# **PRINCESS PROJECT**

<u>Evidence-Informed for the Linking and Retention in HIV Care Chapter</u> <u>Evidence-Informed for the Structural Interventions Chapter</u>



#### **POPULATION**

Black or African American transgender women with HIV

#### **KEY INTERVENTION EFFECTS**

Increased viral suppression

#### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

The *Princess Project*, based on the motivational enhancement intervention curriculum, provides culturally and transgender-sensitive community outreach, HIV prevention services, support groups, and gender transition feminization medical services (e.g., electrolysis, laser hair removal) to enhance engagement and retention in HIV care. The intervention includes the Butterfly Nest, a safe physical space for transgender women that hosts weekly support groups and a legal clinic. The intervention also includes referrals to comprehensive HIV care.

**DURATION:** Ongoing

SETTING: Oakland/Alameda County, California

**STUDY YEARS:** 2012 - 2017

STUDY DESIGN: One-group, pre-post

**DELIVERERS:** Clinical advisors, project coordinator/evaluators, health educators

**DELIVERY METHODS:** Motivational enhancement therapy, case management, outreach

#### **STUDY SAMPLE**

The baseline study sample of N = 60 participants was characterized by the following:

• 80% Black or African American persons

13% Hispanic, Latino, or Latina persons

5% persons who identify as another race or ethnicity

2% Asian persons

• Median age = 41 years

## STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS

Capacity Building – Hiring staff

Hired transgender women as health educators

Capacity Building – Provider/supervisor training

Staff was trained in motivational interviewing techniques following the intervention curriculum

Physical Structure – New physical structure

 Created the Butterfly Nest - the site for delivering intervention activities, health promotion workshops, and support groups for transgender clients

Social Determinants of Health - Survival

Referrals to collaborating agencies for basic needs (e.g., housing and employment programs)

## **KEY INTERVENTION EFFECTS** (see **Primary Study** for all outcomes)

At the 24-month follow-up, intervention participants with at least one outpatient visit were more likely to be virally suppressed as compared to baseline (unadjusted Odds Ratio (uOR) = 3.10, 95% Confidence Interval (CI): 1.19 - 8.07).

#### **CONSIDERATIONS**

- Of the 60 participants enrolled, 57 participants (95%) were exposed to the entire intervention.
- The median number of hours of intervention exposure was 4.58 hours.
- Of the 60 participants enrolled, 40% participated in virtual sessions, 8.77% participated in drop-in sessions, and 1.75% participated in group sessions.
- The author reported the annual cost for implementing the intervention as \$307,610 at the time of intervention implementation.
- Eleven participants enrolled in HIV primary care.

#### **ADVERSE EVENTS**

The author did not report adverse events.

#### **FUNDING**

Health Resources and Services Administration (U90HA24973)

## PRIMARY STUDY

Rebchook, G. M., Chakravarty, D., Xavier, J. M., Keatley, J. G., Maiorana, A., Sevelius, J., Shade, S. B., & the SPNS Transgender Women of Color Study Group. (2022). <u>An evaluation of nine culturally tailored interventions designed to enhance engagement in HIV care among transgender women of colour in the United States</u>. *Journal of the International AIDS Society*, *25*(Suppl. 5), e25991. doi: 10.1002/jia2.25991

# PLEASE CONTACT STUDY AUTHOR FOR TRAINING AND INTERVENTION MATERIALS.

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