Masks Against COVID-19 DAVID J. SENCER CDC MUSEUM PUBLIC HEALTH ACADEMY





Word Bank

coronavirus

efficacy

pandemic

SARS-CoV-2

vaccine

variant

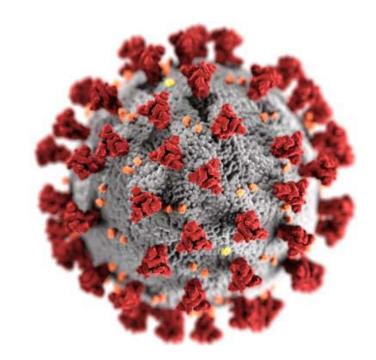
how well something works; how effective something is
the virus that causes COVID-19 disease
a family of viruses characterized by a crown of spikes on the outside; includes respiratory diseases like MERS and SARS
different forms of a virus that occur as a result of random mutations
a disease outbreak that has spread over several countries or continents
provides a trigger to help the immune system build immunity to a disease





Understanding COVID-19

- Coronaviruses are a type of virus with a crown of spike proteins sticking out
 - There are many types, including SARS, MERS, and viruses that cause colds
 - SARS-CoV-2 is the specific coronavirus that causes COVID-19



- COVID-19 causes respiratory symptoms but can also harm other parts of the body
- More than 4.5 million people have died from COVID-19 worldwide







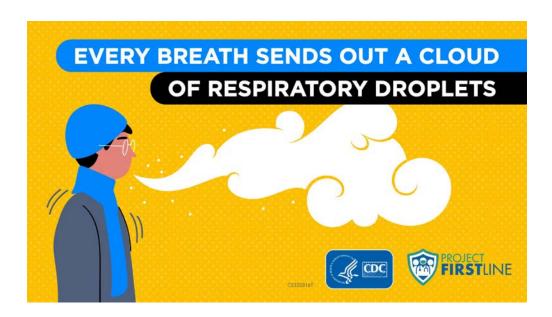
- 1. How can wearing a mask help stop the spread of viruses?
- 2. Are some types of masks better than others? Explain your answer.
- 3. What are some steps you could take to protect yourself and your community from COVID-19?





COVID-19 and CDC

- COVID-19 spreads through respiratory droplets
- Masks block respiratory droplets produced while breathing, talking, coughing, and sneezing
- Many COVID-19 cases are asymptomatic; infected people may not know they are spreading the virus
- Staying at least 6 feet apart also helps slow spread







COVID-19 and CDC

- Cloth Masks
 - Must use tightly woven fabric
 - Nose wires improve fit
- Disposable Masks
 - Surgical masks
 - KN95 for individual use
 - N95 for healthcare professionals
 - Add cloth mask or mask fitter on top of disposable masks to improve fit













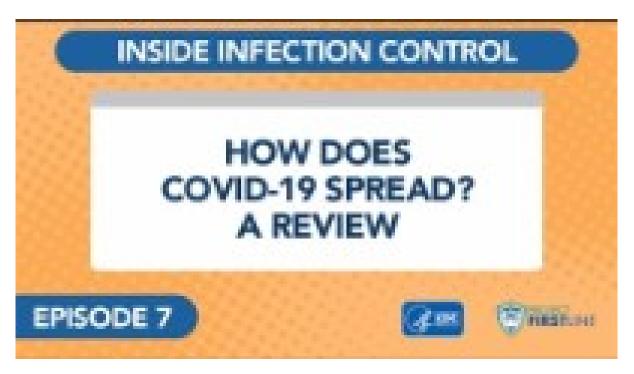


- 1. What is the primary way that the SARS-CoV-2 virus spreads from person to person?
- 2. If a person's mask drops below their nose, what happens to their respiratory droplets?
- 3. What are some reasons that people might have to choose masks instead of vaccination to protect them from COVID-19?





From the Expert



https://youtu.be/1LZZz1yMGvY







- According to Dr. Carlson, what are other ways besides respiratory droplets that SARS-CoV-2 can be spread from person to person?
- 2. What are some problems you have encountered while wearing a face mask that you might want to fix in your design?
- 3. As new variants of COVID-19 emerge, the efficacy rates of vaccines may decrease. How will this affect communities? How might we respond to this change?





Call to Action!

- 1. Test face masks.
- 2. Design a better face mask.
- 3. Share your findings.

Why do you think participation is important?

Give it a Try





Use the Engineering Design Process

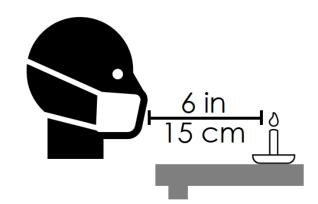
Operation of the contract o	Define the problem
Research	Do background research
Requirements	Specify requirements
Brainstorm	Develop solutions
× Build	Build a prototype
Test	Test and redesign
Share	Communicate results





1. Test Face Masks

- Get 6 masks made of different materials
- Light a candle 6 inches from edge of table
- While wearing each of the 6 masks:
 - Read a paragraph from a book
 - Sing a verse of a song
 - Try to blow out candle
- Record candle observations for each test



Give it a Try





2. Design a Better Face Mask

- Use the results of your experiment to design a mask that fits well, is comfortable, and is effective at stopping respiratory particles
- Test your newly designed mask



Give it a Try





3. Share Your Findings

- Instagram @CDCmuseum



Give it a Try





Questions?





