

Table 2.3. Reported risk behaviors or exposures*† among reported cases of acute hepatitis B virus infection — United States, 2019

Risk behaviors/exposures	Risk identified*	No risk identified	Risk data missing
Injection drug use	631	1,149	1,412
Multiple sexual partners	241	801	2,150
Surgery	120	1,139	1,933
Sexual contact §	92	807	2,293
Needlestick	73	1,121	1,998
Men who have sex with men ¶	79	374	1,568
Household contact (non-sexual) §	17	882	2,293
Dialysis patient	34	1,258	1,900
Occupational	2	1,536	1,654
Transfusion	4	1,269	1,919

Source: CDC, Nationally Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System.

* Case reports with at least one of the following risk behaviors/exposures reported 6 weeks to 6 months prior to symptom onset or documented seroconversion if asymptomatic: 1) injection drug use; 2) multiple sexual partners; 3) underwent surgery; 4) men who have sex with men; 5) sexual contact with suspected/confirmed hepatitis B case; 6) sustained a percutaneous injury; 7) household contact with suspected/confirmed hepatitis B case; 8) occupational exposure to blood; 9) dialysis; and 10) transfusion. Reported cases may include more than one risk behavior/exposure.

† Risk behaviors/exposures data from one state was classified as ‘missing’ because of errors in reporting.

§ Cases with more than one type of contact reported were categorized according to a hierarchy: (1) sexual contact; (2) household contact (nonsexual).

¶ A total of 2,471 acute hepatitis C cases were reported among males in 2019.