	8.5 (0.26)
Quarter 1	10.1 (0.48)	83.0 (0.62)	1.7 (0.18)	8.1 (0.44)
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.43)	83.0 (0.64)	2.5 (0.23)	9.7 (0.48)
Quarter 3	8.5 (0.40)	84.4 (0.57)	2.7 (0.27)	8.3 (0.42)
Quarter 4	8.3 (0.44)	85.1 (0.61)	2.4 (0.22)	8.0 (0.46)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2015—Continued

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage ⁵
2015 full year	7.6 (0.22)	84.7 (0.33)	3.8 (0.17)	9.1 (0.27)
Quarter 1	7.5 (0.42)	85.3 (0.65)	3.5 (0.28)	8.6 (0.49)
Quarter 2	7.5 (0.36)	85.2 (0.56)	3.8 (0.28)	8.8 (0.46)
Quarter 3	8.1 (0.46)	83.8 (0.64)	4.3 (0.32)	9.6 (0.46)
Quarter 4	7.3 (0.47)	84.7 (0.68)	3.4 (0.32)	9.3 (0.54)

... Category not applicable.

¹Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 12.2% in 2010, 11.5% in 2011, 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013, 8.8% in 2014, and 8.8% in 2015. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

²A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

³Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁴Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁵Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

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NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 7. Percentages and number in millions of persons under age 65 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–December 2015

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Age group		
Under age 65		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.10)	5.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.11)	3.7
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.17)	6.3
Quarter 3	2.5 (0.20)	6.8
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.18)	6.7
2015 full year	3.8 (0.14)	10.2
Quarter 1	3.6 (0.22)	9.7
Quarter 2	4.0 (0.24)	10.7
Quarter 3	4.2 (0.29)	11.3
Quarter 4	3.4 (0.24)	9.1
Age 0–17		
2014 full year	0.9 (0.11)	0.7
Quarter 1	0.5 (0.14)	0.4
Quarter 2	1.0 (0.17)	0.7
Quarter 3	1.0 (0.19)	0.8
Quarter 4	1.3 (0.28)	0.9
2015 full year	2.0 (0.18)	1.4
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.23)	1.2
Quarter 2	1.9 (0.29)	1.4
Quarter 3	2.5 (0.39)	1.8
Quarter 4	1.9 (0.32)	1.4
Age 18–64		
2014 full year	2.7 (0.11)	5.2
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.13)	3.3
Quarter 2	2.9 (0.21)	5.7
Quarter 3	3.1 (0.23)	6.1
Quarter 4	2.9 (0.19)	5.7
2015 full year	4.5 (0.16)	8.8
Quarter 1	4.4 (0.27)	8.6
Quarter 2	4.8 (0.27)	9.3
Quarter 3	4.9 (0.29)	9.5
Quarter 4	3.9 (0.27)	7.8
Age 18–29		
2014 full year	2.1 (0.14)	1.1
Quarter 1	1.3 (0.21)	0.6
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.31)	1.2
Quarter 3	2.3 (0.28)	1.2
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.30)	1.3
2015 full year	3.4 (0.23)	1.8
Quarter 1	3.0 (0.42)	1.6
Quarter 2	4.0 (0.39)	2.1
Quarter 3	3.8 (0.49)	1.9
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.36)	1.5

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 7. Percentages and number in millions of persons under age 65 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–December 2015—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Age 30–64		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	4.1
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.16)	2.6
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	4.4
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.27)	4.9
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.22)	4.4
2015 full year	4.9 (0.17)	7.0
Quarter 1	4.9 (0.28)	7.0
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.30)	7.3
Quarter 3	5.2 (0.31)	7.6
Quarter 4	4.3 (0.32)	6.3

¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.” These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014–2015, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Emily P. Zammiti and Robin A. Cohen of the National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.

NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–December 2015

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Sex		
Male		
2014 full year	2.4 (0.12)	2.3
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.14)	1.5
Quarter 2	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.21)	2.7
2015 full year	4.1 (0.18)	4.0
Quarter 1	3.9 (0.31)	3.7
Quarter 2	4.7 (0.30)	4.5
Quarter 3	4.1 (0.32)	4.1
Quarter 4	3.7 (0.32)	3.6
Female		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	2.9
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.18)	1.8
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
Quarter 3	3.5 (0.28)	3.4
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
2015 full year	4.8 (0.17)	4.8
Quarter 1	4.8 (0.30)	4.8
Quarter 2	4.8 (0.32)	4.8
Quarter 3	5.6 (0.35)	5.6
Quarter 4	4.2 (0.31)	4.2
Race/ethnicity		
Hispanic or Latino ²		
2014 full year	2.6 (0.30)	0.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.30)	0.5
Quarter 2	3.0 (0.61)	1.0
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.55)	1.1
Quarter 4	2.6 (0.37)	0.9
2015 full year	5.1 (0.40)	1.7
Quarter 1	5.4 (0.55)	1.8
Quarter 2	4.2 (0.58)	1.4
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.65)	1.8
Quarter 4	5.4 (0.66)	1.9
Non-Hispanic white, single race		
2014 full year	2.5 (0.13)	3.0
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.16)	1.9
Quarter 2	2.6 (0.23)	3.2
Quarter 3	2.9 (0.28)	3.5
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.24)	3.4
2015 full year	4.3 (0.18)	5.2
Quarter 1	4.0 (0.30)	4.9
Quarter 2	4.7 (0.33)	5.8
Quarter 3	4.6 (0.39)	5.5
Quarter 4	3.7 (0.36)	4.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–December 2015—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Non-Hispanic black, single race		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.27)	0.7
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.38)	0.3
Quarter 2	3.7 (0.51)	0.9
Quarter 3	3.3 (0.48)	0.8
Quarter 4	3.3 (0.55)	0.8
2015 full year	4.0 (0.34)	1.0
Quarter 1	4.1 (0.73)	1.0
Quarter 2	4.2 (0.61)	1.0
Quarter 3	4.4 (0.53)	1.1
Quarter 4	3.2 (0.48)	0.8
Poverty status³		
Poor (<100% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.20)	0.6
Quarter 1	1.0 (0.27)	0.3
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.49)	0.7
Quarter 3	2.1 (0.37)	0.6
Quarter 4	3.2 (0.50)	0.9
2015 full year	3.8 (0.39)	0.9
Quarter 1	3.6 (0.65)	0.9
Quarter 2	4.3 (0.85)	1.0
Quarter 3	4.6 (0.82)	1.1
Quarter 4	2.7 (0.53)	0.7
Near-poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)		
2014 full year	4.5 (0.33)	1.6
Quarter 1	2.2 (0.40)	0.8
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.56)	1.7
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.70)	1.9
Quarter 4	5.2 (0.66)	1.8
2015 full year	7.9 (0.48)	2.7
Quarter 1	8.6 (0.92)	2.9
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.88)	2.9
Quarter 3	7.3 (0.99)	2.6
Quarter 4	7.0 (0.82)	2.5
Not-poor (≥200% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.3 (0.12)	3.1
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.18)	2.2
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.23)	3.4
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.27)	3.6
Quarter 4	2.4 (0.22)	3.1
2015 full year	3.8 (0.17)	5.1
Quarter 1	3.5 (0.28)	4.7
Quarter 2	3.8 (0.28)	5.2
Quarter 3	4.3 (0.32)	5.9
Quarter 4	3.4 (0.32)	4.6

¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

²Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

³Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 8.8% in 2014 and 8.8% in 2015. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014–2015, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Emily P. Zammiti and Robin A. Cohen of the National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.

NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table. Percentages (and standard errors) of adults who have used selected health information technology in the past 12 months by selected demographic characteristics: United States, 2015

Selected demographic	Looked up health information on the internet	Used online chat groups to learn about health topic	Filled a prescription online	Scheduled appointment with healthcare provider online	Communicated with healthcare provider by email
Total	50.6 (0.47)	3.7 (0.14)	8.7 (0.23)	10.3 (0.26)	11.2 (0.27)
Age group (years)					
18–64	54.8 (0.52)	4.1 (0.16)	8.8 (0.27)	11.3 (0.31)	11.7 (0.31)
65 and over	33.0 (0.77)	2.0 (0.21)	8.6 (0.45)	6.0 (0.37)	8.9 (0.47)
Sex					
Male	45.0 (0.62)	3.4 (0.19)	7.4 (0.29)	8.7 (0.35)	9.6 (0.35)
Female	55.8 (0.56)	4.0 (0.20)	10.0 (0.35)	11.8 (0.36)	12.6 (0.37)
Race and ethnicity					
Hispanic	35.7 (0.91)	3.3 (0.30)	4.6 (0.37)	7.0 (0.50)	5.7 (0.42)
Non-Hispanic white	55.5 (0.56)	3.6 (0.18)	10.3 (0.32)	11.0 (0.33)	12.9 (0.35)
Non-Hispanic black	43.8 (1.10)	3.6 (0.37)	6.1 (0.51)	8.6 (0.59)	7.6 (0.56)
Non-Hispanic Asian	50.1 (1.65)	5.7 (0.68)	7.3 (0.79)	15.0 (1.14)	13.6 (1.06)
Non-Hispanic multiple races and other races	50.0 (2.70)	4.3 (1.05)	8.8 (1.67)	8.5 (1.37)	13.1 (1.71)
Educational attainment ¹					
Less than high school	17.3 (0.80)	1.5 (0.27)	1.9 (0.29)	1.2 (0.25)	1.3 (0.26)
High school diploma	35.6 (0.82)	2.1 (0.24)	4.8 (0.37)	4.4 (0.33)	4.7 (0.37)
Some college	54.8 (0.77)	4.3 (0.30)	9.9 (0.46)	9.8 (0.44)	11.1 (0.47)
Bachelor's degree	67.3 (0.84)	5.6 (0.40)	13.2 (0.59)	17.3 (0.68)	19.0 (0.72)
Advanced degree	73.4 (1.00)	5.8 (0.50)	16.6 (0.81)	21.9 (0.96)	26.3 (0.95)

¹Educational attainment is limited to adults 25 years of age and over. The "High school diploma" category includes adults who obtained a General Equivalency Diploma (GED).

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2015, Family Core and Sample Adult components.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Robin A. Cohen of the National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.

NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 1. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2010 full year	18.2 (0.30)	61.2 (0.50)	...	22.0 (0.38)
Quarter 1	17.5 (0.53)	62.6 (0.99)	...	21.2 (0.71)
Quarter 2	19.2 (0.74)	60.9 (0.92)	...	21.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.50)	60.6 (0.83)	...	22.0 (0.64)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.49)	60.6 (0.89)	...	23.5 (0.68)
2011 full year	17.3 (0.29)	61.2 (0.51)	...	23.0 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.4 (0.49)	61.3 (0.89)	...	22.7 (0.67)
Quarter 2	17.4 (0.48)	61.4 (0.83)	...	22.5 (0.59)
Quarter 3	17.3 (0.54)	60.8 (0.95)	...	23.3 (0.68)
Quarter 4	16.9 (0.51)	61.1 (0.86)	...	23.3 (0.63)
2012 full year	16.9 (0.27)	61.0 (0.47)	...	23.5 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.6 (0.56)	60.2 (0.93)	...	23.5 (0.64)
Quarter 2	16.0 (0.48)	63.0 (0.90)	...	22.6 (0.68)
Quarter 3	17.0 (0.50)	60.3 (0.84)	...	24.2 (0.67)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.47)	60.3 (0.80)	...	23.8 (0.59)
2013 full year	16.6 (0.30)	61.0 (0.52)	...	23.8 (0.35)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.54)	60.3 (0.91)	...	23.9 (0.65)
Quarter 2	16.4 (0.49)	62.1 (0.82)	...	22.9 (0.59)
Quarter 3	16.5 (0.48)	61.2 (0.85)	...	23.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	16.2 (0.53)	60.5 (0.93)	...	24.5 (0.68)
2014 full year	13.3 (0.26)	63.6 (0.46)	2.2 (0.10)	24.5 (0.36)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.47)	61.8 (0.85)	1.4 (0.11)	24.2 (0.68)
Quarter 2	12.9 (0.50)	63.8 (0.81)	2.4 (0.17)	24.7 (0.61)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.44)	64.0 (0.85)	2.5 (0.20)	24.0 (0.62)
Quarter 4	12.1 (0.42)	64.4 (0.90)	2.5 (0.18)	25.0 (0.74)
2015 full year	10.5 (0.22)	65.6 (0.50)	3.8 (0.14)	25.3 (0.43)
Quarter 1	10.7 (0.40)	66.5 (0.88)	3.6 (0.22)	24.2 (0.74)
Quarter 2	10.3 (0.36)	66.7 (0.81)	4.0 (0.24)	24.6 (0.71)
Quarter 3	10.8 (0.43)	64.5 (0.93)	4.2 (0.29)	26.1 (0.77)
Quarter 4	10.3 (0.41)	64.7 (0.95)	3.4 (0.24)	26.3 (0.81)
2016 (Jan–Mar)	10.0 (0.39)	66.0 (0.80)	4.0 (0.23)	25.7 (0.64)
Quarter 1	10.0 (0.39)	66.0 (0.80)	4.0 (0.23)	25.7 (0.64)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2016, Family Core component.

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NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
0-17 years				
2010 full year	7.8 (0.32)	53.8 (0.75)	...	39.8 (0.73)
Quarter 1	7.4 (0.51)	55.4 (1.47)	...	38.5 (1.41)
Quarter 2	9.1 (0.79)	53.0 (1.30)	...	39.3 (1.19)
Quarter 3	8.2 (0.56)	53.7 (1.35)	...	39.7 (1.31)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.46)	53.0 (1.35)	...	41.6 (1.30)
2011 full year	7.0 (0.27)	53.3 (0.76)	...	41.0 (0.74)
Quarter 1	6.9 (0.50)	54.4 (1.40)	...	40.3 (1.35)
Quarter 2	7.7 (0.48)	53.7 (1.23)	...	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	7.1 (0.53)	52.3 (1.46)	...	42.1 (1.38)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.45)	53.0 (1.33)	...	41.5 (1.29)
2012 full year	6.6 (0.27)	52.8 (0.73)	...	42.1 (0.72)
Quarter 1	6.7 (0.55)	51.6 (1.35)	...	43.0 (1.24)
Quarter 2	6.4 (0.57)	55.3 (1.34)	...	39.9 (1.38)
Quarter 3	6.8 (0.50)	52.0 (1.30)	...	43.0 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.4 (0.44)	52.4 (1.33)	...	42.3 (1.25)
2013 full year	6.5 (0.26)	52.6 (0.76)	...	42.2 (0.70)
Quarter 1	7.1 (0.52)	51.5 (1.45)	...	42.5 (1.30)
Quarter 2	7.1 (0.51)	54.1 (1.31)	...	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	5.9 (0.49)	52.7 (1.39)	...	42.7 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.0 (0.47)	52.0 (1.34)	...	43.6 (1.24)
2014 full year	5.5 (0.27)	53.7 (0.68)	0.9 (0.11)	42.2 (0.65)
Quarter 1	6.6 (0.55)	51.7 (1.34)	0.5 (0.14)	43.0 (1.32)
Quarter 2	5.6 (0.59)	53.6 (1.28)	1.0 (0.17)	42.5 (1.24)
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.46)	54.6 (1.31)	1.0 (0.19)	40.9 (1.24)
Quarter 4	4.2 (0.40)	54.5 (1.38)	1.3 (0.28)	42.9 (1.39)
2015 full year	4.5 (0.24)	54.7 (0.78)	2.0 (0.18)	42.2 (0.79)
Quarter 1	4.6 (0.50)	56.3 (1.44)	1.6 (0.23)	40.4 (1.38)
Quarter 2	4.5 (0.48)	55.7 (1.34)	1.9 (0.29)	41.1 (1.32)
Quarter 3	4.5 (0.46)	53.3 (1.49)	2.5 (0.39)	43.7 (1.45)
Quarter 4	4.3 (0.43)	53.6 (1.53)	1.9 (0.32)	43.5 (1.54)
2016 (Jan–Mar)	5.0 (0.46)	54.9 (1.34)	2.2 (0.27)	42.1 (1.32)
Quarter 1	5.0 (0.46)	54.9 (1.34)	2.2 (0.27)	42.1 (1.32)
18-29 years				
2010 full year	30.9 (0.56)	53.4 (0.64)	...	16.2 (0.45)
Quarter 1	30.6 (1.13)	53.4 (1.34)	...	16.6 (0.92)
Quarter 2	31.9 (1.16)	54.0 (1.25)	...	14.4 (0.73)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.01)	52.2 (1.11)	...	16.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.08)	54.2 (1.31)	...	17.4 (0.86)
2011 full year	27.7 (0.57)	56.4 (0.69)	...	16.7 (0.48)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.01)	55.8 (1.34)	...	17.1 (0.92)
Quarter 2	27.6 (1.02)	57.4 (1.23)	...	16.0 (0.71)
Quarter 3	28.1 (1.10)	55.6 (1.28)	...	17.0 (0.87)
Quarter 4	27.2 (1.02)	56.9 (1.16)	...	16.8 (0.75)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016—Continued

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2012 full year	26.9 (0.54)	56.5 (0.64)	...	17.5 (0.47)
Quarter 1	28.2 (1.10)	54.7 (0.33)	...	17.9 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.09)	58.4 (1.42)	...	17.6 (0.85)
Quarter 3	27.4 (0.99)	55.3 (1.27)	...	18.0 (0.94)
Quarter 4	26.9 (1.12)	57.6 (1.30)	...	16.6 (0.77)
2013 full year	26.1 (0.59)	57.6 (0.68)	...	16.9 (0.46)
Quarter 1	26.5 (1.02)	56.0 (1.24)	...	18.1 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.06)	58.5 (1.21)	...	17.1 (0.87)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.06)	58.8 (1.23)	...	16.1 (0.90)
Quarter 4	26.8 (1.13)	57.2 (1.42)	...	16.5 (0.91)
2014 full year	20.6 (0.49)	61.4 (0.68)	2.1 (0.14)	19.0 (0.50)
Quarter 1	22.2 (0.91)	59.7 (1.36)	1.3 (0.21)	19.0 (0.97)
Quarter 2	19.8 (0.89)	62.2 (1.19)	2.4 (0.31)	18.8 (0.95)
Quarter 3	21.5 (0.99)	61.0 (1.34)	2.3 (0.28)	18.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	19.1 (0.86)	62.4 (1.25)	2.5 (0.30)	19.7 (0.97)
2015 full year	16.5 (0.50)	64.2 (0.68)	3.4 (0.23)	20.2 (0.54)
Quarter 1	17.2 (0.87)	64.0 (1.16)	3.0 (0.42)	19.8 (0.99)
Quarter 2	15.2 (0.74)	65.4 (1.22)	4.0 (0.39)	20.3 (0.97)
Quarter 3	16.9 (0.84)	64.1 (1.18)	3.8 (0.49)	19.7 (0.93)
Quarter 4	16.5 (0.97)	63.4 (1.33)	2.8 (0.36)	21.1 (0.98)
2016 (Jan–Mar)	15.1 (0.87)	64.1 (1.07)	3.1 (0.37)	21.7 (1.04)
Quarter 1	15.1 (0.87)	64.1 (1.07)	3.1 (0.37)	21.7 (1.04)
30-64 years				
2010 full year	19.1 (0.36)	67.9 (0.49)	...	14.5 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.2 (0.64)	69.8 (0.88)	...	13.6 (0.53)
Quarter 2	20.0 (0.83)	67.7 (0.95)	...	13.9 (0.48)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.64)	67.2 (0.79)	...	14.5 (0.54)
Quarter 4	18.6 (0.59)	67.0 (0.82)	...	16.0 (0.56)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.34)	67.0 (0.44)	...	15.6 (0.29)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.62)	67.0 (0.79)	...	15.4 (0.52)
Quarter 2	18.9 (0.60)	67.0 (0.80)	...	15.5 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.58)	67.3 (0.82)	...	15.5 (0.50)
Quarter 4	18.7 (0.59)	67.0 (0.84)	...	16.0 (0.58)
2012 full year	18.7 (0.31)	66.8 (0.43)	...	16.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	19.4 (0.65)	66.7 (0.85)	...	15.3 (0.52)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.54)	68.6 (0.78)	...	15.4 (0.51)
Quarter 3	18.6 (0.58)	66.4 (0.80)	...	16.6 (0.57)
Quarter 4	19.2 (0.53)	65.3 (0.72)	...	16.8 (0.53)
2013 full year	18.3 (0.36)	66.6 (0.47)	...	16.7 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.9 (0.68)	66.4 (0.84)	...	16.4 (0.56)
Quarter 2	18.1 (0.59)	67.5 (0.75)	...	16.1 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.7 (0.57)	66.5 (0.76)	...	16.6 (0.52)
Quarter 4	17.8 (0.63)	66.2 (0.88)	...	17.6 (0.59)
2014 full year	14.7 (0.30)	69.4 (0.43)	2.9 (0.13)	17.3 (0.33)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.58)	67.8 (0.74)	1.8 (0.16)	16.5 (0.54)
Quarter 2	14.1 (0.57)	69.6 (0.75)	3.1 (0.23)	17.7 (0.57)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.51)	69.9 (0.81)	3.4 (0.27)	17.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	13.7 (0.53)	70.2 (0.85)	3.1 (0.22)	17.7 (0.66)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016—Continued

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2015 full year	11.5 (0.25)	71.7 (0.43)	4.9 (0.17)	18.5 (0.36)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.45)	72.7 (0.76)	4.9 (0.28)	17.5 (0.60)
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.45)	72.7 (0.72)	5.1 (0.30)	17.6 (0.61)
Quarter 3	11.9 (0.52)	70.4 (0.88)	5.2 (0.31)	19.3 (0.71)
Quarter 4	11.2 (0.48)	70.9 (0.86)	4.3 (0.32)	19.4 (0.74)
2016 (Jan–Mar)	10.8 (0.45)	72.5 (0.72)	5.3 (0.29)	18.7 (0.57)
Quarter 1	10.8 (0.45)	72.5 (0.72)	5.3 (0.29)	18.7 (0.57)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2016, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Robin A. Cohen and Emily P. Zammitti of the National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.

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Table 3. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2010 full year	22.3 (0.35)	64.1 (0.46)	...	15.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	21.5 (0.66)	65.5 (0.88)	...	14.4 (0.54)
Quarter 2	23.2 (0.80)	64.0 (0.89)	...	14.0 (0.44)
Quarter 3	23.0 (0.58)	63.2 (0.73)	...	15.0 (0.51)
Quarter 4	21.4 (0.60)	63.6 (0.81)	...	16.4 (0.53)
2011 full year	21.3 (0.34)	64.2 (0.45)	...	15.9 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.6 (0.59)	64.0 (0.79)	...	15.9 (0.50)
Quarter 2	21.2 (0.59)	64.5 (0.79)	...	15.6 (0.47)
Quarter 3	21.3 (0.62)	64.2 (0.84)	...	15.9 (0.52)
Quarter 4	21.0 (0.62)	64.3 (0.78)	...	16.2 (0.51)
2012 full year	20.9 (0.31)	64.1 (0.42)	...	16.4 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.7 (0.66)	63.6 (0.84)	...	16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 2	19.6 (0.59)	65.9 (0.83)	...	16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.9 (0.57)	63.5 (0.79)	...	17.0 (0.55)
Quarter 4	21.3 (0.58)	63.3 (0.73)	...	16.8 (0.50)
2013 full year	20.4 (0.37)	64.2 (0.47)	...	16.7 (0.30)
Quarter 1	20.9 (0.64)	63.6 (0.79)	...	16.9 (0.54)
Quarter 2	19.9 (0.58)	65.1 (0.74)	...	16.3 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.6 (0.59)	64.5 (0.74)	...	16.4 (0.48)
Quarter 4	20.1 (0.64)	63.8 (0.87)	...	17.3 (0.57)
2014 full year	16.3 (0.31)	67.3 (0.43)	2.7 (0.11)	17.7 (0.32)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.55)	65.6 (0.76)	1.7 (0.13)	17.1 (0.53)
Quarter 2	15.6 (0.57)	67.7 (0.73)	2.9 (0.21)	18.0 (0.53)
Quarter 3	16.2 (0.53)	67.6 (0.80)	3.1 (0.23)	17.6 (0.53)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.52)	68.1 (0.81)	2.9 (0.19)	18.2 (0.62)
2015 full year	12.8 (0.27)	69.7 (0.43)	4.5 (0.16)	18.9 (0.36)
Quarter 1	13.0 (0.45)	70.4 (0.77)	4.4 (0.27)	18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	12.4 (0.43)	70.8 (0.71)	4.8 (0.27)	18.3 (0.60)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.51)	68.8 (0.83)	4.9 (0.29)	19.4 (0.66)
Quarter 4	12.6 (0.52)	69.0 (0.84)	3.9 (0.27)	19.9 (0.66)
2016 (Jan–Mar)	11.9 (0.47)	70.2 (0.70)	4.7 (0.27)	19.5 (0.51)
Quarter 1	11.9 (0.47)	70.2 (0.70)	4.7 (0.27)	19.5 (0.51)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

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Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
Male				
2010 full year	25.3 (0.44)	63.4 (0.51)	...	12.5 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.7 (0.84)	64.7 (0.93)	...	12.0 (0.54)
Quarter 2	26.4 (0.93)	63.5 (0.99)	...	11.2 (0.49)
Quarter 3	26.3 (0.75)	62.2 (0.82)	...	12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 4	24.0 (0.74)	63.3 (0.87)	...	14.1 (0.55)
2011 full year	23.7 (0.40)	63.9 (0.49)	...	13.8 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.72)	63.7 (0.86)	...	13.6 (0.52)
Quarter 2	23.8 (0.72)	64.0 (0.92)	...	13.5 (0.51)
Quarter 3	23.4 (0.75)	64.2 (0.90)	...	14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	23.6 (0.69)	63.8 (0.82)	...	14.0 (0.53)
2012 full year	23.2 (0.38)	64.0 (0.46)	...	14.2 (0.31)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.78)	63.6 (0.92)	...	13.8 (0.54)
Quarter 2	21.6 (0.68)	66.1 (0.90)	...	13.9 (0.58)
Quarter 3	23.5 (0.71)	63.5 (0.82)	...	14.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	23.8 (0.71)	62.7 (0.84)	...	14.5 (0.54)
2013 full year	22.5 (0.42)	64.6 (0.49)	...	14.2 (0.32)
Quarter 1	23.3 (0.80)	63.9 (0.90)	...	14.3 (0.58)
Quarter 2	22.7 (0.72)	64.3 (0.84)	...	14.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	22.3 (0.70)	65.0 (0.80)	...	14.1 (0.54)
Quarter 4	21.9 (0.78)	65.0 (0.90)	...	14.3 (0.56)
2014 full year	18.3 (0.38)	67.7 (0.47)	2.4 (0.12)	15.2 (0.36)
Quarter 1	20.0 (0.66)	66.3 (0.84)	1.6 (0.14)	14.9 (0.59)
Quarter 2	17.8 (0.72)	67.8 (0.79)	2.7 (0.24)	15.7 (0.64)
Quarter 3	18.1 (0.66)	67.8 (0.85)	2.7 (0.24)	15.4 (0.58)
Quarter 4	17.3 (0.65)	68.7 (0.92)	2.8 (0.21)	15.1 (0.66)
2015 full year	14.9 (0.31)	69.9 (0.47)	4.1 (0.18)	16.6 (0.37)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.55)	70.6 (0.88)	3.9 (0.31)	15.6 (0.69)
Quarter 2	14.3 (0.53)	71.6 (0.81)	4.7 (0.30)	15.4 (0.62)
Quarter 3	15.8 (0.65)	68.3 (0.88)	4.1 (0.32)	17.3 (0.66)
Quarter 4	14.3 (0.67)	69.1 (0.96)	3.7 (0.32)	18.2 (0.74)
2016 (Jan–Mar)	13.8 (0.57)	71.0 (0.73)	4.5 (0.30)	16.9 (0.53)
Quarter 1	13.8 (0.57)	71.0 (0.73)	4.5 (0.30)	16.9 (0.53)
Female				
2010 full year	19.3 (0.32)	64.7 (0.47)	...	17.4 (0.38)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.65)	66.2 (0.95)	...	16.8 (0.68)
Quarter 2	20.1 (0.76)	64.5 (0.92)	...	16.8 (0.55)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.57)	64.2 (0.80)	...	17.3 (0.67)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.60)	64.0 (0.87)	...	18.6 (0.68)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.36)	64.5 (0.47)	...	18.0 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.59)	64.3 (0.86)	...	18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	18.6 (0.59)	64.9 (0.81)	...	17.8 (0.57)
Quarter 3	19.3 (0.64)	64.1 (0.89)	...	17.8 (0.65)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.71)	64.8 (0.93)	...	18.4 (0.66)

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016—
Continued**

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2012 full year	18.6 (0.33)	64.2 (0.44)	...	18.6 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.6 (0.66)	63.5 (0.90)	...	18.0 (0.61)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.60)	65.8 (0.86)	...	18.0 (0.57)
Quarter 3	18.5 (0.61)	63.5 (0.88)	...	19.5 (0.66)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.59)	63.9 (0.76)	...	18.9 (0.59)
2013 full year	18.3 (0.37)	64.0 (0.51)	...	19.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	18.7 (0.62)	63.4 (0.85)	...	19.3 (0.65)
Quarter 2	17.3 (0.57)	65.9 (0.79)	...	18.4 (0.59)
Quarter 3	18.9 (0.60)	63.9 (0.81)	...	18.7 (0.57)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.67)	62.6 (0.96)	...	20.2 (0.73)
2014 full year	14.3 (0.30)	66.9 (0.46)	2.9 (0.13)	20.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	16.8 (0.59)	65.1 (0.86)	1.8 (0.18)	19.3 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.56)	67.6 (0.84)	3.1 (0.23)	20.2 (0.64)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.52)	67.4 (0.89)	3.5 (0.28)	19.7 (0.66)
Quarter 4	12.9 (0.54)	67.6 (0.85)	3.1 (0.23)	21.2 (0.73)
2015 full year	10.8 (0.29)	69.6 (0.47)	4.8 (0.17)	21.2 (0.42)
Quarter 1	10.9 (0.46)	70.2 (0.80)	4.8 (0.30)	20.5 (0.69)
Quarter 2	10.6 (0.45)	70.0 (0.75)	4.8 (0.32)	21.1 (0.71)
Quarter 3	10.8 (0.53)	69.3 (0.95)	5.6 (0.35)	21.5 (0.81)
Quarter 4	10.9 (0.53)	68.8 (0.89)	4.2 (0.31)	21.5 (0.76)
2016 (Jan–Mar)	10.1 (0.49)	69.5 (0.84)	4.8 (0.31)	22.0 (0.66)
Quarter 1	10.1 (0.49)	69.5 (0.84)	4.8 (0.31)	22.0 (0.66)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2016, Family Core component.

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Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
Hispanic or Latino ⁵				
2010 full year	43.2 (0.91)	41.1 (0.85)	...	16.3 (0.64)
Quarter 1	42.4 (1.72)	42.9 (1.67)	...	15.4 (1.10)
Quarter 2	44.9 (1.39)	39.7 (1.37)	...	15.8 (0.92)
Quarter 3	44.1 (1.78)	40.5 (1.69)	...	15.8 (0.98)
Quarter 4	41.5 (1.38)	41.1 (1.45)	...	18.1 (1.00)
2011 full year	42.2 (0.89)	40.3 (0.82)	...	18.1 (0.63)
Quarter 1	42.0 (1.60)	41.2 (1.95)	...	17.1 (1.18)
Quarter 2	41.4 (1.46)	40.2 (1.31)	...	19.0 (0.86)
Quarter 3	42.6 (1.38)	39.5 (1.41)	...	18.6 (1.10)
Quarter 4	42.7 (1.57)	40.2 (1.39)	...	17.6 (1.00)
2012 full year	41.3 (0.89)	40.4 (0.73)	...	19.0 (0.64)
Quarter 1	42.6 (1.72)	41.0 (1.68)	...	17.1 (1.02)
Quarter 2	39.7 (1.29)	42.0 (1.49)	...	19.3 (1.04)
Quarter 3	40.5 (1.55)	39.8 (1.34)	...	20.1 (1.39)
Quarter 4	42.2 (1.58)	38.8 (1.42)	...	19.7 (1.03)
2013 full year	40.6 (0.88)	42.1 (0.70)	...	18.0 (0.62)
Quarter 1	41.4 (1.95)	40.7 (1.52)	...	18.6 (1.17)
Quarter 2	41.3 (1.51)	41.9 (1.24)	...	17.5 (0.94)
Quarter 3	39.5 (1.38)	43.0 (1.49)	...	18.1 (1.11)
Quarter 4	40.3 (1.47)	42.7 (1.40)	...	17.7 (0.95)
2014 full year	33.7 (0.76)	46.4 (0.86)	2.6 (0.30)	20.6 (0.73)
Quarter 1	35.7 (1.43)	44.8 (1.62)	1.4 (0.30)	20.1 (1.09)
Quarter 2	33.2 (1.42)	47.2 (1.55)	3.0 (0.61)	20.3 (1.16)
Quarter 3	34.0 (1.40)	46.8 (1.44)	3.4 (0.55)	19.8 (1.12)
Quarter 4	31.8 (1.47)	47.0 (1.54)	2.6 (0.37)	22.1 (1.22)
2015 full year	27.7 (0.72)	50.0 (0.85)	5.1 (0.40)	23.0 (0.84)
Quarter 1	28.3 (1.24)	49.8 (1.42)	5.4 (0.55)	22.7 (1.26)
Quarter 2	26.1 (1.30)	53.2 (1.46)	4.2 (0.58)	21.4 (1.28)
Quarter 3	29.3 (1.33)	48.2 (1.40)	5.3 (0.65)	23.1 (1.25)
Quarter 4	27.2 (1.36)	48.8 (1.56)	5.4 (0.66)	24.7 (1.41)
2016 (Jan–Mar)	24.5 (1.31)	51.6 (1.88)	5.1 (0.65)	25.2 (1.72)
Quarter 1	24.5 (1.31)	51.6 (1.88)	5.1 (0.65)	25.2 (1.72)
Non-Hispanic white, single race				
2010 full year	16.4 (0.35)	72.2 (0.52)	...	12.8 (0.34)
Quarter 1	15.6 (0.63)	73.4 (0.93)	...	12.5 (0.60)
Quarter 2	17.0 (0.65)	72.7 (0.83)	...	11.7 (0.49)
Quarter 3	16.7 (0.64)	71.5 (0.92)	...	13.0 (0.63)
Quarter 4	16.1 (0.66)	71.4 (0.89)	...	14.1 (0.61)
2011 full year	15.6 (0.35)	72.5 (0.48)	...	13.4 (0.31)
Quarter 1	16.1 (0.64)	71.8 (0.87)	...	13.6 (0.57)
Quarter 2	15.8 (0.60)	72.9 (0.85)	...	12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 3	15.7 (0.64)	72.6 (0.86)	...	13.3 (0.61)
Quarter 4	14.8 (0.59)	72.8 (0.94)	...	14.1 (0.62)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2012 full year	15.1 (0.31)	72.7 (0.46)	...	13.7 (0.33)
Quarter 1	16.0 (0.67)	72.3 (0.88)	...	13.1 (0.58)
Quarter 2	14.2 (0.62)	74.5 (0.83)	...	13.1 (0.51)
Quarter 3	15.1 (0.58)	71.9 (0.87)	...	14.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.59)	72.3 (0.85)	...	13.9 (0.57)
2013 full year	14.5 (0.34)	72.7 (0.49)	...	14.4 (0.32)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.62)	71.8 (0.91)	...	14.6 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.9 (0.54)	73.6 (0.82)	...	14.2 (0.61)
Quarter 3	14.7 (0.61)	72.8 (0.80)	...	14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	14.0 (0.61)	72.6 (0.96)	...	14.7 (0.67)
2014 full year	11.6 (0.29)	75.3 (0.47)	2.5 (0.13)	14.6 (0.36)
Quarter 1	13.5 (0.58)	73.7 (0.87)	1.6 (0.16)	14.1 (0.66)
Quarter 2	11.1 (0.58)	75.5 (0.81)	2.6 (0.23)	14.9 (0.61)
Quarter 3	11.4 (0.52)	75.6 (0.88)	2.9 (0.28)	14.6 (0.67)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.55)	76.2 (0.93)	2.8 (0.24)	14.8 (0.71)
2015 full year	8.7 (0.25)	77.3 (0.47)	4.3 (0.18)	15.7 (0.42)
Quarter 1	8.7 (0.50)	78.6 (0.78)	4.0 (0.30)	14.4 (0.63)
Quarter 2	8.8 (0.47)	78.0 (0.78)	4.7 (0.33)	14.9 (0.68)
Quarter 3	8.9 (0.48)	75.7 (0.93)	4.6 (0.39)	17.0 (0.80)
Quarter 4	8.3 (0.55)	77.0 (0.96)	3.7 (0.36)	16.2 (0.81)
2015 (Jan–Mar)	8.4 (0.47)	77.8 (0.60)	4.4 (0.32)	15.7 (0.55)
Quarter 1	8.4 (0.47)	77.8 (0.60)	4.4 (0.32)	15.7 (0.55)
Non-Hispanic black, single race				
2010 full year	27.2 (0.75)	49.3 (0.81)	...	25.3 (0.70)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.41)	49.5 (1.60)	...	24.3 (1.41)
Quarter 2	26.5 (1.33)	49.4 (1.72)	...	25.7 (1.32)
Quarter 3	28.6 (1.14)	48.6 (1.35)	...	24.8 (1.31)
Quarter 4	25.6 (1.33)	49.6 (1.80)	...	26.3 (1.46)
2011 full year	24.8 (0.65)	50.5 (0.79)	...	26.2 (0.75)
Quarter 1	23.9 (1.26)	52.2 (1.67)	...	25.8 (1.18)
Quarter 2	24.2 (1.24)	51.1 (1.55)	...	26.5 (1.44)
Quarter 3	25.0 (1.16)	50.1 (1.49)	...	25.9 (1.27)
Quarter 4	26.2 (1.44)	48.8 (1.57)	...	26.6 (1.49)
2012 full year	23.6 (0.61)	50.8 (0.75)	...	27.0 (0.68)
Quarter 1	26.0 (1.19)	46.3 (1.50)	...	29.1 (1.21)
Quarter 2	21.9 (1.34)	53.1 (1.93)	...	25.8 (1.40)
Quarter 3	24.1 (1.05)	51.7 (1.47)	...	25.7 (1.27)
Quarter 4	22.6 (1.25)	52.2 (1.52)	...	27.3 (1.34)
2013 full year	24.9 (0.62)	50.0 (0.91)	...	26.6 (0.80)
Quarter 1	25.5 (1.16)	50.6 (1.58)	...	25.0 (1.37)
Quarter 2	23.6 (1.23)	50.8 (1.68)	...	26.7 (1.32)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.23)	50.3 (1.45)	...	26.0 (1.25)
Quarter 4	24.6 (1.39)	48.3 (1.70)	...	28.7 (1.55)
2014 full year	17.7 (0.60)	53.4 (0.84)	2.9 (0.27)	30.5 (0.73)
Quarter 1	20.2 (1.16)	51.6 (1.67)	1.4 (0.38)	29.7 (1.30)
Quarter 2	15.9 (1.04)	54.4 (1.73)	3.7 (0.51)	31.1 (1.53)
Quarter 3	17.5 (1.00)	52.6 (1.81)	3.3 (0.48)	31.5 (1.54)
Quarter 4	17.2 (1.16)	55.0 (1.82)	3.3 (0.55)	29.8 (1.59)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2015 full year	14.4 (0.57)	57.8 (0.90)	4.0 (0.34)	29.7 (0.84)
Quarter 1	15.6 (1.00)	56.7 (1.50)	4.1 (0.73)	29.7 (1.46)
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.97)	57.9 (1.72)	4.2 (0.61)	30.5 (1.37)
Quarter 3	14.7 (1.17)	60.3 (1.55)	4.4 (0.53)	27.2 (1.18)
Quarter 4	14.0 (1.14)	56.5 (1.99)	3.2 (0.48)	31.4 (1.89)
2016 (Jan–Mar)	13.0 (1.34)	58.8 (1.86)	4.6 (0.63)	29.6 (1.66)
Quarter 1	13.0 (1.34)	58.8 (1.86)	4.6 (0.63)	29.6 (1.66)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.”

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁵Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2016, Family Core component.

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NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage ⁵
Poor (<100% FPL)				
2010 full year	42.2 (0.99)	19.6 (0.89)	...	38.8 (0.97)
Quarter 1	44.0 (1.79)	17.6 (0.68)	...	39.1 (1.82)
Quarter 2	43.5 (1.87)	19.4 (1.67)	...	37.5 (1.83)
Quarter 3	43.7 (1.75)	17.0 (1.50)	...	40.0 (1.75)
Quarter 4	38.1 (1.58)	24.1 (1.61)	...	38.6 (1.74)
2011 full year	40.1 (0.91)	21.2 (1.02)	...	39.6 (0.93)
Quarter 1	39.8 (0.64)	21.6 (1.79)	...	39.3 (1.67)
Quarter 2	37.2 (1.83)	23.8 (2.48)	...	39.9 (1.87)
Quarter 3	42.2 (1.84)	17.1 (1.86)	...	41.7 (1.64)
Quarter 4	41.1 (1.84)	22.1 (1.98)	...	37.5 (1.83)
2012 full year	40.1 (0.90)	20.2 (1.09)	...	40.8 (0.94)
Quarter 1	42.7 (1.62)	19.6 (1.69)	...	38.6 (1.60)
Quarter 2	38.9 (2.03)	21.0 (3.13)	...	41.3 (1.71)
Quarter 3	41.0 (1.43)	17.2 (1.46)	...	42.3 (1.82)
Quarter 4	37.6 (1.58)	22.6 (1.96)	...	40.9 (1.62)
2013 full year	39.3 (1.00)	19.0 (0.97)	...	42.4 (0.95)
Quarter 1	39.1 (1.74)	19.5 (1.87)	...	42.4 (1.91)
Quarter 2	38.9 (1.79)	19.0 (2.22)	...	42.7 (1.76)
Quarter 3	40.2 (1.90)	18.1 (2.26)	...	42.3 (1.76)
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.77)	19.3 (1.70)	...	42.3 (1.77)
2014 full year	32.3 (0.93)	21.9 (0.92)	2.2 (0.20)	46.6 (0.95)
Quarter 1	34.9 (1.53)	20.5 (1.59)	1.0 (0.27)	45.4 (1.74)
Quarter 2	33.5 (2.03)	20.2 (1.61)	2.5 (0.49)	47.0 (2.11)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.78)	21.5 (2.06)	2.1 (0.37)	47.5 (1.70)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.72)	25.1 (2.00)	3.2 (0.50)	46.5 (1.88)
2015 full year	25.2 (0.90)	24.3 (1.04)	3.8 (0.39)	51.7 (1.08)
Quarter 1	28.0 (1.57)	23.1 (1.50)	3.6 (0.65)	50.3 (2.06)
Quarter 2	25.0 (1.51)	24.6 (1.97)	4.3 (0.85)	51.6 (1.93)
Quarter 3	25.2 (1.70)	23.5 (2.67)	4.6 (0.82)	52.7 (2.55)
Quarter 4	22.4 (1.63)	25.9 (2.20)	2.7 (0.53)	52.4 (1.95)
2016 (Jan–Mar)	24.7 (1.61)	23.8 (1.70)	2.9 (0.45)	52.8 (1.77)
Quarter 1	24.7 (1.61)	23.8 (1.70)	2.9 (0.45)	52.8 (1.77)
Near poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)				
2010 full year	43.0 (0.74)	34.7 (0.74)	...	23.7 (0.55)
Quarter 1	43.8 (1.41)	34.8 (1.48)	...	22.8 (1.15)
Quarter 2	44.2 (1.52)	35.0 (1.44)	...	22.1 (1.17)
Quarter 3	43.9 (1.50)	34.3 (1.54)	...	23.5 (1.14)
Quarter 4	40.2 (1.51)	34.8 (1.59)	...	26.6 (1.35)
2011 full year	40.1 (0.72)	35.4 (0.75)	...	25.9 (0.69)
Quarter 1	40.3 (1.24)	36.1 (1.37)	...	25.4 (1.21)
Quarter 2	42.1 (1.41)	33.5 (1.32)	...	25.7 (1.14)
Quarter 3	39.0 (1.31)	36.0 (1.34)	...	26.0 (1.25)
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.49)	35.9 (1.40)	...	26.5 (1.27)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016—Continued

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage ⁵
2012 full year	39.2 (0.68)	37.2 (0.74)	...	25.2 (0.57)
Quarter 1	41.0 (1.28)	35.8 (1.44)	...	24.4 (1.13)
Quarter 2	37.8 (1.42)	38.4 (1.46)	...	25.7 (1.12)
Quarter 3	38.0 (1.51)	38.6 (1.62)	...	25.1 (1.16)
Quarter 4	40.0 (1.44)	35.9 (1.45)	...	25.4 (1.21)
2013 full year	38.5 (0.84)	36.4 (0.78)	...	26.6 (0.78)
Quarter 1	39.2 (1.42)	33.8 (1.38)	...	28.4 (1.42)
Quarter 2	38.4 (1.55)	37.9 (1.50)	...	25.4 (1.33)
Quarter 3	37.9 (1.34)	39.3 (1.39)	...	24.1 (1.19)
Quarter 4	38.6 (1.42)	34.6 (1.38)	...	28.5 (1.44)
2014 full year	30.9 (0.72)	41.2 (0.81)	4.5 (0.33)	29.6 (0.76)
Quarter 1	34.4 (1.58)	39.3 (1.53)	2.2 (0.40)	27.5 (1.24)
Quarter 2	28.5 (1.20)	43.5 (1.38)	5.1 (0.56)	29.6 (1.21)
Quarter 3	31.3 (1.32)	42.1 (1.43)	5.3 (0.70)	28.7 (1.27)
Quarter 4	29.2 (1.31)	40.0 (1.47)	5.2 (0.66)	32.6 (1.41)
2015 full year	24.1 (0.62)	43.8 (0.79)	7.9 (0.48)	34.2 (0.80)
Quarter 1	23.8 (1.14)	45.9 (1.43)	8.6 (0.92)	32.8 (1.43)
Quarter 2	24.0 (1.17)	45.8 (1.47)	8.6 (0.88)	32.5 (1.42)
Quarter 3	24.4 (1.22)	41.3 (1.54)	7.3 (0.99)	36.1 (1.47)
Quarter 4	24.2 (1.35)	42.4 (1.68)	7.0 (0.82)	35.5 (1.69)
2016 (Jan–Mar)	23.6 (1.33)	43.0 (1.86)	7.0 (0.90)	36.2 (1.78)
Quarter 1	23.6 (1.33)	43.0 (1.86)	7.0 (0.90)	36.2 (1.78)
Not poor (≥200% FPL)				
2010 full year	12.6 (0.27)	80.8 (0.36)	...	8.1 (0.27)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.50)	82.2 (0.66)	...	7.8 (0.45)
Quarter 2	13.2 (0.57)	80.8 (0.66)	...	7.4 (0.36)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.57)	80.1 (0.65)	...	8.1 (0.51)
Quarter 4	12.4 (0.54)	80.1 (0.69)	...	9.0 (0.46)
2011 full year	12.0 (0.28)	81.1 (0.35)	...	8.3 (0.23)
Quarter 1	12.0 (0.55)	81.1 (0.64)	...	8.3 (0.40)
Quarter 2	12.5 (0.49)	80.5 (0.64)	...	8.4 (0.39)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.49)	81.5 (0.64)	...	8.0 (0.39)
Quarter 4	11.6 (0.50)	81.4 (0.66)	...	8.6 (0.43)
2012 full year	11.4 (0.26)	81.3 (0.38)	...	8.7 (0.29)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.52)	81.4 (0.68)	...	8.5 (0.52)
Quarter 2	11.3 (0.52)	81.7 (0.68)	...	8.5 (0.44)
Quarter 3	11.3 (0.44)	81.0 (0.64)	...	9.3 (0.51)
Quarter 4	11.7 (0.44)	80.9 (0.62)	...	8.7 (0.49)
2013 full year	11.4 (0.27)	81.2 (0.37)	...	8.9 (0.26)
Quarter 1	11.7 (0.56)	81.7 (0.74)	...	8.1 (0.47)
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.48)	81.0 (0.62)	...	9.0 (0.45)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.54)	80.0 (0.66)	...	9.6 (0.44)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.59)	82.0 (0.73)	...	8.8 (0.47)
2014 full year	8.9 (0.23)	83.9 (0.35)	2.3 (0.12)	8.5 (0.26)
Quarter 1	10.1 (0.48)	83.0 (0.62)	1.7 (0.18)	8.1 (0.44)
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.43)	83.0 (0.64)	2.5 (0.23)	9.7 (0.48)
Quarter 3	8.5 (0.40)	84.4 (0.57)	2.7 (0.27)	8.3 (0.42)
Quarter 4	8.3 (0.44)	85.1 (0.61)	2.4 (0.22)	8.0 (0.46)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2016—Continued

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage ⁵
2015 full year	7.6 (0.22)	84.7 (0.33)	3.8 (0.17)	9.1 (0.27)
Quarter 1	7.5 (0.42)	85.3 (0.65)	3.5 (0.28)	8.6 (0.49)
Quarter 2	7.5 (0.36)	85.2 (0.56)	3.8 (0.28)	8.8 (0.46)
Quarter 3	8.1 (0.46)	83.8 (0.64)	4.3 (0.32)	9.6 (0.46)
Quarter 4	7.3 (0.47)	84.7 (0.68)	3.4 (0.32)	9.3 (0.54)
2016 (Jan–Mar)	6.5 (0.37)	85.9 (0.54)	4.4 (0.32)	9.0 (0.36)
Quarter 1	6.5 (0.37)	85.9 (0.54)	4.4 (0.32)	9.0 (0.36)

... Category not applicable.

¹Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 12.2% in 2010, 11.5% in 2011, 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013, 8.8% in 2014, and 8.8% in 2015 and 7.7% in the first quarter of 2016. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

²A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

³Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁴Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁵Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2016, Family Core component.

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NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 7. Percentages and number in millions of persons under age 65 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–March 2016

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Age group		
Under age 65		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.10)	5.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.11)	3.7
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.17)	6.3
Quarter 3	2.5 (0.20)	6.8
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.18)	6.7
2015 full year	3.8 (0.14)	10.2
Quarter 1	3.6 (0.22)	9.7
Quarter 2	4.0 (0.24)	10.7
Quarter 3	4.2 (0.29)	11.3
Quarter 4	3.4 (0.24)	9.1
2016 (Jan–Mar)	4.0 (0.23)	10.8
Quarter 1	4.0 (0.23)	10.8
Age 0–17		
2014 full year	0.9 (0.11)	0.7
Quarter 1	0.5 (0.14)	0.4
Quarter 2	1.0 (0.17)	0.7
Quarter 3	1.0 (0.19)	0.8
Quarter 4	1.3 (0.28)	0.9
2015 full year	2.0 (0.18)	1.4
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.23)	1.2
Quarter 2	1.9 (0.29)	1.4
Quarter 3	2.5 (0.39)	1.8
Quarter 4	1.9 (0.32)	1.4
2016 (Jan–Mar)	2.2 (0.27)	1.6
Quarter 1	2.2 (0.27)	1.6
Age 18–64		
2014 full year	2.7 (0.11)	5.2
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.13)	3.3
Quarter 2	2.9 (0.21)	5.7
Quarter 3	3.1 (0.23)	6.1
Quarter 4	2.9 (0.19)	5.7
2015 full year	4.5 (0.16)	8.8
Quarter 1	4.4 (0.27)	8.6
Quarter 2	4.8 (0.27)	9.3
Quarter 3	4.9 (0.29)	9.5
Quarter 4	3.9 (0.27)	7.8
2016 (Jan–Mar)	4.7 (0.27)	9.2
Quarter 1	4.7 (0.27)	9.2
Age 18–29		
2014 full year	2.1 (0.14)	1.1
Quarter 1	1.3 (0.21)	0.6
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.31)	1.2
Quarter 3	2.3 (0.28)	1.2
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.30)	1.3

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 7. Percentages and number in millions of persons under age 65 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–March 2016—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
2015 full year	3.4 (0.23)	1.8
Quarter 1	3.0 (0.42)	1.6
Quarter 2	4.0 (0.39)	2.1
Quarter 3	3.8 (0.49)	1.9
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.36)	1.5
2016 (Jan–Mar)	3.1 (0.37)	1.6
Quarter 1	3.1 (0.37)	1.6
Age 30–64		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	4.1
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.16)	2.6
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	4.4
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.27)	4.9
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.22)	4.4
2015 full year	4.9 (0.17)	7.0
Quarter 1	4.9 (0.28)	7.0
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.30)	7.3
Quarter 3	5.2 (0.31)	7.6
Quarter 4	4.3 (0.32)	6.3
2016 (Jan–Mar)	5.3 (0.29)	7.6
Quarter 1	5.3 (0.29)	7.6

¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.” These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014–2016, Family Core component.

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NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY EARLY RELEASE PROGRAM

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–March 2016

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Sex		
Male		
2014 full year	2.4 (0.12)	2.3
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.14)	1.5
Quarter 2	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.21)	2.7
2015 full year	4.1 (0.18)	4.0
Quarter 1	3.9 (0.31)	3.7
Quarter 2	4.7 (0.30)	4.5
Quarter 3	4.1 (0.32)	4.1
Quarter 4	3.7 (0.32)	3.6
2016 (Jan–Mar)	4.5 (0.30)	4.4
Quarter 1	4.5 (0.30)	4.4
Female		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	2.9
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.18)	1.8
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
Quarter 3	3.5 (0.28)	3.4
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
2015 full year	4.8 (0.17)	4.8
Quarter 1	4.8 (0.30)	4.8
Quarter 2	4.8 (0.32)	4.8
Quarter 3	5.6 (0.35)	5.6
Quarter 4	4.2 (0.31)	4.2
2016 (Jan–Mar)	4.8 (0.31)	4.9
Quarter 1	4.8 (0.31)	4.9
Race/ethnicity		
Hispanic or Latino ²		
2014 full year	2.6 (0.30)	0.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.30)	0.5
Quarter 2	3.0 (0.61)	1.0
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.55)	1.1
Quarter 4	2.6 (0.37)	0.9
2015 full year	5.1 (0.40)	1.7
Quarter 1	5.4 (0.55)	1.8
Quarter 2	4.2 (0.58)	1.4
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.65)	1.8
Quarter 4	5.4 (0.66)	1.9
2016 (Jan–Mar)	5.1 (0.65)	1.8
Quarter 1	5.1 (0.65)	1.8
Non-Hispanic white, single race		
2014 full year	2.5 (0.13)	3.0
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.16)	1.9
Quarter 2	2.6 (0.23)	3.2
Quarter 3	2.9 (0.28)	3.5
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.24)	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–March 2016—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
2015 full year	4.3 (0.18)	5.2
Quarter 1	4.0 (0.30)	4.9
Quarter 2	4.7 (0.33)	5.8
Quarter 3	4.6 (0.39)	5.5
Quarter 4	3.7 (0.36)	4.5
2016 (Jan–Mar)	4.4 (0.32)	5.3
Quarter 1	4.4 (0.32)	5.3
Non-Hispanic black, single race		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.27)	0.7
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.38)	0.3
Quarter 2	3.7 (0.51)	0.9
Quarter 3	3.3 (0.48)	0.8
Quarter 4	3.3 (0.55)	0.8
2015 full year	4.0 (0.34)	1.0
Quarter 1	4.1 (0.73)	1.0
Quarter 2	4.2 (0.61)	1.0
Quarter 3	4.4 (0.53)	1.1
Quarter 4	3.2 (0.48)	0.8
2016 (Jan–Mar)	4.6 (0.63)	1.1
Quarter 1	4.6 (0.63)	1.1
Poverty status ³		
Poor (<100% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.20)	0.6
Quarter 1	1.0 (0.27)	0.3
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.49)	0.7
Quarter 3	2.1 (0.37)	0.6
Quarter 4	3.2 (0.50)	0.9
2015 full year	3.8 (0.39)	0.9
Quarter 1	3.6 (0.65)	0.9
Quarter 2	4.3 (0.85)	1.0
Quarter 3	4.6 (0.82)	1.1
Quarter 4	2.7 (0.53)	0.7
2016 (Jan–Mar)	2.9 (0.45)	0.7
Quarter 1	2.9 (0.45)	0.7
Near poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)		
2014 full year	4.5 (0.33)	1.6
Quarter 1	2.2 (0.40)	0.8
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.56)	1.7
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.70)	1.9
Quarter 4	5.2 (0.66)	1.8
2015 full year	7.9 (0.48)	2.7
Quarter 1	8.6 (0.92)	2.9
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.88)	2.9
Quarter 3	7.3 (0.99)	2.6
Quarter 4	7.0 (0.82)	2.5
2016 (Jan–Mar)	7.0 (0.90)	2.5
Quarter 1	7.0 (0.90)	2.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–March 2016—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Not poor (≥200% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.3 (0.12)	3.1
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.18)	2.2
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.23)	3.4
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.27)	3.6
Quarter 4	2.4 (0.22)	3.1
2015 full year	3.8 (0.17)	5.1
Quarter 1	3.5 (0.28)	4.7
Quarter 2	3.8 (0.28)	5.2
Quarter 3	4.3 (0.32)	5.9
Quarter 4	3.4 (0.32)	4.6
2016 (Jan–Mar)	4.4 (0.32)	6.0
Quarter 1	4.4 (0.32)	6.0

¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

²Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

³Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Nearpoor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 8.8% in 2014, 8.8% in 2015 and 7.7% in the first quarter of 2016. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

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Table 1. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2010 full year	18.2 (0.30)	61.2 (0.50)	...	22.0 (0.38)
Quarter 1	17.5 (0.53)	62.6 (0.99)	...	21.2 (0.71)
Quarter 2	19.2 (0.74)	60.9 (0.92)	...	21.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.50)	60.6 (0.83)	...	22.0 (0.64)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.49)	60.6 (0.89)	...	23.5 (0.68)
2011 full year	17.3 (0.29)	61.2 (0.51)	...	23.0 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.4 (0.49)	61.3 (0.89)	...	22.7 (0.67)
Quarter 2	17.4 (0.48)	61.4 (0.83)	...	22.5 (0.59)
Quarter 3	17.3 (0.54)	60.8 (0.95)	...	23.3 (0.68)
Quarter 4	16.9 (0.51)	61.1 (0.86)	...	23.3 (0.63)
2012 full year	16.9 (0.27)	61.0 (0.47)	...	23.5 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.6 (0.56)	60.2 (0.93)	...	23.5 (0.64)
Quarter 2	16.0 (0.48)	63.0 (0.90)	...	22.6 (0.68)
Quarter 3	17.0 (0.50)	60.3 (0.84)	...	24.2 (0.67)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.47)	60.3 (0.80)	...	23.8 (0.59)
2013 full year	16.6 (0.30)	61.0 (0.52)	...	23.8 (0.35)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.54)	60.3 (0.91)	...	23.9 (0.65)
Quarter 2	16.4 (0.49)	62.1 (0.82)	...	22.9 (0.59)
Quarter 3	16.5 (0.48)	61.2 (0.85)	...	23.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	16.2 (0.53)	60.5 (0.93)	...	24.5 (0.68)
2014 full year	13.3 (0.26)	63.6 (0.46)	2.2 (0.10)	24.5 (0.36)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.47)	61.8 (0.85)	1.4 (0.11)	24.2 (0.68)
Quarter 2	12.9 (0.50)	63.8 (0.81)	2.4 (0.17)	24.7 (0.61)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.44)	64.0 (0.85)	2.5 (0.20)	24.0 (0.62)
Quarter 4	12.1 (0.42)	64.4 (0.90)	2.5 (0.18)	25.0 (0.74)
2015 full year	10.5 (0.22)	65.6 (0.50)	3.8 (0.14)	25.3 (0.43)
Quarter 1	10.7 (0.40)	66.5 (0.88)	3.6 (0.22)	24.2 (0.74)
Quarter 2	10.3 (0.36)	66.7 (0.81)	4.0 (0.24)	24.6 (0.71)
Quarter 3	10.8 (0.43)	64.5 (0.93)	4.2 (0.29)	26.1 (0.77)
Quarter 4	10.3 (0.41)	64.7 (0.95)	3.4 (0.24)	26.3 (0.81)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	10.4 (0.34)	65.0 (0.66)	4.1 (0.18)	26.2 (0.54)
Quarter 1	10.0 (0.39)	66.0 (0.80)	4.0 (0.23)	25.7 (0.64)
Quarter 2	10.8 (0.46)	63.9 (0.79)	4.1 (0.26)	26.8 (0.75)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

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⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

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Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
0-17 years				
2010 full year	7.8 (0.32)	53.8 (0.75)	...	39.8 (0.73)
Quarter 1	7.4 (0.51)	55.4 (1.47)	...	38.5 (1.41)
Quarter 2	9.1 (0.79)	53.0 (1.30)	...	39.3 (1.19)
Quarter 3	8.2 (0.56)	53.7 (1.35)	...	39.7 (1.31)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.46)	53.0 (1.35)	...	41.6 (1.30)
2011 full year	7.0 (0.27)	53.3 (0.76)	...	41.0 (0.74)
Quarter 1	6.9 (0.50)	54.4 (1.40)	...	40.3 (1.35)
Quarter 2	7.7 (0.48)	53.7 (1.23)	...	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	7.1 (0.53)	52.3 (1.46)	...	42.1 (1.38)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.45)	53.0 (1.33)	...	41.5 (1.29)
2012 full year	6.6 (0.27)	52.8 (0.73)	...	42.1 (0.72)
Quarter 1	6.7 (0.55)	51.6 (1.35)	...	43.0 (1.24)
Quarter 2	6.4 (0.57)	55.3 (1.34)	...	39.9 (1.38)
Quarter 3	6.8 (0.50)	52.0 (1.30)	...	43.0 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.4 (0.44)	52.4 (1.33)	...	42.3 (1.25)
2013 full year	6.5 (0.26)	52.6 (0.76)	...	42.2 (0.70)
Quarter 1	7.1 (0.52)	51.5 (1.45)	...	42.5 (1.30)
Quarter 2	7.1 (0.51)	54.1 (1.31)	...	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	5.9 (0.49)	52.7 (1.39)	...	42.7 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.0 (0.47)	52.0 (1.34)	...	43.6 (1.24)
2014 full year	5.5 (0.27)	53.7 (0.68)	0.9 (0.11)	42.2 (0.65)
Quarter 1	6.6 (0.55)	51.7 (1.34)	0.5 (0.14)	43.0 (1.32)
Quarter 2	5.6 (0.59)	53.6 (1.28)	1.0 (0.17)	42.5 (1.24)
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.46)	54.6 (1.31)	1.0 (0.19)	40.9 (1.24)
Quarter 4	4.2 (0.40)	54.5 (1.38)	1.3 (0.28)	42.9 (1.39)
2015 full year	4.5 (0.24)	54.7 (0.78)	2.0 (0.18)	42.2 (0.79)
Quarter 1	4.6 (0.50)	56.3 (1.44)	1.6 (0.23)	40.4 (1.38)
Quarter 2	4.5 (0.48)	55.7 (1.34)	1.9 (0.29)	41.1 (1.32)
Quarter 3	4.5 (0.46)	53.3 (1.49)	2.5 (0.39)	43.7 (1.45)
Quarter 4	4.3 (0.43)	53.6 (1.53)	1.9 (0.32)	43.5 (1.54)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	5.0 (0.41)	53.9 (1.08)	2.3 (0.24)	42.7 (0.99)
Quarter 1	5.0 (0.46)	54.9 (1.34)	2.2 (0.27)	42.1 (1.32)
Quarter 2	5.0 (0.60)	52.9 (1.46)	2.4 (0.32)	43.3 (1.43)
18-29 years				
2010 full year	30.9 (0.56)	53.4 (0.64)	...	16.2 (0.45)
Quarter 1	30.6 (1.13)	53.4 (1.34)	...	16.6 (0.92)
Quarter 2	31.9 (1.16)	54.0 (1.25)	...	14.4 (0.73)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.01)	52.2 (1.11)	...	16.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.08)	54.2 (1.31)	...	17.4 (0.86)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016—Continued

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2011 full year	27.7 (0.57)	56.4 (0.69)	...	16.7 (0.48)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.01)	55.8 (1.34)	...	17.1 (0.92)
Quarter 2	27.6 (1.02)	57.4 (1.23)	...	16.0 (0.71)
Quarter 3	28.1 (1.10)	55.6 (1.28)	...	17.0 (0.87)
Quarter 4	27.2 (1.02)	56.9 (1.16)	...	16.8 (0.75)
2012 full year	26.9 (0.54)	56.5 (0.64)	...	17.5 (0.47)
Quarter 1	28.2 (1.10)	54.7 (0.33)	...	17.9 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.09)	58.4 (1.42)	...	17.6 (0.85)
Quarter 3	27.4 (0.99)	55.3 (1.27)	...	18.0 (0.94)
Quarter 4	26.9 (1.12)	57.6 (1.30)	...	16.6 (0.77)
2013 full year	26.1 (0.59)	57.6 (0.68)	...	16.9 (0.46)
Quarter 1	26.5 (1.02)	56.0 (1.24)	...	18.1 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.06)	58.5 (1.21)	...	17.1 (0.87)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.06)	58.8 (1.23)	...	16.1 (0.90)
Quarter 4	26.8 (1.13)	57.2 (1.42)	...	16.5 (0.91)
2014 full year	20.6 (0.49)	61.4 (0.68)	2.1 (0.14)	19.0 (0.50)
Quarter 1	22.2 (0.91)	59.7 (1.36)	1.3 (0.21)	19.0 (0.97)
Quarter 2	19.8 (0.89)	62.2 (1.19)	2.4 (0.31)	18.8 (0.95)
Quarter 3	21.5 (0.99)	61.0 (1.34)	2.3 (0.28)	18.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	19.1 (0.86)	62.4 (1.25)	2.5 (0.30)	19.7 (0.97)
2015 full year	16.5 (0.50)	64.2 (0.68)	3.4 (0.23)	20.2 (0.54)
Quarter 1	17.2 (0.87)	64.0 (1.16)	3.0 (0.42)	19.8 (0.99)
Quarter 2	15.2 (0.74)	65.4 (1.22)	4.0 (0.39)	20.3 (0.97)
Quarter 3	16.9 (0.84)	64.1 (1.18)	3.8 (0.49)	19.7 (0.93)
Quarter 4	16.5 (0.97)	63.4 (1.33)	2.8 (0.36)	21.1 (0.98)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	15.7 (0.65)	62.7 (0.87)	3.5 (0.26)	22.9 (0.76)
Quarter 1	15.1 (0.87)	64.1 (1.07)	3.1 (0.37)	21.7 (1.04)
Quarter 2	16.3 (0.91)	61.2 (1.15)	3.9 (0.45)	24.0 (1.09)
30-64 years				
2010 full year	19.1 (0.36)	67.9 (0.49)	...	14.5 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.2 (0.64)	69.8 (0.88)	...	13.6 (0.53)
Quarter 2	20.0 (0.83)	67.7 (0.95)	...	13.9 (0.48)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.64)	67.2 (0.79)	...	14.5 (0.54)
Quarter 4	18.6 (0.59)	67.0 (0.82)	...	16.0 (0.56)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.34)	67.0 (0.44)	...	15.6 (0.29)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.62)	67.0 (0.79)	...	15.4 (0.52)
Quarter 2	18.9 (0.60)	67.0 (0.80)	...	15.5 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.58)	67.3 (0.82)	...	15.5 (0.50)
Quarter 4	18.7 (0.59)	67.0 (0.84)	...	16.0 (0.58)
2012 full year	18.7 (0.31)	66.8 (0.43)	...	16.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	19.4 (0.65)	66.7 (0.85)	...	15.3 (0.52)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.54)	68.6 (0.78)	...	15.4 (0.51)
Quarter 3	18.6 (0.58)	66.4 (0.80)	...	16.6 (0.57)
Quarter 4	19.2 (0.53)	65.3 (0.72)	...	16.8 (0.53)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016—Continued

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2013 full year	18.3 (0.36)	66.6 (0.47)	...	16.7 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.9 (0.68)	66.4 (0.84)	...	16.4 (0.56)
Quarter 2	18.1 (0.59)	67.5 (0.75)	...	16.1 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.7 (0.57)	66.5 (0.76)	...	16.6 (0.52)
Quarter 4	17.8 (0.63)	66.2 (0.88)	...	17.6 (0.59)
2014 full year	14.7 (0.30)	69.4 (0.43)	2.9 (0.13)	17.3 (0.33)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.58)	67.8 (0.74)	1.8 (0.16)	16.5 (0.54)
Quarter 2	14.1 (0.57)	69.6 (0.75)	3.1 (0.23)	17.7 (0.57)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.51)	69.9 (0.81)	3.4 (0.27)	17.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	13.7 (0.53)	70.2 (0.85)	3.1 (0.22)	17.7 (0.66)
2015 full year	11.5 (0.25)	71.7 (0.43)	4.9 (0.17)	18.5 (0.36)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.45)	72.7 (0.76)	4.9 (0.28)	17.5 (0.60)
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.45)	72.7 (0.72)	5.1 (0.30)	17.6 (0.61)
Quarter 3	11.9 (0.52)	70.4 (0.88)	5.2 (0.31)	19.3 (0.71)
Quarter 4	11.2 (0.48)	70.9 (0.86)	4.3 (0.32)	19.4 (0.74)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	11.2 (0.37)	71.5 (0.55)	5.2 (0.22)	19.0 (0.47)
Quarter 1	10.8 (0.45)	72.5 (0.72)	5.3 (0.29)	18.7 (0.57)
Quarter 2	11.7 (0.49)	70.5 (0.61)	5.1 (0.31)	19.3 (0.58)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.”

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2016, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Robin A. Cohen and Emily P. Zammitti of the National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.



Table 3. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2010 full year	22.3 (0.35)	64.1 (0.46)	...	15.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	21.5 (0.66)	65.5 (0.88)	...	14.4 (0.54)
Quarter 2	23.2 (0.80)	64.0 (0.89)	...	14.0 (0.44)
Quarter 3	23.0 (0.58)	63.2 (0.73)	...	15.0 (0.51)
Quarter 4	21.4 (0.60)	63.6 (0.81)	...	16.4 (0.53)
2011 full year	21.3 (0.34)	64.2 (0.45)	...	15.9 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.6 (0.59)	64.0 (0.79)	...	15.9 (0.50)
Quarter 2	21.2 (0.59)	64.5 (0.79)	...	15.6 (0.47)
Quarter 3	21.3 (0.62)	64.2 (0.84)	...	15.9 (0.52)
Quarter 4	21.0 (0.62)	64.3 (0.78)	...	16.2 (0.51)
2012 full year	20.9 (0.31)	64.1 (0.42)	...	16.4 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.7 (0.66)	63.6 (0.84)	...	16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 2	19.6 (0.59)	65.9 (0.83)	...	16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.9 (0.57)	63.5 (0.79)	...	17.0 (0.55)
Quarter 4	21.3 (0.58)	63.3 (0.73)	...	16.8 (0.50)
2013 full year	20.4 (0.37)	64.2 (0.47)	...	16.7 (0.30)
Quarter 1	20.9 (0.64)	63.6 (0.79)	...	16.9 (0.54)
Quarter 2	19.9 (0.58)	65.1 (0.74)	...	16.3 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.6 (0.59)	64.5 (0.74)	...	16.4 (0.48)
Quarter 4	20.1 (0.64)	63.8 (0.87)	...	17.3 (0.57)
2014 full year	16.3 (0.31)	67.3 (0.43)	2.7 (0.11)	17.7 (0.32)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.55)	65.6 (0.76)	1.7 (0.13)	17.1 (0.53)
Quarter 2	15.6 (0.57)	67.7 (0.73)	2.9 (0.21)	18.0 (0.53)
Quarter 3	16.2 (0.53)	67.6 (0.80)	3.1 (0.23)	17.6 (0.53)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.52)	68.1 (0.81)	2.9 (0.19)	18.2 (0.62)
2015 full year	12.8 (0.27)	69.7 (0.43)	4.5 (0.16)	18.9 (0.36)
Quarter 1	13.0 (0.45)	70.4 (0.77)	4.4 (0.27)	18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	12.4 (0.43)	70.8 (0.71)	4.8 (0.27)	18.3 (0.60)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.51)	68.8 (0.83)	4.9 (0.29)	19.4 (0.66)
Quarter 4	12.6 (0.52)	69.0 (0.84)	3.9 (0.27)	19.9 (0.66)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	12.4 (0.39)	69.2 (0.56)	4.7 (0.19)	20.0 (0.46)
Quarter 1	11.9 (0.47)	70.2 (0.70)	4.7 (0.27)	19.5 (0.51)
Quarter 2	12.9 (0.52)	68.1 (0.62)	4.8 (0.28)	20.5 (0.62)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.”

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2016, Family Core component.

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Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
Male				
2010 full year	25.3 (0.44)	63.4 (0.51)	...	12.5 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.7 (0.84)	64.7 (0.93)	...	12.0 (0.54)
Quarter 2	26.4 (0.93)	63.5 (0.99)	...	11.2 (0.49)
Quarter 3	26.3 (0.75)	62.2 (0.82)	...	12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 4	24.0 (0.74)	63.3 (0.87)	...	14.1 (0.55)
2011 full year	23.7 (0.40)	63.9 (0.49)	...	13.8 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.72)	63.7 (0.86)	...	13.6 (0.52)
Quarter 2	23.8 (0.72)	64.0 (0.92)	...	13.5 (0.51)
Quarter 3	23.4 (0.75)	64.2 (0.90)	...	14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	23.6 (0.69)	63.8 (0.82)	...	14.0 (0.53)
2012 full year	23.2 (0.38)	64.0 (0.46)	...	14.2 (0.31)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.78)	63.6 (0.92)	...	13.8 (0.54)
Quarter 2	21.6 (0.68)	66.1 (0.90)	...	13.9 (0.58)
Quarter 3	23.5 (0.71)	63.5 (0.82)	...	14.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	23.8 (0.71)	62.7 (0.84)	...	14.5 (0.54)
2013 full year	22.5 (0.42)	64.6 (0.49)	...	14.2 (0.32)
Quarter 1	23.3 (0.80)	63.9 (0.90)	...	14.3 (0.58)
Quarter 2	22.7 (0.72)	64.3 (0.84)	...	14.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	22.3 (0.70)	65.0 (0.80)	...	14.1 (0.54)
Quarter 4	21.9 (0.78)	65.0 (0.90)	...	14.3 (0.56)
2014 full year	18.3 (0.38)	67.7 (0.47)	2.4 (0.12)	15.2 (0.36)
Quarter 1	20.0 (0.66)	66.3 (0.84)	1.6 (0.14)	14.9 (0.59)
Quarter 2	17.8 (0.72)	67.8 (0.79)	2.7 (0.24)	15.7 (0.64)
Quarter 3	18.1 (0.66)	67.8 (0.85)	2.7 (0.24)	15.4 (0.58)
Quarter 4	17.3 (0.65)	68.7 (0.92)	2.8 (0.21)	15.1 (0.66)
2015 full year	14.9 (0.31)	69.9 (0.47)	4.1 (0.18)	16.6 (0.37)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.55)	70.6 (0.88)	3.9 (0.31)	15.6 (0.69)
Quarter 2	14.3 (0.53)	71.6 (0.81)	4.7 (0.30)	15.4 (0.62)
Quarter 3	15.8 (0.65)	68.3 (0.88)	4.1 (0.32)	17.3 (0.66)
Quarter 4	14.3 (0.67)	69.1 (0.96)	3.7 (0.32)	18.2 (0.74)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	14.4 (0.50)	69.8 (0.57)	4.5 (0.21)	17.3 (0.47)
Quarter 1	13.8 (0.57)	71.0 (0.73)	4.5 (0.30)	16.9 (0.53)
Quarter 2	15.1 (0.69)	68.7 (0.68)	4.5 (0.30)	17.7 (0.75)
Female				
2010 full year	19.3 (0.32)	64.7 (0.47)	...	17.4 (0.38)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.65)	66.2 (0.95)	...	16.8 (0.68)
Quarter 2	20.1 (0.76)	64.5 (0.92)	...	16.8 (0.55)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.57)	64.2 (0.80)	...	17.3 (0.67)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.60)	64.0 (0.87)	...	18.6 (0.68)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016—*Continued*

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2011 full year	18.9 (0.36)	64.5 (0.47)	...	18.0 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.59)	64.3 (0.86)	...	18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	18.6 (0.59)	64.9 (0.81)	...	17.8 (0.57)
Quarter 3	19.3 (0.64)	64.1 (0.89)	...	17.8 (0.65)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.71)	64.8 (0.93)	...	18.4 (0.66)
2012 full year	18.6 (0.33)	64.2 (0.44)	...	18.6 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.6 (0.66)	63.5 (0.90)	...	18.0 (0.61)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.60)	65.8 (0.86)	...	18.0 (0.57)
Quarter 3	18.5 (0.61)	63.5 (0.88)	...	19.5 (0.66)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.59)	63.9 (0.76)	...	18.9 (0.59)
2013 full year	18.3 (0.37)	64.0 (0.51)	...	19.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	18.7 (0.62)	63.4 (0.85)	...	19.3 (0.65)
Quarter 2	17.3 (0.57)	65.9 (0.79)	...	18.4 (0.59)
Quarter 3	18.9 (0.60)	63.9 (0.81)	...	18.7 (0.57)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.67)	62.6 (0.96)	...	20.2 (0.73)
2014 full year	14.3 (0.30)	66.9 (0.46)	2.9 (0.13)	20.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	16.8 (0.59)	65.1 (0.86)	1.8 (0.18)	19.3 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.56)	67.6 (0.84)	3.1 (0.23)	20.2 (0.64)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.52)	67.4 (0.89)	3.5 (0.28)	19.7 (0.66)
Quarter 4	12.9 (0.54)	67.6 (0.85)	3.1 (0.23)	21.2 (0.73)
2015 full year	10.8 (0.29)	69.6 (0.47)	4.8 (0.17)	21.2 (0.42)
Quarter 1	10.9 (0.46)	70.2 (0.80)	4.8 (0.30)	20.5 (0.69)
Quarter 2	10.6 (0.45)	70.0 (0.75)	4.8 (0.32)	21.1 (0.71)
Quarter 3	10.8 (0.53)	69.3 (0.95)	5.6 (0.35)	21.5 (0.81)
Quarter 4	10.9 (0.53)	68.8 (0.89)	4.2 (0.31)	21.5 (0.76)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	10.5 (0.37)	68.5 (0.69)	4.9 (0.22)	22.6 (0.57)
Quarter 1	10.1 (0.49)	69.5 (0.84)	4.8 (0.31)	22.0 (0.66)
Quarter 2	10.8 (0.47)	67.5 (0.79)	5.0 (0.33)	23.2 (0.71)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for “private health insurance coverage.”

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2016, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Robin A. Cohen and Emily P. Zammitti of the National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.



Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
Hispanic or Latino ⁵				
2010 full year	43.2 (0.91)	41.1 (0.85)	...	16.3 (0.64)
Quarter 1	42.4 (1.72)	42.9 (1.67)	...	15.4 (1.10)
Quarter 2	44.9 (1.39)	39.7 (1.37)	...	15.8 (0.92)
Quarter 3	44.1 (1.78)	40.5 (1.69)	...	15.8 (0.98)
Quarter 4	41.5 (1.38)	41.1 (1.45)	...	18.1 (1.00)
2011 full year	42.2 (0.89)	40.3 (0.82)	...	18.1 (0.63)
Quarter 1	42.0 (1.60)	41.2 (1.95)	...	17.1 (1.18)
Quarter 2	41.4 (1.46)	40.2 (1.31)	...	19.0 (0.86)
Quarter 3	42.6 (1.38)	39.5 (1.41)	...	18.6 (1.10)
Quarter 4	42.7 (1.57)	40.2 (1.39)	...	17.6 (1.00)
2012 full year	41.3 (0.89)	40.4 (0.73)	...	19.0 (0.64)
Quarter 1	42.6 (1.72)	41.0 (1.68)	...	17.1 (1.02)
Quarter 2	39.7 (1.29)	42.0 (1.49)	...	19.3 (1.04)
Quarter 3	40.5 (1.55)	39.8 (1.34)	...	20.1 (1.39)
Quarter 4	42.2 (1.58)	38.8 (1.42)	...	19.7 (1.03)
2013 full year	40.6 (0.88)	42.1 (0.70)	...	18.0 (0.62)
Quarter 1	41.4 (1.95)	40.7 (1.52)	...	18.6 (1.17)
Quarter 2	41.3 (1.51)	41.9 (1.24)	...	17.5 (0.94)
Quarter 3	39.5 (1.38)	43.0 (1.49)	...	18.1 (1.11)
Quarter 4	40.3 (1.47)	42.7 (1.40)	...	17.7 (0.95)
2014 full year	33.7 (0.76)	46.4 (0.86)	2.6 (0.30)	20.6 (0.73)
Quarter 1	35.7 (1.43)	44.8 (1.62)	1.4 (0.30)	20.1 (1.09)
Quarter 2	33.2 (1.42)	47.2 (1.55)	3.0 (0.61)	20.3 (1.16)
Quarter 3	34.0 (1.40)	46.8 (1.44)	3.4 (0.55)	19.8 (1.12)
Quarter 4	31.8 (1.47)	47.0 (1.54)	2.6 (0.37)	22.1 (1.22)
2015 full year	27.7 (0.72)	50.0 (0.85)	5.1 (0.40)	23.0 (0.84)
Quarter 1	28.3 (1.24)	49.8 (1.42)	5.4 (0.55)	22.7 (1.26)
Quarter 2	26.1 (1.30)	53.2 (1.46)	4.2 (0.58)	21.4 (1.28)
Quarter 3	29.3 (1.33)	48.2 (1.40)	5.3 (0.65)	23.1 (1.25)
Quarter 4	27.2 (1.36)	48.8 (1.56)	5.4 (0.66)	24.7 (1.41)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	24.8 (1.21)	51.0 (1.58)	5.0 (0.44)	25.3 (1.76)
Quarter 1	24.5 (1.31)	51.6 (1.88)	5.1 (0.65)	25.2 (1.72)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.93)	50.4 (2.23)	5.0 (0.76)	25.4 (2.08)
Non-Hispanic white, single race				
2010 full year	16.4 (0.35)	72.2 (0.52)	...	12.8 (0.34)
Quarter 1	15.6 (0.63)	73.4 (0.93)	...	12.5 (0.60)
Quarter 2	17.0 (0.65)	72.7 (0.83)	...	11.7 (0.49)
Quarter 3	16.7 (0.64)	71.5 (0.92)	...	13.0 (0.63)
Quarter 4	16.1 (0.66)	71.4 (0.89)	...	14.1 (0.61)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2011 full year	15.6 (0.35)	72.5 (0.48)	...	13.4 (0.31)
Quarter 1	16.1 (0.64)	71.8 (0.87)	...	13.6 (0.57)
Quarter 2	15.8 (0.60)	72.9 (0.85)	...	12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 3	15.7 (0.64)	72.6 (0.86)	...	13.3 (0.61)
Quarter 4	14.8 (0.59)	72.8 (0.94)	...	14.1 (0.62)
2012 full year	15.1 (0.31)	72.7 (0.46)	...	13.7 (0.33)
Quarter 1	16.0 (0.67)	72.3 (0.88)	...	13.1 (0.58)
Quarter 2	14.2 (0.62)	74.5 (0.83)	...	13.1 (0.51)
Quarter 3	15.1 (0.58)	71.9 (0.87)	...	14.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.59)	72.3 (0.85)	...	13.9 (0.57)
2013 full year	14.5 (0.34)	72.7 (0.49)	...	14.4 (0.32)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.62)	71.8 (0.91)	...	14.6 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.9 (0.54)	73.6 (0.82)	...	14.2 (0.61)
Quarter 3	14.7 (0.61)	72.8 (0.80)	...	14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	14.0 (0.61)	72.6 (0.96)	...	14.7 (0.67)
2014 full year	11.6 (0.29)	75.3 (0.47)	2.5 (0.13)	14.6 (0.36)
Quarter 1	13.5 (0.58)	73.7 (0.87)	1.6 (0.16)	14.1 (0.66)
Quarter 2	11.1 (0.58)	75.5 (0.81)	2.6 (0.23)	14.9 (0.61)
Quarter 3	11.4 (0.52)	75.6 (0.88)	2.9 (0.28)	14.6 (0.67)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.55)	76.2 (0.93)	2.8 (0.24)	14.8 (0.71)
2015 full year	8.7 (0.25)	77.3 (0.47)	4.3 (0.18)	15.7 (0.42)
Quarter 1	8.7 (0.50)	78.6 (0.78)	4.0 (0.30)	14.4 (0.63)
Quarter 2	8.8 (0.47)	78.0 (0.78)	4.7 (0.33)	14.9 (0.68)
Quarter 3	8.9 (0.48)	75.7 (0.93)	4.6 (0.39)	17.0 (0.80)
Quarter 4	8.3 (0.55)	77.0 (0.96)	3.7 (0.36)	16.2 (0.81)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	8.7 (0.34)	76.4 (0.58)	4.5 (0.23)	16.7 (0.43)
Quarter 1	8.4 (0.47)	77.8 (0.60)	4.4 (0.32)	15.7 (0.55)
Quarter 2	9.0 (0.41)	75.0 (0.72)	4.7 (0.30)	17.6 (0.59)
Non-Hispanic black, single race				
2010 full year	27.2 (0.75)	49.3 (0.81)	...	25.3 (0.70)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.41)	49.5 (1.60)	...	24.3 (1.41)
Quarter 2	26.5 (1.33)	49.4 (1.72)	...	25.7 (1.32)
Quarter 3	28.6 (1.14)	48.6 (1.35)	...	24.8 (1.31)
Quarter 4	25.6 (1.33)	49.6 (1.80)	...	26.3 (1.46)
2011 full year	24.8 (0.65)	50.5 (0.79)	...	26.2 (0.75)
Quarter 1	23.9 (1.26)	52.2 (1.67)	...	25.8 (1.18)
Quarter 2	24.2 (1.24)	51.1 (1.55)	...	26.5 (1.44)
Quarter 3	25.0 (1.16)	50.1 (1.49)	...	25.9 (1.27)
Quarter 4	26.2 (1.44)	48.8 (1.57)	...	26.6 (1.49)
2012 full year	23.6 (0.61)	50.8 (0.75)	...	27.0 (0.68)
Quarter 1	26.0 (1.19)	46.3 (1.50)	...	29.1 (1.21)
Quarter 2	21.9 (1.34)	53.1 (1.93)	...	25.8 (1.40)
Quarter 3	24.1 (1.05)	51.7 (1.47)	...	25.7 (1.27)
Quarter 4	22.6 (1.25)	52.2 (1.52)	...	27.3 (1.34)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2013 full year	24.9 (0.62)	50.0 (0.91)	...	26.6 (0.80)
Quarter 1	25.5 (1.16)	50.6 (1.58)	...	25.0 (1.37)
Quarter 2	23.6 (1.23)	50.8 (1.68)	...	26.7 (1.32)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.23)	50.3 (1.45)	...	26.0 (1.25)
Quarter 4	24.6 (1.39)	48.3 (1.70)	...	28.7 (1.55)
2014 full year	17.7 (0.60)	53.4 (0.84)	2.9 (0.27)	30.5 (0.73)
Quarter 1	20.2 (1.16)	51.6 (1.67)	1.4 (0.38)	29.7 (1.30)
Quarter 2	15.9 (1.04)	54.4 (1.73)	3.7 (0.51)	31.1 (1.53)
Quarter 3	17.5 (1.00)	52.6 (1.81)	3.3 (0.48)	31.5 (1.54)
Quarter 4	17.2 (1.16)	55.0 (1.82)	3.3 (0.55)	29.8 (1.59)
2015 full year	14.4 (0.57)	57.8 (0.90)	4.0 (0.34)	29.7 (0.84)
Quarter 1	15.6 (1.00)	56.7 (1.50)	4.1 (0.73)	29.7 (1.46)
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.97)	57.9 (1.72)	4.2 (0.61)	30.5 (1.37)
Quarter 3	14.7 (1.17)	60.3 (1.55)	4.4 (0.53)	27.2 (1.18)
Quarter 4	14.0 (1.14)	56.5 (1.99)	3.2 (0.48)	31.4 (1.89)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	14.8 (0.84)	57.2 (1.35)	4.6 (0.36)	29.5 (1.44)
Quarter 1	13.0 (1.34)	58.8 (1.86)	4.6 (0.63)	29.6 (1.66)
Quarter 2	16.7 (1.17)	55.7 (1.96)	4.7 (0.66)	29.4 (1.84)

... Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁵Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2016, Family Core component.

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Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage ⁵
Poor (<100% FPL)				
2010 full year	42.2 (0.99)	19.6 (0.89)	...	38.8 (0.97)
Quarter 1	44.0 (1.79)	17.6 (0.68)	...	39.1 (1.82)
Quarter 2	43.5 (1.87)	19.4 (1.67)	...	37.5 (1.83)
Quarter 3	43.7 (1.75)	17.0 (1.50)	...	40.0 (1.75)
Quarter 4	38.1 (1.58)	24.1 (1.61)	...	38.6 (1.74)
2011 full year	40.1 (0.91)	21.2 (1.02)	...	39.6 (0.93)
Quarter 1	39.8 (0.64)	21.6 (1.79)	...	39.3 (1.67)
Quarter 2	37.2 (1.83)	23.8 (2.48)	...	39.9 (1.87)
Quarter 3	42.2 (1.84)	17.1 (1.86)	...	41.7 (1.64)
Quarter 4	41.1 (1.84)	22.1 (1.98)	...	37.5 (1.83)
2012 full year	40.1 (0.90)	20.2 (1.09)	...	40.8 (0.94)
Quarter 1	42.7 (1.62)	19.6 (1.69)	...	38.6 (1.60)
Quarter 2	38.9 (2.03)	21.0 (3.13)	...	41.3 (1.71)
Quarter 3	41.0 (1.43)	17.2 (1.46)	...	42.3 (1.82)
Quarter 4	37.6 (1.58)	22.6 (1.96)	...	40.9 (1.62)
2013 full year	39.3 (1.00)	19.0 (0.97)	...	42.4 (0.95)
Quarter 1	39.1 (1.74)	19.5 (1.87)	...	42.4 (1.91)
Quarter 2	38.9 (1.79)	19.0 (2.22)	...	42.7 (1.76)
Quarter 3	40.2 (1.90)	18.1 (2.26)	...	42.3 (1.76)
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.77)	19.3 (1.70)	...	42.3 (1.77)
2014 full year	32.3 (0.93)	21.9 (0.92)	2.2 (0.20)	46.6 (0.95)
Quarter 1	34.9 (1.53)	20.5 (1.59)	1.0 (0.27)	45.4 (1.74)
Quarter 2	33.5 (2.03)	20.2 (1.61)	2.5 (0.49)	47.0 (2.11)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.78)	21.5 (2.06)	2.1 (0.37)	47.5 (1.70)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.72)	25.1 (2.00)	3.2 (0.50)	46.5 (1.88)
2015 full year	25.2 (0.90)	24.3 (1.04)	3.8 (0.39)	51.7 (1.08)
Quarter 1	28.0 (1.57)	23.1 (1.50)	3.6 (0.65)	50.3 (2.06)
Quarter 2	25.0 (1.51)	24.6 (1.97)	4.3 (0.85)	51.6 (1.93)
Quarter 3	25.2 (1.70)	23.5 (2.67)	4.6 (0.82)	52.7 (2.55)
Quarter 4	22.4 (1.63)	25.9 (2.20)	2.7 (0.53)	52.4 (1.95)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	25.9 (1.27)	21.6 (1.19)	2.6 (0.32)	53.7 (1.55)
Quarter 1	24.7 (1.61)	23.8 (1.70)	2.9 (0.45)	52.8 (1.77)
Quarter 2	27.2 (2.05)	19.3 (1.49)	2.4 (0.47)	54.6 (2.25)
Near poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)				
2010 full year	43.0 (0.74)	34.7 (0.74)	...	23.7 (0.55)
Quarter 1	43.8 (1.41)	34.8 (1.48)	...	22.8 (1.15)
Quarter 2	44.2 (1.52)	35.0 (1.44)	...	22.1 (1.17)
Quarter 3	43.9 (1.50)	34.3 (1.54)	...	23.5 (1.14)
Quarter 4	40.2 (1.51)	34.8 (1.59)	...	26.6 (1.35)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016—Continued

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage ⁵
2011 full year	40.1 (0.72)	35.4 (0.75)	...	25.9 (0.69)
Quarter 1	40.3 (1.24)	36.1 (1.37)	...	25.4 (1.21)
Quarter 2	42.1 (1.41)	33.5 (1.32)	...	25.7 (1.14)
Quarter 3	39.0 (1.31)	36.0 (1.34)	...	26.0 (1.25)
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.49)	35.9 (1.40)	...	26.5 (1.27)
2012 full year	39.2 (0.68)	37.2 (0.74)	...	25.2 (0.57)
Quarter 1	41.0 (1.28)	35.8 (1.44)	...	24.4 (1.13)
Quarter 2	37.8 (1.42)	38.4 (1.46)	...	25.7 (1.12)
Quarter 3	38.0 (1.51)	38.6 (1.62)	...	25.1 (1.16)
Quarter 4	40.0 (1.44)	35.9 (1.45)	...	25.4 (1.21)
2013 full year	38.5 (0.84)	36.4 (0.78)	...	26.6 (0.78)
Quarter 1	39.2 (1.42)	33.8 (1.38)	...	28.4 (1.42)
Quarter 2	38.4 (1.55)	37.9 (1.50)	...	25.4 (1.33)
Quarter 3	37.9 (1.34)	39.3 (1.39)	...	24.1 (1.19)
Quarter 4	38.6 (1.42)	34.6 (1.38)	...	28.5 (1.44)
2014 full year	30.9 (0.72)	41.2 (0.81)	4.5 (0.33)	29.6 (0.76)
Quarter 1	34.4 (1.58)	39.3 (1.53)	2.2 (0.40)	27.5 (1.24)
Quarter 2	28.5 (1.20)	43.5 (1.38)	5.1 (0.56)	29.6 (1.21)
Quarter 3	31.3 (1.32)	42.1 (1.43)	5.3 (0.70)	28.7 (1.27)
Quarter 4	29.2 (1.31)	40.0 (1.47)	5.2 (0.66)	32.6 (1.41)
2015 full year	24.1 (0.62)	43.8 (0.79)	7.9 (0.48)	34.2 (0.80)
Quarter 1	23.8 (1.14)	45.9 (1.43)	8.6 (0.92)	32.8 (1.43)
Quarter 2	24.0 (1.17)	45.8 (1.47)	8.6 (0.88)	32.5 (1.42)
Quarter 3	24.4 (1.22)	41.3 (1.54)	7.3 (0.99)	36.1 (1.47)
Quarter 4	24.2 (1.35)	42.4 (1.68)	7.0 (0.82)	35.5 (1.69)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	23.5 (1.03)	41.1 (1.24)	7.2 (0.51)	37.7 (1.18)
Quarter 1	23.6 (1.33)	43.0 (1.86)	7.0 (0.90)	36.2 (1.78)
Quarter 2	23.4 (1.28)	39.1 (1.40)	7.5 (0.75)	39.2 (1.39)
Not poor (≥200% FPL)				
2010 full year	12.6 (0.27)	80.8 (0.36)	...	8.1 (0.27)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.50)	82.2 (0.66)	...	7.8 (0.45)
Quarter 2	13.2 (0.57)	80.8 (0.66)	...	7.4 (0.36)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.57)	80.1 (0.65)	...	8.1 (0.51)
Quarter 4	12.4 (0.54)	80.1 (0.69)	...	9.0 (0.46)
2011 full year	12.0 (0.28)	81.1 (0.35)	...	8.3 (0.23)
Quarter 1	12.0 (0.55)	81.1 (0.64)	...	8.3 (0.40)
Quarter 2	12.5 (0.49)	80.5 (0.64)	...	8.4 (0.39)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.49)	81.5 (0.64)	...	8.0 (0.39)
Quarter 4	11.6 (0.50)	81.4 (0.66)	...	8.6 (0.43)
2012 full year	11.4 (0.26)	81.3 (0.38)	...	8.7 (0.29)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.52)	81.4 (0.68)	...	8.5 (0.52)
Quarter 2	11.3 (0.52)	81.7 (0.68)	...	8.5 (0.44)
Quarter 3	11.3 (0.44)	81.0 (0.64)	...	9.3 (0.51)
Quarter 4	11.7 (0.44)	80.9 (0.62)	...	8.7 (0.49)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2016—Continued

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage ⁵
2013 full year	11.4 (0.27)	81.2 (0.37)	...	8.9 (0.26)
Quarter 1	11.7 (0.56)	81.7 (0.74)	...	8.1 (0.47)
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.48)	81.0 (0.62)	...	9.0 (0.45)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.54)	80.0 (0.66)	...	9.6 (0.44)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.59)	82.0 (0.73)	...	8.8 (0.47)
2014 full year	8.9 (0.23)	83.9 (0.35)	2.3 (0.12)	8.5 (0.26)
Quarter 1	10.1 (0.48)	83.0 (0.62)	1.7 (0.18)	8.1 (0.44)
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.43)	83.0 (0.64)	2.5 (0.23)	9.7 (0.48)
Quarter 3	8.5 (0.40)	84.4 (0.57)	2.7 (0.27)	8.3 (0.42)
Quarter 4	8.3 (0.44)	85.1 (0.61)	2.4 (0.22)	8.0 (0.46)
2015 full year	7.6 (0.22)	84.7 (0.33)	3.8 (0.17)	9.1 (0.27)
Quarter 1	7.5 (0.42)	85.3 (0.65)	3.5 (0.28)	8.6 (0.49)
Quarter 2	7.5 (0.36)	85.2 (0.56)	3.8 (0.28)	8.8 (0.46)
Quarter 3	8.1 (0.46)	83.8 (0.64)	4.3 (0.32)	9.6 (0.46)
Quarter 4	7.3 (0.47)	84.7 (0.68)	3.4 (0.32)	9.3 (0.54)
2016 (Jan–Jun)	7.0 (0.31)	84.9 (0.39)	4.3 (0.21)	9.5 (0.28)
Quarter 1	6.5 (0.37)	85.9 (0.54)	4.4 (0.32)	9.0 (0.36)
Quarter 2	7.5 (0.42)	83.9 (0.51)	4.3 (0.27)	10.0 (0.45)

... Category not applicable.

¹Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 12.2% in 2010, 11.5% in 2011, 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013, 8.8% in 2014, and 8.8% in 2015 and 7.9% in the first two quarters of 2016. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

²A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

³Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁴Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁵Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2016, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Robin A. Cohen and Emily P. Zammitti of the National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.



Table 7. Percentages and number in millions of persons under age 65 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–June 2016

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Age group		
Under age 65		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.10)	5.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.11)	3.7
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.17)	6.3
Quarter 3	2.5 (0.20)	6.8
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.18)	6.7
2015 full year	3.8 (0.14)	10.2
Quarter 1	3.6 (0.22)	9.7
Quarter 2	4.0 (0.24)	10.7
Quarter 3	4.2 (0.29)	11.3
Quarter 4	3.4 (0.24)	9.1
2016 (Jan–Jun)	4.1 (0.18)	11.0
Quarter 1	4.0 (0.23)	10.8
Quarter 2	4.1 (0.26)	11.1
Age 0–17		
2014 full year	0.9 (0.11)	0.7
Quarter 1	0.5 (0.14)	0.4
Quarter 2	1.0 (0.17)	0.7
Quarter 3	1.0 (0.19)	0.8
Quarter 4	1.3 (0.28)	0.9
2015 full year	2.0 (0.18)	1.4
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.23)	1.2
Quarter 2	1.9 (0.29)	1.4
Quarter 3	2.5 (0.39)	1.8
Quarter 4	1.9 (0.32)	1.4
2016 (Jan–Jun)	2.3 (0.24)	1.7
Quarter 1	2.2 (0.27)	1.6
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.32)	1.8
Age 18–64		
2014 full year	2.7 (0.11)	5.2
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.13)	3.3
Quarter 2	2.9 (0.21)	5.7
Quarter 3	3.1 (0.23)	6.1
Quarter 4	2.9 (0.19)	5.7
2015 full year	4.5 (0.16)	8.8
Quarter 1	4.4 (0.27)	8.6
Quarter 2	4.8 (0.27)	9.3
Quarter 3	4.9 (0.29)	9.5
Quarter 4	3.9 (0.27)	7.8
2016 (Jan–Jun)	4.7 (0.19)	9.3
Quarter 1	4.7 (0.27)	9.2
Quarter 2	4.8 (0.28)	9.4

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 7. Percentages and number in millions of persons under age 65 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–June 2016—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Age 18–29		
2014 full year	2.1 (0.14)	1.1
Quarter 1	1.3 (0.21)	0.6
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.31)	1.2
Quarter 3	2.3 (0.28)	1.2
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.30)	1.3
2015 full year	3.4 (0.23)	1.8
Quarter 1	3.0 (0.42)	1.6
Quarter 2	4.0 (0.39)	2.1
Quarter 3	3.8 (0.49)	1.9
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.36)	1.5
2016 (Jan–Jun)	3.5 (0.26)	1.8
Quarter 1	3.1 (0.37)	1.6
Quarter 2	3.9 (0.45)	2.1
Age 30–64		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	4.1
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.16)	2.6
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	4.4
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.27)	4.9
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.22)	4.4
2015 full year	4.9 (0.17)	7.0
Quarter 1	4.9 (0.28)	7.0
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.30)	7.3
Quarter 3	5.2 (0.31)	7.6
Quarter 4	4.3 (0.32)	6.3
2016 (Jan–Jun)	5.2 (0.22)	7.5
Quarter 1	5.3 (0.29)	7.6
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.31)	7.3

¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014–2016, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Robin A. Cohen and Emily P. Zammitti of the National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.



Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–June 2016

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Sex		
Male		
2014 full year	2.4 (0.12)	2.3
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.14)	1.5
Quarter 2	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.21)	2.7
2015 full year	4.1 (0.18)	4.0
Quarter 1	3.9 (0.31)	3.7
Quarter 2	4.7 (0.30)	4.5
Quarter 3	4.1 (0.32)	4.1
Quarter 4	3.7 (0.32)	3.6
2016 (Jan–Jun)	4.5 (0.21)	4.3
Quarter 1	4.5 (0.30)	4.4
Quarter 2	4.5 (0.30)	4.3
Female		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	2.9
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.18)	1.8
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
Quarter 3	3.5 (0.28)	3.4
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
2015 full year	4.8 (0.17)	4.8
Quarter 1	4.8 (0.30)	4.8
Quarter 2	4.8 (0.32)	4.8
Quarter 3	5.6 (0.35)	5.6
Quarter 4	4.2 (0.31)	4.2
2016 (Jan–Jun)	4.9 (0.22)	4.9
Quarter 1	4.8 (0.31)	4.9
Quarter 2	5.0 (0.33)	5.0
Race/ethnicity		
Hispanic or Latino ²		
2014 full year	2.6 (0.30)	0.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.30)	0.5
Quarter 2	3.0 (0.61)	1.0
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.55)	1.1
Quarter 4	2.6 (0.37)	0.9
2015 full year	5.1 (0.40)	1.7
Quarter 1	5.4 (0.55)	1.8
Quarter 2	4.2 (0.58)	1.4
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.65)	1.8
Quarter 4	5.4 (0.66)	1.9
2016 (Jan–Jun)	5.0 (0.44)	1.7
Quarter 1	5.1 (0.65)	1.8
Quarter 2	5.0 (0.76)	1.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–June 2016—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Non-Hispanic white, single race		
2014 full year	2.5 (0.13)	3.0
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.16)	1.9
Quarter 2	2.6 (0.23)	3.2
Quarter 3	2.9 (0.28)	3.5
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.24)	3.4
2015 full year	4.3 (0.18)	5.2
Quarter 1	4.0 (0.30)	4.9
Quarter 2	4.7 (0.33)	5.8
Quarter 3	4.6 (0.39)	5.5
Quarter 4	3.7 (0.36)	4.5
2016 (Jan–Jun)	4.5 (0.23)	5.5
Quarter 1	4.4 (0.32)	5.3
Quarter 2	4.7 (0.30)	5.6
Non-Hispanic black, single race		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.27)	0.7
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.38)	0.3
Quarter 2	3.7 (0.51)	0.9
Quarter 3	3.3 (0.48)	0.8
Quarter 4	3.3 (0.55)	0.8
2015 full year	4.0 (0.34)	1.0
Quarter 1	4.1 (0.73)	1.0
Quarter 2	4.2 (0.61)	1.0
Quarter 3	4.4 (0.53)	1.1
Quarter 4	3.2 (0.48)	0.8
2016 (Jan–Jun)	4.6 (0.36)	1.1
Quarter 1	4.6 (0.63)	1.1
Quarter 2	4.7 (0.66)	1.1
Poverty status³		
Poor (<100% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.20)	0.6
Quarter 1	1.0 (0.27)	0.3
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.49)	0.7
Quarter 3	2.1 (0.37)	0.6
Quarter 4	3.2 (0.50)	0.9
2015 full year	3.8 (0.39)	0.9
Quarter 1	3.6 (0.65)	0.9
Quarter 2	4.3 (0.85)	1.0
Quarter 3	4.6 (0.82)	1.1
Quarter 4	2.7 (0.53)	0.7
2016 (Jan–Jun)	2.6 (0.32)	0.6
Quarter 1	2.9 (0.45)	0.7
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.47)	0.6
Near poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)		
2014 full year	4.5 (0.33)	1.6
Quarter 1	2.2 (0.40)	0.8
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.56)	1.7
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.70)	1.9
Quarter 4	5.2 (0.66)	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–June 2016—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
2015 full year	7.9 (0.48)	2.7
Quarter 1	8.6 (0.92)	2.9
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.88)	2.9
Quarter 3	7.3 (0.99)	2.6
Quarter 4	7.0 (0.82)	2.5
2016 (Jan–Jun)	7.2 (0.51)	2.5
Quarter 1	7.0 (0.90)	2.5
Quarter 2	7.5 (0.75)	2.5
Not poor (≥200% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.3 (0.12)	3.1
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.18)	2.2
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.23)	3.4
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.27)	3.6
Quarter 4	2.4 (0.22)	3.1
2015 full year	3.8 (0.17)	5.1
Quarter 1	3.5 (0.28)	4.7
Quarter 2	3.8 (0.28)	5.2
Quarter 3	4.3 (0.32)	5.9
Quarter 4	3.4 (0.32)	4.6
2016 (Jan–Jun)	4.3 (0.21)	6.0
Quarter 1	4.4 (0.32)	6.0
Quarter 2	4.3 (0.27)	6.0

¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

²Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

³Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 8.8% in 2014, 8.8% in 2015 and 7.9% in the first two quarters of 2016. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014–2016, Family Core component.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: This table is a product of the NHIS Early Release Program (<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm>). This table was produced by Robin A. Cohen and Emily P. Zammitti of the National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics.



Problems Paying Medical Bills Among Persons Under Age 65: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey, 2011–June 2016

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Highlights

- The percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 21.3% (56.5 million) in 2011 to 16.2% (43.8 million) in the first 6 months of 2016.
- The percentage of children aged 0–17 years who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 23.2% in 2011 to 17.6% in the first 6 months of 2016.
- Within each year, from 2011 through June 2016, children aged 0–17 years were more likely than adults aged 18–64 to be in families having problems paying medical bills.
- In the first 6 months of 2016, among persons under age 65, 28.5% of those who were uninsured, 21.1% of those who had public coverage, and 12.6% of those who had private coverage were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months.
- In the first 6 months of 2016, 23.0% of poor, 24.9% of near-poor, and 12.6% of not-poor persons under age 65 were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months.

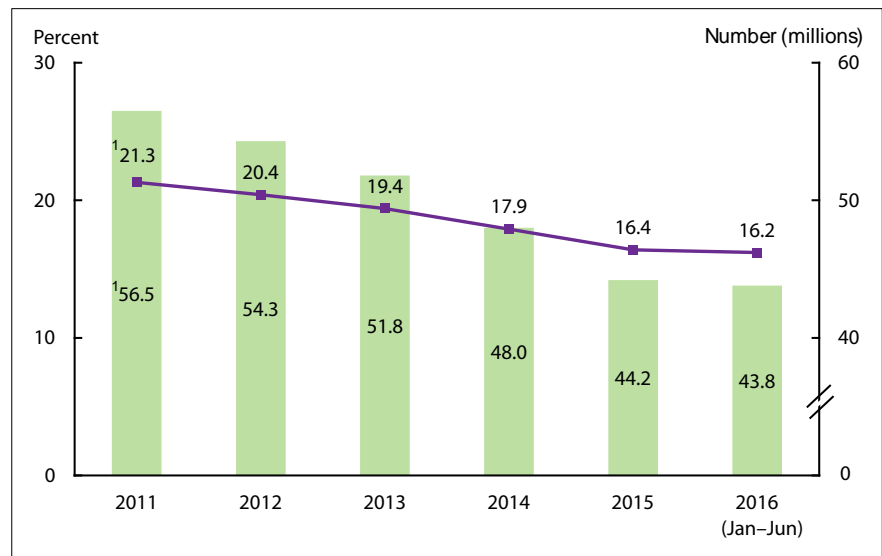
Introduction

This report provides updated estimates (1) from the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) for the percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills, by selected demographic variables and insurance status. Estimates for 2011–2015 are based on full years of data, and the 2016 estimates are based on data collected during the first 6 months of 2016. During this time period, there have been changes in the prevalence of uninsured persons. In the first 6 months of 2016, 28.1 million (10.4%) persons under age 65 were uninsured at the time of interview—17.8 million fewer persons than in 2011 (17.3%) but only 0.3 million fewer persons than in 2015 (a nonsignificant difference) (2).

In this report on families having problems paying medical bills, an NHIS “family” is defined as an individual or a group of two or more related persons living together in the same housing unit. Thus, a family can consist of only one person. In some instances, unrelated persons sharing the same household, such as an unmarried couple living together, may also be considered a family.

This report is produced by the NHIS Early Release (ER) Program, which releases selected preliminary estimates prior to final microdata release. These estimates are available from the NHIS website at <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm>. For more information about NHIS and the ER Program, see the [Technical Notes](#) and [Additional Early Release Program Products](#) sections of this report.

Figure 1. Percentage and number of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by year: United States, 2011–June 2016



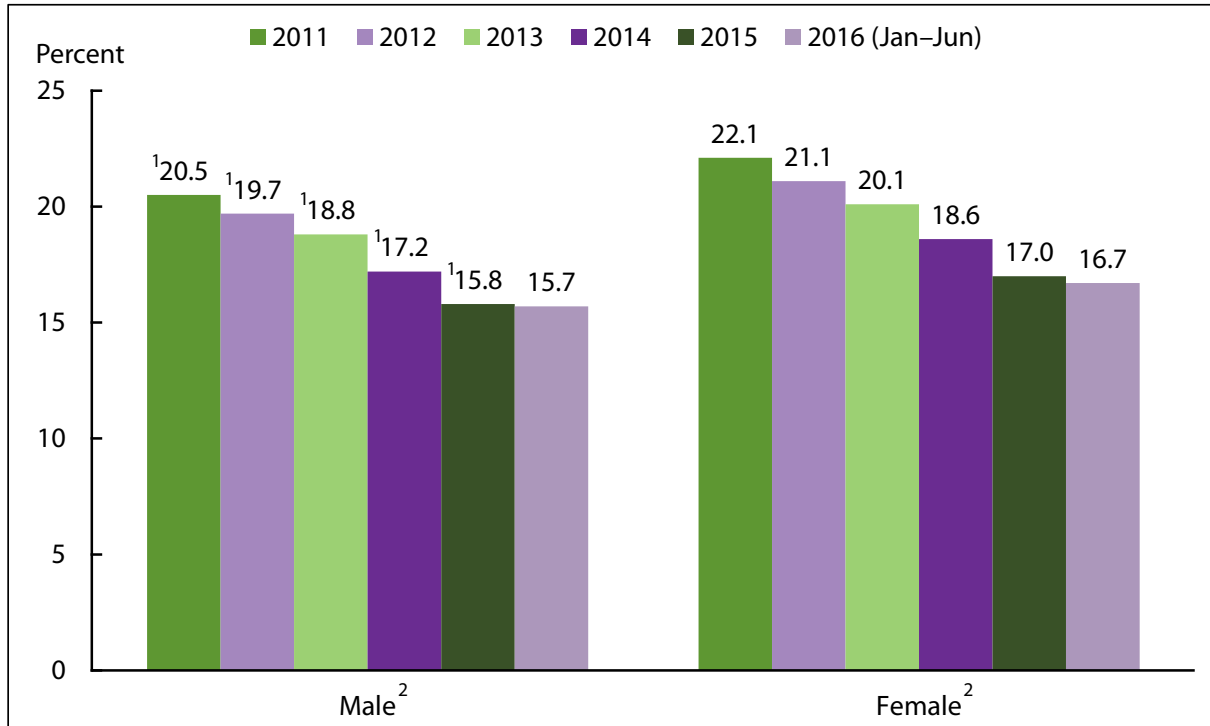
¹Significant linear decrease from 2011 through June 2016 ($p < 0.05$).

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2011–2016.

- Among persons under age 65, 16.2% (43.8 million) were in families having problems paying medical bills in the first 6 months of 2016 (Figure 1).
- The percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 21.3% (56.5 million) in 2011 to 16.2% (43.8 million) in the first 6 months of 2016.
- The percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills did not change significantly between 2015 (16.4% or 44.2 million) and the first 6 months of 2016 (16.2% or 43.8 million).

Figure 2. Percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by sex and year: United States, 2011–June 2016



¹Significantly different from females within each year from 2011 through 2015 ($p < 0.05$).

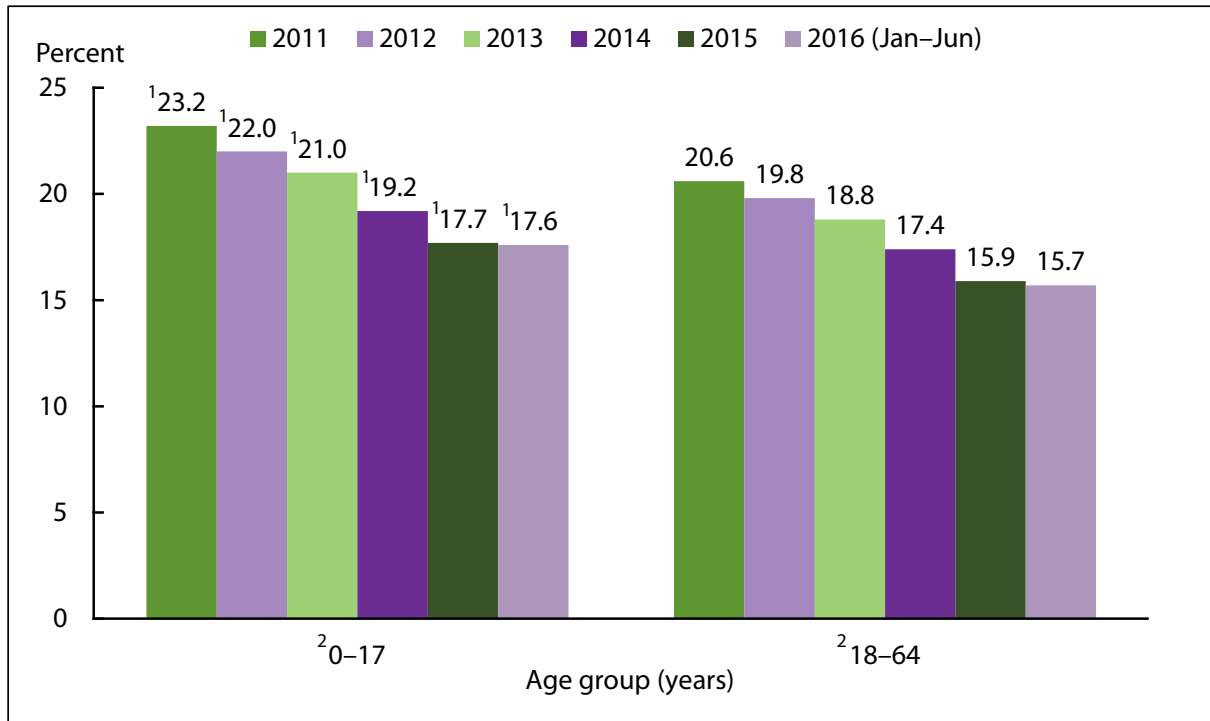
²Significant linear decrease from 2011 through June 2016 ($p < 0.05$).

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2011–2016.

- Among persons under age 65, the percentage of males who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 20.5% in 2011 to 15.7% in the first 6 months of 2016 (Figure 2). However, the observed decrease in the percentage of males having problems paying medical bills between 2015 (15.8%) and the first 6 months of 2016 (15.7%) was not significant.
- Among persons under age 65, the percentage of females who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 22.1% in 2011 to 16.7% in the first 6 months of 2016. However, the observed decrease in the percentage of females who were in families having problems paying medical bill between 2015 (17.0%) and the first 6 months of 2016 (16.7%) was not significant.
- Within each year from 2011 through 2015, females were more likely than males to have been in a family having problems paying medical bills. In the first 6 months of 2016, the observed difference between females (16.7%) and males (15.7%) was not significant.

Figure 3. Percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by age group and year: United States, 2011–June 2016



¹Significantly different from those aged 18–64 within each year ($p < 0.05$).

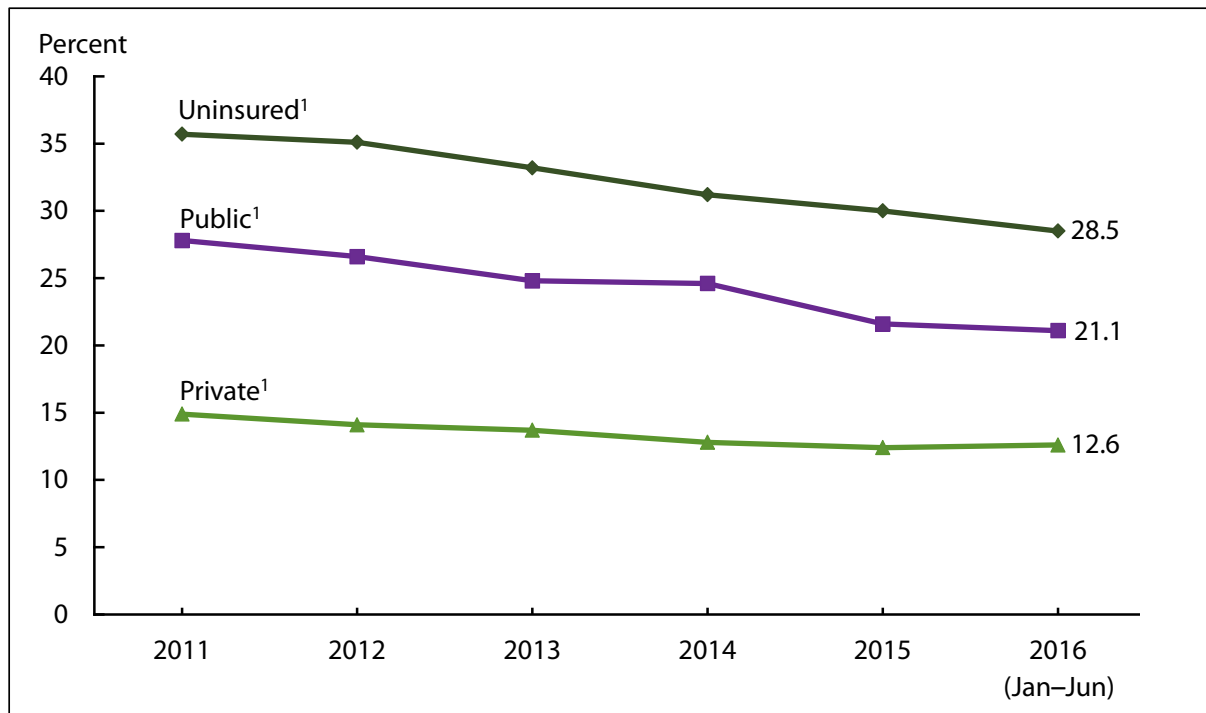
²Significant linear decrease from 2011 through June 2016 ($p < 0.05$).

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2011–2016.

- Among children aged 0–17 years, the percentage of those who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 23.2% in 2011 to 17.6% in the first 6 months of 2016 (Figure 3). However, the observed decrease in the percentage of children who were in families having problems paying medical bills between 2015 (17.7%) and the first 6 months of 2016 (17.6%) was not significant.
- Among adults aged 18–64, the percentage of those who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 20.6% in 2011 to 15.7% in the first 6 months of 2016. However, the observed decrease in the percentage of adults aged 18–64 who were in families having problems paying medical bills between 2015 (15.9%) and the first 6 months of 2016 (15.7%) was not significant.
- Within each year, children were more likely than adults aged 18–64 to be in families having problems paying medical bills.

Figure 4. Percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by health insurance coverage status and year: United States, 2011–June 2016



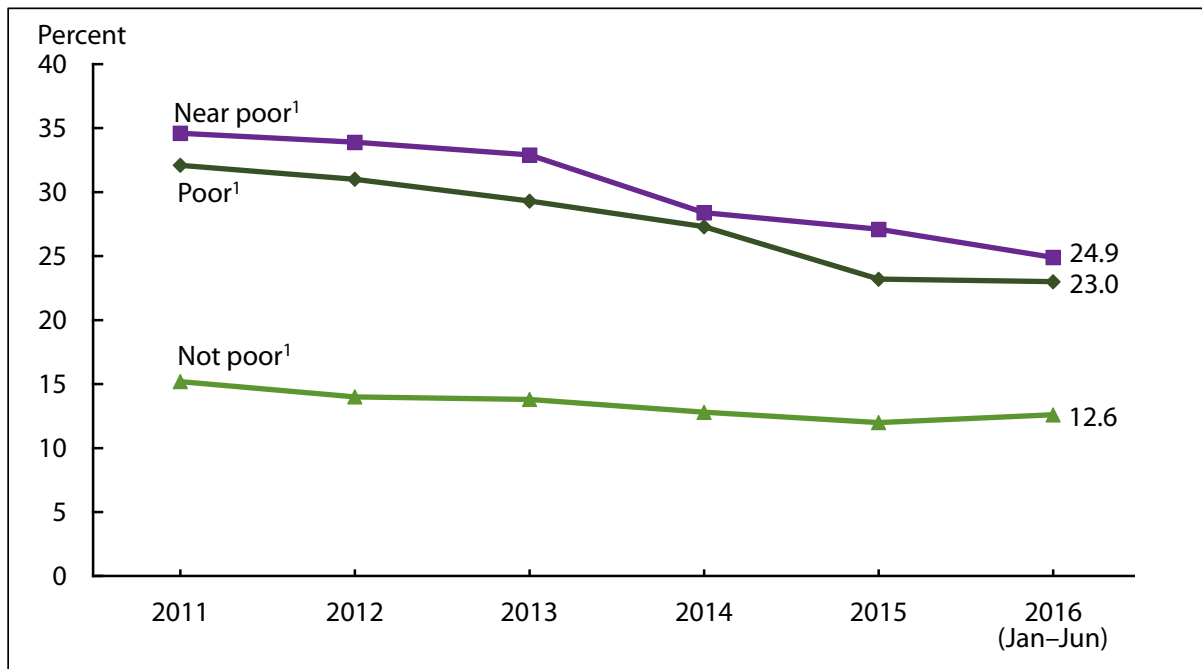
¹Significant linear decrease from 2011 through June 2016 ($p < 0.05$).

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2011–2016.

- In the first 6 months of 2016, among persons under age 65, 28.5% of those who were uninsured, 21.1% of those with public coverage, and 12.6% of those who had private coverage were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months (Figure 4).
- Among persons under age 65 who were uninsured, the percentage of persons who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 35.7% in 2011 to 28.5% in the first 6 months of 2016.
- The percentage of persons under age 65 with public coverage who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 27.8% in 2011 to 21.1% in the first 6 months of 2016.
- The percentage of persons under age 65 with private coverage who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 14.9% in 2011 to 12.6% in the first 6 months of 2016.
- Among persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had public coverage, or had private coverage, there was no significant change in the percentage of those who were in families having problems paying medical bills between 2015 and the first 6 months of 2016.
- Within each year, persons under age 65 who were uninsured were more likely than those who had public or private coverage to be in families having problems paying medical bills.
- Within each year, persons under age 65 who had public coverage were more likely than those who had private coverage to be in families having problems paying medical bills.

Figure 5. Percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by poverty status and year: United States, 2011–June 2016



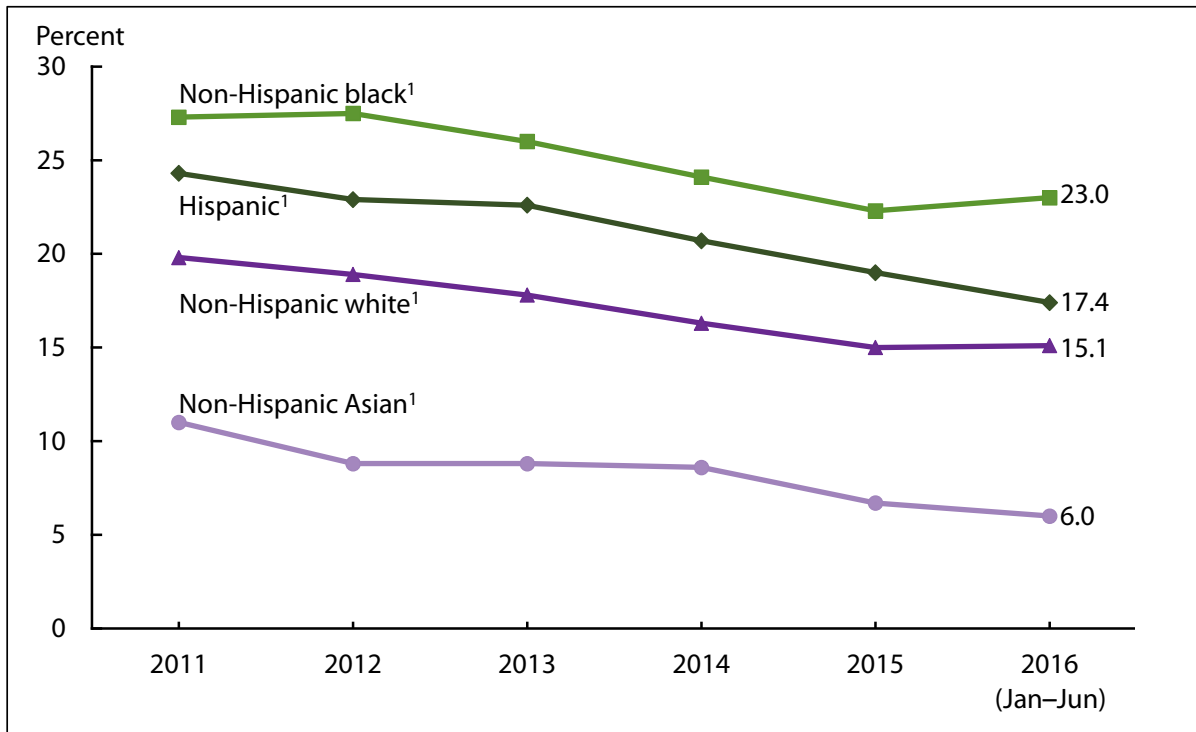
¹Significant linear decrease from 2011 through June 2016 ($p < 0.05$).

NOTES: "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "not poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2011–2016.

- In the first 6 months of 2016, among persons under age 65, 23.0% of those who were poor, 24.9% of those who were near poor, and 12.6% of those who were not poor were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months (Figure 5).
- The percentage of poor persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 32.1% in 2011 to 23.0% in the first 6 months of 2016.
- The percentage of near-poor persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 34.6% in 2011 to 24.9% in the first 6 months of 2016.
- The percentage of not-poor persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 15.2% in 2011 to 12.6% in the first 6 months of 2016.
- Among persons under age 65 who were poor, near poor, or not poor, there was no significant change in the percentage of those who were in families having problems paying medical bills between 2015 and the first 6 months of 2016.
- Within each year, persons under age 65 who were poor or near poor were about twice as likely as those who were not poor to be in families having problems paying medical bills.

Figure 6. Percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by race and ethnicity and year: United States, 2011–June 2016



¹Significant linear decrease from 2011 through June 2016 ($p < 0.05$).

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2011–2016.

- In the first 6 months of 2016, among persons under age 65, 17.4% of Hispanic, 15.1% of non-Hispanic white, 23.0% of non-Hispanic black, and 6.0% of non-Hispanic Asian persons were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months (Figure 6).
- The percentage of Hispanic persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 24.3% in 2011 to 17.4% in the first 6 months of 2016.
- The percentage of non-Hispanic white persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 19.8% in 2011 to 15.1% in the first 6 months of 2016.
- The percentage of non-Hispanic black persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 27.3% in 2011 to 23.0% in the first 6 months of 2016.
- The percentage of non-Hispanic Asian persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased, from 11.0% in 2011 to 6.0% in the first 6 months of 2016.
- Among all race and ethnicity groups shown, there was no significant change in the percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills between 2015 and the first 6 months of 2016.
- Within each year from 2011 to the first 6 months of 2016 among persons under age 65, non-Hispanic black persons were the most likely and non-Hispanic Asian persons were the least likely to be in families having problems paying medical bills.
- Within each year from 2011 through 2015 among persons under age 65, Hispanic persons were more likely than non-Hispanic white persons to be in families having problems paying medical bills. In the first 6 months of 2016, the observed difference in the percentage of Hispanic (17.4%) and non-Hispanic white (15.1%) persons who were in families having problems paying medical bills was not significant.

Table. Percentage (standard error) of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by selected demographic characteristics and year: United States, 2011–June 2016

Selected characteristic	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 (Jan-Jun)
Total	21.3 (0.37)	20.4 (0.33)	19.4 (0.38)	17.9 (0.35)	16.4 (0.31)	16.2 (0.46)
Sex						
Male	20.5 (0.38)	19.7 (0.34)	18.8 (0.40)	17.2 (0.35)	15.8 (0.33)	15.7 (0.48)
Female	22.1 (0.41)	21.1 (0.36)	20.1 (0.40)	18.6 (0.39)	17.0 (0.34)	16.7 (0.51)
Age group (years)						
0–17	23.2 (0.51)	22.0 (0.49)	21.0 (0.54)	19.2 (0.48)	17.7 (0.46)	17.6 (0.60)
18–64	20.6 (0.36)	19.8 (0.32)	18.8 (0.37)	17.4 (0.34)	15.9 (0.30)	15.7 (0.48)
Race and ethnicity						
Hispanic	24.3 (0.72)	22.9 (0.64)	22.6 (0.64)	20.7 (0.73)	19.0 (0.62)	17.4 (1.14)
Non-Hispanic, white only	19.8 (0.47)	18.9 (0.46)	17.8 (0.47)	16.3 (0.44)	15.0 (0.42)	15.1 (0.55)
Non-Hispanic, black only	27.3 (0.85)	27.5 (0.73)	26.0 (0.88)	24.1 (0.85)	22.3 (0.80)	23.0 (1.36)
Non-Hispanic, Asian only	11.0 (0.87)	8.8 (0.72)	8.8 (0.83)	8.6 (0.76)	6.7 (0.70)	6.0 (0.95)
Non-Hispanic other races	26.7 (1.69)	26.2 (1.58)	23.6 (1.73)	23.1 (1.49)	21.1 (1.69)	20.6 (2.13)
Health insurance coverage status by age group (years)						
Under age 65:						
Uninsured ¹	35.7 (0.76)	35.1 (0.63)	33.2 (0.69)	31.2 (0.81)	30.0 (0.84)	28.5 (1.07)
Private ²	14.9 (0.33)	14.1 (0.33)	13.7 (0.42)	12.8 (0.34)	12.4 (0.30)	12.6 (0.46)
Public ³	27.8 (0.62)	26.6 (0.63)	24.8 (0.61)	24.6 (0.61)	21.6 (0.58)	21.1 (0.88)
0–17:						
Uninsured ¹	37.7 (1.76)	36.7 (1.65)	36.2 (1.73)	32.7 (1.85)	33.9 (2.21)	31.6 (3.92)
Private ²	16.7 (0.52)	15.3 (0.57)	14.7 (0.65)	13.3 (0.54)	13.3 (0.52)	12.4 (0.57)
Public ³	29.3 (0.80)	28.6 (0.81)	26.7 (0.82)	25.6 (0.76)	21.9 (0.73)	23.1 (1.19)
18–64:						
Uninsured ¹	35.4 (0.74)	34.9 (0.64)	32.8 (0.67)	31.0 (0.78)	29.5 (0.83)	28.1 (0.85)
Private ²	14.4 (0.31)	13.8 (0.31)	13.4 (0.40)	12.6 (0.33)	12.1 (0.29)	12.7 (0.49)
Public ³	26.2 (0.64)	24.6 (0.65)	23.0 (0.61)	23.7 (0.67)	21.4 (0.66)	19.4 (0.97)
Poverty status ⁴ by age group (years)						
Under age 65:						
Poor	32.1 (0.93)	31.0 (0.84)	29.3 (0.95)	27.3 (0.96)	23.2 (0.92)	23.0 (1.40)
Near poor	34.6 (0.78)	33.9 (0.85)	32.9 (0.86)	28.4 (0.81)	27.1 (0.85)	24.9 (1.14)
Not poor	15.2 (0.39)	14.0 (0.36)	13.8 (0.41)	12.8 (0.37)	12.0 (0.33)	12.6 (0.53)
0–17:						
Poor	32.7 (1.23)	30.3 (1.13)	28.4 (1.22)	26.7 (1.23)	21.9 (1.09)	23.6 (1.86)
Near poor	34.3 (1.08)	32.7 (1.14)	32.9 (1.20)	27.0 (1.02)	27.0 (1.21)	24.2 (1.51)
Not poor	15.4 (0.59)	14.6 (0.54)	14.2 (0.65)	13.2 (0.56)	12.5 (0.52)	13.1 (0.64)
18–64:						
Poor	31.8 (0.93)	31.4 (0.87)	29.8 (0.94)	27.7 (0.98)	24.0 (0.95)	22.6 (1.37)
Near poor	34.7 (0.79)	34.5 (0.84)	33.0 (0.83)	29.0 (0.84)	27.2 (0.79)	25.2 (1.18)
Not poor	15.1 (0.38)	13.8 (0.34)	13.7 (0.39)	12.6 (0.36)	11.9 (0.32)	12.4 (0.54)
Out-of-pocket medical expenses ⁵						
Less than \$2,000	17.9 (0.36)	17.2 (0.34)	16.1 (0.36)	15.3 (0.35)	13.3 (0.34)	13.4 (0.53)
\$2,000 or more	32.7 (0.79)	31.2 (0.78)	30.3 (0.80)	27.2 (0.79)	26.3 (0.75)	25.1 (0.99)

¹Includes persons without private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military health plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes Medicaid, CHIP, state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare (disability), and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories

⁴Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold, "near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold, and "not poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. The percentages of respondents with unknown poverty status were 11.5% in 2011, 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013, 8.8% in 2014, 8.8% in 2015, and 7.9% in the first 2 quarters of 2016. Estimates for persons with unknown poverty status are not shown separately. For more information on the unknown income and poverty status categories, see the *Survey Description* document for the 2015 National Health Interview Survey, available from: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm>. The estimates shown in this report may differ from estimates based on both reported and imputed income.

⁵Based on the following survey question: "The next question is about money that [you have/your family has] spent out of pocket on medical care. We do not want you to count health insurance premiums, over-the-counter drugs, or costs that you will be reimbursed for. In the past 12 months, about how much did [you/your family] spend for medical care and dental care?"

NOTES: Having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months is based on the following survey question: "In the past 12 months did [you/anyone in the family] have problems paying or were unable to pay any medical bills? Include bills for doctors, dentists, hospitals, therapists, medication, equipment, nursing home, or home care." Health insurance pertains to the sample person, whereas "problems paying medical bills" refers to the family as reported by the family respondent. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2011–2016.

Technical Notes

The National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) is releasing selected estimates of problems paying medical bills for the past 12 months for the civilian noninstitutionalized U.S. population based on data from the January 2011–June 2016 National Health Interview Survey (NHIS).

The estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from NHIS. Differences between estimates calculated using preliminary data files and final data files are typically less than 0.1 percentage point. Estimates for 2011 through June 2016 are stratified by year, sex, age group, race and ethnicity, poverty status, health insurance coverage status, and out-of-pocket medical expenses. All estimates in this report are based on preliminary data files.

Data source

Data used to produce this Early Release (ER) report are derived from the NHIS Family Core and Supplemental components from January 2011 through June 2016. These components collect information on all family members in each household. Data analysis was based on information collected on 579,376 persons in the Family Core and Supplemental components. Visit the NHIS website at <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm> for more information about the design, content, and use of NHIS.

Estimation procedures

NCHS creates survey weights for each calendar quarter of the NHIS sample. The NHIS data weighting procedure is described in more detail at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_165.pdf. Estimates were calculated using the NHIS survey weights, which are calibrated to census totals for sex, age, and race and ethnicity of the U.S. civilian noninstitutionalized population. Weights for the 2011 NHIS data were derived from 2000 census-based population estimates. Weights for the 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, and 2016 NHIS data were derived from 2010 census-based population estimates.

Point estimates and estimates of their variances were calculated using SUDAAN software to account for the complex sample design of NHIS. The Taylor series linearization method was chosen for variance estimation. Trends were evaluated using logistic regression analysis.

Unless otherwise noted, all estimates shown meet the NCHS standard of having less than or equal to 30% relative standard error. Differences between percentages or rates were evaluated using two-sided significance tests at the 0.05 level. Terms such as “more likely” and “less likely” indicate a statistically significant difference. Lack of comment regarding the difference between any two estimates does not necessarily mean that the difference was tested and found to be not significant.

Definitions of selected terms

Health insurance coverage at interview—The “private health insurance coverage” category includes persons who had any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. The “public health plan coverage” category includes Medicaid, Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plans, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories. A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have, at the time of the interview, any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, CHIP, state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for all years were created using these same procedures. Health insurance information is collected for all persons in a family and is reported on an individual basis.

Family—Defined as an individual or a group of two or more related persons who are living together in the same occupied housing unit (i.e., household) in the sample. In some instances, unrelated persons sharing the same household, such as an unmarried couple living together, may also be considered one family.

Poverty status—Based on the ratio of the family’s income in the previous calendar year to the appropriate poverty threshold (given the family’s size and number of children) defined by the U.S. Census Bureau for that year (4–9). Persons categorized as “poor” have a poverty ratio less than 100% (i.e., their family income was below the poverty threshold); “near poor” persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and “not poor” persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status from January 2011 through June 2016 averaged 9.9%. For more information on unknown income and unknown poverty status, see the NHIS *Survey Description* document for 2015: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm>.

NCHS provides imputed income files, which are released a few months after the annual release of NHIS microdata and are not available for the ER updates. Therefore, estimates stratified by poverty status in this ER report are based on reported income only and may differ from similar estimates produced later that are based on both reported and imputed income.

Problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months—Based on the following question: “In the past 12 months, did [you/anyone in the family] have problems paying or were unable to pay any medical bills? Include bills for doctors, dentists, hospitals, therapists, medication, equipment, nursing home, or home care.” This question was answered by the family respondent on behalf of everyone in the family.

Additional Early Release Program Products

Additional reports are published through the Early Release (ER) Program. *Early Release of Selected Estimates Based on Data From the National Health Interview Survey* is published quarterly and provides estimates of 15 selected measures of health. Measures of health include estimates of health insurance, having a usual place to go for medical care, obtaining needed medical care, influenza vaccination, pneumococcal vaccination, obesity, leisure-time physical activity, current smoking, alcohol consumption, HIV testing, general health status, personal care needs, serious psychological distress, diagnosed diabetes, and asthma episodes and current asthma.

Health Insurance Coverage: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey is published quarterly and provides detailed estimates of health insurance coverage.

Wireless Substitution: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey is published biannually and provides selected estimates of telephone coverage in the United States.

In addition to these reports, preliminary microdata files containing selected National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) variables are produced as part of the ER Program. For the 2016 NHIS, these files are made available in September 2016, November 2016, February 2017, and May 2017. NHIS data users can analyze these files through the National Center for Health Statistics Research Data Center without having to wait for the final annual NHIS microdata files to be released.

New measures may be added as work continues and in response to changing data needs. Feedback on these releases is welcome (nhislist@cdc.gov).

Announcements about Early Releases, other new data releases, publications, or corrections related to NHIS will be sent to members of the HISUSERS e-mail list. To join, visit the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at <http://www.cdc.gov/subscribe.html>.

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